

MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

INSTRUCTION REPORT GL-84-1



BORING INFORMATION AND SUBSURFACE DATA BASE PACKAGE USER'S GUIDE

W. E. Strohm, Jr., John B. Palmerton

Geotechnical Laboratory

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Waterways Experiment Station, Corps of Engineers PO Box 631 Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180-0631

A report under the Computer Applications in Geotechnical Engineering (CAGE) Project



September 1984 Final Report

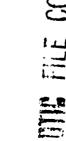
Approved For Public Release. Distribution Unlimited

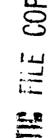
FILE COPY

Prepared for

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY US Army Corps of Engineers Washington, DC 20314-1000

106 84 04







Destroy this report when no longer needed. Do not return it to the originator.

The findings in this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position unless so designated by other authorized documents.

The contents of this report are not to be used for advertising, publication, or promotional purposes. Citation of trade names does not constitute an official endorsement or approval of the use of such commercial products.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

WATERWAYS EXPERIMENT STATION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS PO BOX 631
VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI 39180

REPLY TO

WESGR

19 November 1984

Errata Sheet

No. 1

BORING INFORMATION AND SUBSURFACE DATA BASE PACKAGE

USER'S GUIDE

Instruction Report GL-84-1 September 1984

Page 122, paragraph 65, line 9: Change Table 10 to Table 11.

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION	PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER Instruction Report GL-84-1	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) INFORMATION		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
BORING AND SUBSURFACE DATA BASE PAC	KAGE:	Final report
USER'S GUIDE		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(#)		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(a)
W. E. Strohm, Jr. John B. Palmerton		
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS US Army Engineer Waterways Experime Geotechnical Laboratory PO Box 631, Vicksburg, Mississippi		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS Computer Applications in Geotechnical Engineering (CAGE) Project
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY		12. REPORT DATE September 1984
US Army Corps of Engineers Washington, DC 20314-1000		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 169
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different	from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
		Unclassified
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE

16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited

17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Available from National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161

15. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

Information storage and retrieval systems—Boring (LC)

Boring—Computer programs: (LC)

BORDB (Information retrieval system), (WES)

Data base management, (LC)

Underground areas (LC) 20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

A data base package for storage, retrieval, and display of boring and subsurface data for geotechnical projects is described, and detailed instructions for using the package are given with examples for actual projects. The data package is designed for storage, rapid retrieval, and display of boring locations, boring logs and profiles, and contours of selected subsurface data. The package provides for easy, interactive data entry and editing with automatic

(Continued):

DD 1 JAN 73 1473 EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE

Unclassified

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Date Entered)

20. ABSTRACT (Continued).

data checks and error messages when data exceeds user-specified ranges. Data storage and retrieval are accomplished using the CE purchased copy of SYSTEM 2000 Data Base Management System (trademark of Intel Systems Corperation) on the Corps-wide time-sharing service operated (1984) by Control Data Corperation (CDC). The data entry and retrieval programs developed for the package are designed for a low skill level and minimum training of personnel. Data entry can also be accomplished on CE District Harris computers.

Unclassified

PREFACE

This user's manual describes the use of the data base package for boring information and subsurface data. The package is a product of the Computer Applications in Geotechnical Engineering (CAGE) project sponsored by the Office, Chief of Engineers (OCE), US Army Corps of Engineers.

Criteria for the Boring and Subsurface Data Package were developed by the CAGE Task Group of the same name and composed of the following members:

Mr. John Bowman, Chairman, Middle East Division - Rear (Retired)

Mr. Brian Green, Buffalo District

Mr. Leonard Manson, New Orleans District

Mr. Dennis Morgan, St. Louis District

Mr. Ralph Moses, North Atlantic Division ADP Center

Mr. Ron Paul, Middle East Division - Rear

Mr. Joe Rogers, Savannah District

Mr. Richard Royer, Baltimore District (Retired)

Mr. Richard Davidson, OCE

Mr. Richard Malm, OCE

Mr. John Palmerton, Waterways Experiment Station (WES)

The data base design was developed by Mr. John Palmerton, Engineering Geology and Rock Mechanics Division (EGRMD), Geotechnical Laboratory (GL), WES, project engineer for the package, and Mr. Earl Edris, Jr., Soil Mechanics Division, GL. Software was developed by Dr. Darrell Ward and Mr. John W. Meux, through the North Texas State University Computer Science Department. The data entry program was converted for use on District Harris computers by Mr. Larry Mann. Graphics programs were written by Mr. Palmerton. A detailed user's guide for District use, included as Appendix A, was written by Messrs. Richard Truluck and Robert O'Kelly, Savannah District. This report was prepared by Messrs. John Palmerton and William E. Strohm, Jr., EGRMD. Mr. Strohm replaced Mr. David P. Hammer (now Chief, Geotechnical Branch, Engineering Division, Ohio River Division) as the CAGE Project Principal Investigator in November 1980.

Since November 1980, CAGE project work has been directed by a Policy Management Group composed of the following: Mr. Paul Fisher, Chief, Geology Section, Geotechnical and Civil Branch (GCB), OCE (DAEN-ECE-G), Chairman; Mr. Richard Davidson, Chief, Soil Mechanics Sections, GCB, OCE; Mr. Richard Malm, Chief, Computation and Analysis Section, Engineering Support Branch, OCE (DAEN-ECE-S); Mr. Samual Gillespie, Engineer, GCB, OCE; Mr. Leroy McAnear, Chief, SMD, WES Program Manager, Civil Works R&D Program, Materials - Soils;

Dr. Don C. Banks, Chief, EGRMD, WES Program Manager, Civil Works R&D Program, Materials - Rock; and Mr. Strohm, Principal Investigator, CAGE. In June 1984 Mr. Hammer became a member of the Policy Management group in the place of Mr. McAnear. Development of this CAGE package was carried out under the general supervision of Dr. William F. Marcuson III, Chief, GL.

Commanders and Directors of WES during development of this data base package and publication of this user's guide were COL Nelson P. Conover, CE, and COL Tilford C. Creel, CE. Technical Director of WES was Mr. Fred R. Brown.



Acces	sion For	
NTIS	I &ARTO	H
DIIC	TAB	ā
Unann	ಂಬಾರಕಡೆ	
	dication_	
By	FRCAL	t je
	ibution/	
Avei.	lability	Codes
	Avail and	/or
Dist	Special	•
A-1		

CONTENTS

																																Pag
PREFA	ACE .		•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
CONVE	ERSIO	N I	FAC	ror	s,	U.	S	· .	Ct	JS'	LO.	1A	RY	TO) N	Œ'	rr1	C	(9	SI))											
UNI	TS C	F	MEA	SUR	EME	ENT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4
PART	I:	IN	rro	DUC	TIC	N		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	5
	Purp	ose	2		•						•				•			•												•		5
	Basi																															5
	Back																															5
	Appl																															6
	Syst			-																												7
	Repo	rt	or	gan	ıza	i t i	rot	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 7
PART	II:	DA	ATA	ST	ORA	\GE	ES	СН	E	ME	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	8
	Data	ı Ba	ase	St	ruc	:tu	re	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•		•		•	•	•								8
	Iden																															8
	Use	of	St	ore	d I	a t	a	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	16
PART	III:	Ī	DAT	A E	NTF	RΥ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	17
	Data	ı Er	itr	y U	sir	ıg	Α	na	ıta	a 1	Fi	le			•			•					•	•								17
	Acce																															24
	Inte	rac	et iv	ve	na t	a	Mo	di	f :	ica	a t	io	ns	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	63
PART	IV:	D/	ATA	RE	TRI	EV	'AL	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	67
	Outp	ut	Fi	les												•		•				•	•	•							•	68
	Ad H	loc	Re	tri	eva	ıls	3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	69
	Ad H	loc	Re	tri	eva	1	Ex	аπ	ıp!	les	3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	74
PART	v:	GRA	APH	ICS	DI	SE	LA	Y	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	85
	Bori	ng	Lo	cat	ior	ı F	' 1o	ts	5	•			•	•	•			•	•	•			•	•		•						85
	Cont	oui	cin	g.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	89
	Bori	ng	Log	3 P	lo t	S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	111
REFER	RENCE	S	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•			•		•	•		143
APPEN	MD IX	A:	E	ХАМ	PLE	: C	F	DE	T	4 I 1	LEI)	I N	STF	RUC	т:	101	NS.	FC	R	DA	\TA	A F	ENT	RY	, ,	JS I	Œ	B	7		
					DIS					•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	A1
APPEN	ND IX	B:	US	S E	OF	TF	EXI	` E	ED :	ľT	OR!	5 (NC	CT	С	A١	1D	HA	\RF	RIS	5 (COM	1Pl	ΓF	ER	SY	rs:	ſĐ	15	•	•	В1
APPEN	NDIX	C:	P	ROC	EDL	JR E	ES	FC	R	BA	A C I	(<u>-</u> 1	JΡ	CO)PY	7 (OF	D/	\TA	A F	3AS	SE	_									C1

CONVERSION FACTORS, U. S. CUSTOMARY TO METRIC (SI) UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

U. S. customary units of measurement used in this manual can be converted to metric (SI) units as follows:

Multiply	Ву	To Obtain
feet	0.3048	metres
inches	2.54	centimetres
pounds (force) per square inch	6.894757	kilopascals
pounds (mass) per cubic foot	16.01846	kilograms per cubic metre

BORING INFORMATION AND SUBSURFACE DATA BASE PACKAGE: USER'S GUIDE

PART I: INTRODUCTION

Purpose

1. The purpose of this report is to provide a description and instructions for the use of the boring information and subsurface data base package entitled BORDB. The package was developed for Corps-wide use under the Computer Applications in Geotechnical Engineering (CAGE) project. This report must be used in conjunction with other applicable instructions regarding the computer operating system (CDC 1982a, Harris 1981) and the instructions for creation and manipulation of the data base (Intel Corp. 1981).

Basic Definitions

2. A data base can be defined as items of information and groups of data values stored together in an orderly form such that access to all or any part of the information or data can be readily accomplished. Boring logs and field and laboratory test data stored in a filing cabinet could be classified as a simple form of a data base. A computerized data base is one that utilizes a computer and associated hardware for data entry, storage, and access. A data base package includes, in addition to the data base itself, all peripheral software that enables the data not only to be quickly and orderly stored, but accessed in any form desired and manipulated or analyzed by whatever means is most useful to the user. A data base package can therefore be categorized as an engineering tool. It can, if properly utilized, be a powerful tool that greatly enhances the usefulness and value of the information and data.

Background

3. The need for the use of data base management systems in geotechnical engineering was established by Hammer and Bennett (1979). A primary need was for rapid retrieval of boring data to save costly searches of physical files and redrilling when existing data was misplaced. Criteria established for

data elements by the Boring and Subsurface Data Task Group was used to develop initial data entry and data base loading programs in 1981. The US Army Engineer District, New Orleans, provided boring data for testing of the loading program from their computer files through a transfer program. The initial BORDB package was used in 1982 by the US Army Engineer District, Portland, to store data for the Bonneville New Navigation Project. A modified version of the programs was developed for the Corps of Engineers (CE) Missile Construction Office (CEMCO) and used in site selection analyses for the Deep Underground Basing Studies.

4. As a result of the 1982 Task Group meeting, graphics programs for boring location plots and contouring were initiated. The data entry and loading programs were modified to add separate blow count elements and two additional test results elements. An Engineer Technical Letter (ETL 1110-116) describing the data base package was issued in November 1982. In 191, the data entry program was converted to operate on the District Harris Computer. Use of these programs was initiated for the US Army Engineer Division, Lower Mississippi Valley, to store data from borings in the Lower Mississippi Valley and by the US Army Engineer District, Savannah, for boring data from military bases. This District prepared detailed data entry instructions and lists of standard abbreviations (Appendix A). The programs were further modified to allow modification of boring information, store duplicate boring numbers associated with different projects, and to provide options for changing blow count elevation and interval. A graphics program for boring logs was developed during 1983 and refined in March 1984.

Application

5. The data base BORDB is intended to provide a means whereby data obtained from field subsurface investigations may be electronically stored (on a continuing basis) and then subsequently retrieved in a variety of fashions for a variety of applications. When the data base is implemented, the user may query the data base for purposes such as (a) to reexamine the information available for design, (b) to determine what, if any, subsurface information exists within the locality of a given project, and (c) to provide data to others according to their criteria. In addition several plotting programs are included which will permit the user to prepare graphical representations of the data.

System Requirements

6. The data base program files for BORDB reside (1984) on the Teleprocessing Services Procurement contract mainframe computer operated by Control Data Corporation (CDC). The data base is created and maintained under SYSTEM 2000 (trademark of Intel Systems Corporation), a proprietary data base management system (DBMS). All CE offices have access to the CE copy of this DBMS. A time-sharing line printer terminal is needed to obtain access to the system and a graphics terminal (e.g., Tektronix 4010 or 4014) is needed if graphics programs are used. A cassette tape or floppy disc device (for recording and transferring data files from CDC to the Honeywell computer system) is also required for one of the graphics application programs (contouring).

Report Organization

7. The remainder of this report is divided into four parts describing data storage (Part II), data entry (Part III), data retrieval (Part IV), and graphics display (Part V). Detailed examples illustrating all procedures are included in Parts III through V. Appendices are included that describe detailed data entry instructions used by one District (Appendix A), the use of text editors for editing data files (Appendix B), and procedures for backing up a data base (Appendix C).

PART II: DATA STORAGE SCHEME

Data Base Structure

8. System 2000 (S2K) is a hierarchical or tree-type data base management system (DBMS) in which data residing at a given level have a direct relationship to data residing above and below that level. A drilling log (Eng Form 1836), shown in Figure 1, is the basis for the data base structure.* The information at the top of the form (items 1-19) consists of single-valued (one-time) entries that describe general information and conditions related to a unique boring. The information on the lower part of the form (under columns a through g) is multivalued in that a single boring will have multiple entries for strata or feature descriptions (generally as a function of depth or elevation). In addition, the lower portion of the form may contain information about the drilling procedure (also, generally a function of depth or elevation) or about in situ tests performed and/or samples obtained from certain elevations. The hierarchical data structure selected for BORDB is shown in Figure 2. The general information (applicable to the entire boring) resides at the highest level. Beneath this level is the information associated with elevation. These lower level entries are, in DBMS terminology, called "repeating groups" since, in general, there will be multiple entries (a separate entry for each zone of material encountered in the boring) for a particular boring. There are several repeating groups, one for each type of information or data.

Identification of the Data Elements

9. Although the drilling log (Eng Form 1836) is the basis for the data base structure, other items have been added (such as status of boring, location of boring log, and test results for samples) that are not commonly included with the driller's log. To provide an efficient means of data retrieval, information from the driller's log was reordered and certain items were added. All information and data to be stored are termed "data elements."

^{*} U. S. customary units of measurement used in Figure 1 and elsewhere in this report may be converted to metric (SI) units by use of the conversion factors table presented on page 4.

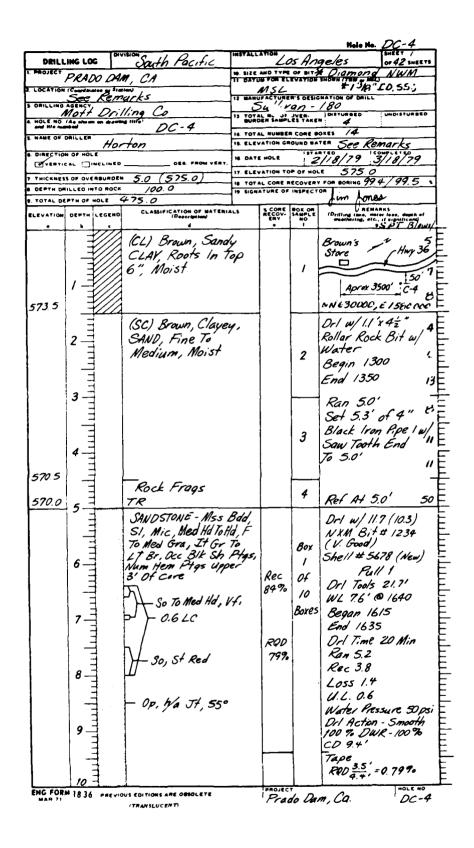


Figure 1. Example of drilling log form

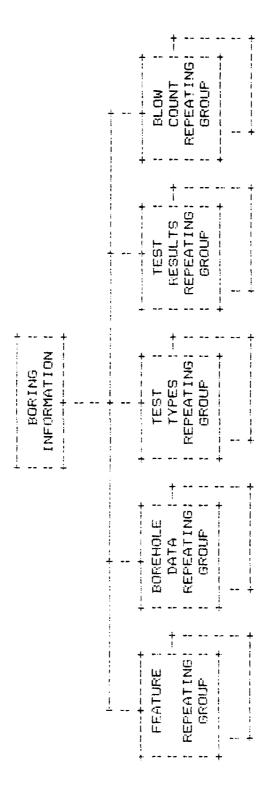


Figure 2. Schematic of boring data base structure

্

- 10. The list and brief definition of the data elements that can be contained in BORDB are shown in Table 1. Each data element can be identified by a component number (e.g., C1, C2, or C8) or by its name (e.g., BORID, CLASS, or LAT). The designation of key and nonkey data elements is also shown in Table 1. The only data elements that data can be sorted by in retrievals are those designated as key elements. (However, version 2.8 of System 2000 allows a more expensive search on nonkey elements.) Data retrievals generally take the form "PRINT" (the values of) certain elements "WHERE" (the values of) certain elements or combinations of elements meet some criteria. A data element must be a key element to be used behind the WHERE clause. Ideally, all data elements could be designated as key elements. However, the costs of maintaining the data base increases with the number of key elements. Since cost is a major factor, items that are not generally useful for performing data sorts are not designated as key elements. The types of data elements (e.g., decimal, integer, character, or date) and their field length (number of digits, decimals, or characters) are also shown in Table 1.
- 11. A more complete description of the data elements for BORDB with examples is shown in Table 2. Descriptive information and values are stored in the data base. Units such as psi are not entered or stored. Thus, units for numerical values need to be known and should be listed with the data elements on a readily available reference sheet. All data for a given project should be entered with a common set of units. Another important item is the need for unique identities for certain data. This includes boring numbers and repetitive information. Each boring should have a unique number since all other information and data for a boring is related to the boring number. However, duplicate boring numbers can be entered when necessary and are related to the unique system identification number (SID, C29 in Table 2). An auxiliary file called BORFL, containing SID, boring number, project name, site name and project description, is updated by the data entry program and used to check boring numbers and to assign a unique SID for each new boring. Repetitive data such as the repeating group for feature information are related to a unique elevation. This characteristic can be used to advantage for storing long feature descriptions, if needed for a stratum, by continuing the description as another feature of the same name at a slightly lower elevation. The same approach can be used for additional test results and data in other repeating groups.

Table 1 Definition of Data Elements

Component	Element		KEY/NON-KEY	Tyne né	
Number	Abbreviation	Element Description	Designation	Data	Field Size
			11113011111	-====	
C1	BORID	Boring identification number	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C2	CLASS	Classification of the data set (boring	KEY	NAME	10 characters
		type or other depth or elevation data)			
£2	REMARKS	Any desired remarks	NON-KEY	NAME	40 characters
£4	AUTHOR	Author of the data set	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C5	PROJ-NAME	Project name	KEY	NAME	40 characters
C6	SITE-NAME	Site name	KEY	NAME	40 characters
C7 C8	PROJ-DESC	Project description	NON-KEY	NAME	25 characters
C9	LAT	Latitude location for BORID	KEY	DECIMAL	- · J · · ·
C10	LONG	Longitude location for BORID	KEY	DECIMAL	9 digits
C10 C11	ACCUR REF	Relative accuracy of locaton	NON-KEY	INTEGER	1 digit
011 012	LOC-NS	Quad sheet or other reference name	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C12	LOC-EM	Local N-S coordinate	KEY	DECIMAL	7
C14	LOC-ACCUR	Local E-W coordinate	KEY	DECIMAL	9 digits
C15	LOC-REF	Relative accuracy of location coordinates	NON-KEY	INTEGER	1 digit
C16	DATE	Reference for local coordinates	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C17	DRILLER	Date boring completed	KEY	DATE	10 characters
C18	INSP	Name of CE or contract driller	KEY	NAME	20 characters
C19	LOC-BORLOG	Drilling inspector	KEY	NAME	15 characters
C20	LOC-DRILLOG	Location of boring log	NON-KEY	NAME	10 characters
C21	LOC-STOSAM	Location of drilling log	NON-KEY	NAME	10 characters
C22	DAT-STAT	Location of stored samples Status of this data set	NON-KEY	NAME	20 characteres
C23	HOLE-STAT	Current status or use of hole	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C24	PURPOSE	Purpose of boring	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C25	TOP-HOLE	Top of hole elevation	KEY	NAME	20 characters
C26	EL-ACCUR	Relative accuracy, top of hole elevation	KEY	DECIMAL	7 digits
C27	DEPTH	Depth of hole	NON-KEY	INTEGER	1 digit
C28	DAYS-DRILL	Number of days to drill hole	KEA KEA	DECIMAL	6 digits
C29	SID	System ID, assigned by computer		INTEGER	3 digits
		system is, assigned by tempater	KEY	INTEGER	5 digits
C40	FEATURE	PEPEATING GROUP FOR FEATURES			
C41	FEAT-NAME	Name of feature (ML, CL, BEDROCK)	KEA	NAME	10 characters
C43	FEAT-ELEV	Elevation of top of feature	KEY	DECIMAL	-
045	FEAT-DATE	Date measured (e.g. for water table)	NON-KEY	DATE	6 digits 10 characters
C46	FEAT-DESC	Description of feature (soft, silt lenses)	NON-KEY	NAME	30 characters
			1000	- ALLIA C	OV CHBI BULEIS
C50	BORINFO	REPEATING GROUP FOR BORING SEGMENTS			
C51	BOR-TOOL	Sampling tool or procedure	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C53	BOR-SIZE	Size of boring (dimensions or NW, NQ)	KEY	NAME	5 characters
C 5 5	BOR-ELEV	Elevation of top of segment	_	DECIMAL	6 digits
610	TURP	-			.
<u>C40</u>	TYPE TESTS	REPEATING GROUP FOR FIELD/LAB TESTS			
C61	TYP-NAME	Test name (pressure, RQD, Q, P, INDEX)		NAME	10 characters
C63 C65	TYP-NUM	Number of tests		INTEGER	3 digits
600	TYP-LOC	Location of test results	NON-KEY	NAME	10 characters

(Continued)

Table 1 (Concluded)

Component	Element		KEY/NON-KEY	Type of	
Number	Abbreviation	Element Description	Designation	_Data	Field Size
<u>C70</u>	TESTS	REPEATING GROUP FOR TEST RESULTS			
C71	TEST-NAME	Name of test	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C73	TEST-DATE	Date of test	KEY	DATE	10 characters
C75	TEST-MAT	Material classification	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C77	TEST-ELEV	Elevation of test	KEY	DECIMAL	6 digits
C79	TEST-RESULT1	First test result	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C81	TEST-RESULT2	Second test result	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C83	TEST-RESULT3	Third test result	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C85	TEST-RESULT4	Fourth test result	KEY	NAME	10 characters
C87	REMARKS	Remarks	NON-KEY	NAME	20 characters
<u> </u>	BLOW-TESTS	REPEATING GROUP FOR STD PENE TESTS (SPT)			
C91	BLOW-ELEV	Elevation for SPT blows/ft result	KEY	DECIMAL	5 digits
C93	RLOW-CT	Blows/faot	KEY	INTEGER	3 digits
C95	BLOW-REMARKS	Remarks	KEY	NAME	20 characters

Table 2 Description and Examples for Data Elements

Description and Use Examples	165	Reaarks
Boring number or name for identification DC-4; DH-1A; P23 Used to classify the type of boring GFN SAMPLE, ROCK CORE, P1E2	23 JCK CORE. PIEZ	Should be unique identifier, if possible Use selected abbreviations consistently
	14+20, 30'RT	Any pertinent regarks
r office entering data	9-0:	For future reference
	ER BASIN, CA	Use with C6 for complete description
PRADO DAM ENBANKHENT	INCHENT	
Project description SPILLMAY EXPANSION INVEST	SION INVEST	Used to further describe activity
Latitude location for BORID 335730.25		Should be used to provide unique location
Longitude location for BORID 1173735.15		Should be used to provide unique location
Relative accuracy of locaton 3		1 = survey, 2 = staled, 3 = approximate
Quad sheet or other reference name PRADO 1:24000		Reference map sheet for boring location
Local N-S coordinate 630105		Alternate coordinate such as State Plane
Local E-W coordinate 1580216		Alternate coordinate
Relative accuracy of location coordinates 2		Use in same manner as C10
Reference for local coordinates PROJ MAP		Same as Cil, limited to 10 characters
Date boring completed 03/18/1979		Completion or beginning date
Name of CE or contract driller MOTI DRILLING CO; SPL CREW	CO; SPL CREW	Identifies drilling agency or company
Drilling inspector		Name of responsible field inspector
	HIT	Office or person that keeps original log
Location of drilling log SPLED-6, FWN BRANCH	BRANCH	Same as for boring log
saldı) WAREHOUSE	Specify location of samples or cores
Status of this data set MAIT TEST; COMPLETE	PLETE	Describe status of boring or test data
Current status or use of hole FILLED; PIEZ; INCLIN 6/80	INCLIN 6/89	Current or future use of borehole
Purpose of boring FOUND INVEST; 60 DEG CORES	S3400 930 09	Amplify C2 or C23 or describe function
Top of hole elevation 575.0		Leave blank, if unknown
Relative accuracy, top of hole elevation 1		Use in same manner as C10
475.0		Total depth of boring
Number of days to drill hole 2		Days to complete the boring
System 10, assigned by load program		Unique identifier; CI sametimes is not
igned by load program 3		

(Continued)



Table 2 (Concluded)

Coepanent	Element Abbreviation	Description and Use	Examples	Reserve
0111 0111	<u>FEATURE</u> Feat-Name	REPEATING GROUP FOR FEATURES Name of feature	CL; SC; SANDSTONE; WT	Repetitive information on stratigraphy Abbreviation of material classification or M7 for water table; short consistent abbreviations are useful for stick lon
C43 C45 C46	FEAT-ELEV FEAT-DATE FEAT-DESC	Elevation of top of feature Date measured (for water table) Description of feature	567.4 02/18/79 Clay, Brown, Sandy, Moist	profiles Can enter depth or elevation Asked for only if C41 is WI (water table) Used for short geologic description
C51 C51 C55 C55	BORINED BOR-TOOL BOR-SIZE BOR-ELEV	REPEATING GROUP FOR BORING SEGMENTS Sampling tool or procedure Size of boring Elevation of top of segment	RK BIT/WTR; SPLT SPOON 4.5 in; NWM 570.0	Repetitive information on drilling methods Drilling procedure or sampler used Diameter of the boring Can enter depth or elevation
199 199 199 199 199	IYPE_IESIS TYP-NUM TYP-LOC	REFEATING GROUP FOR FIELD/LAB TESTS Name of type of test Number of tests Location of test results	INDEX; Q-FRIAX; X RECOV 5; 3; 84 Prado Lab; SPD Lab; Pull 1	Repetitive information on tests assigned or performed in situ, or drilling data Short test name; one per repeating group Test number or number of tests for C61 Physical location of test results
C71 C73 C73 C77 C81 C83 C83	16515 1651-NAME 1651-NAME 1651-NAT 1651-RELEV 1651-RESUL 11 1651-RESUL 13 1651-RESUL 14 1651-RESUL 14	REPEATING GROUP FOR TEST RESULIS Name of test Date of test Material classification Elevation of test First test result Second test result Third test result Fourth test result	INDEX; Q-TRIAX; RDD 04/24/79 SC; CL; SANDSTONE 572.5; 86; 0.4; 94 19; 12; 24; 11.3; 18; 96.7 x-4, x-200, LL, PL	Repetitive inforeation on test elevation and test results Specific name of test Date associated with test Classification of material tested Can enter test/sample depth or elevation Test value e.g. X-200 or phi in degrees Test value e.g. L or sample mater content Test value e.g. PL or sample mater content Test value e.g. PL or sample mater content Test value e.g. CL or sample or density Short remark or test components in order, or units: e.g. C,75FibEGiMCiDDEN
C93 C93 C93 C93	BLON-TESTS BLON-ELEV BLON-CT BLON-REMARKS	REPEATING GROUP FOR STD PENE TESTS (SPT) Elevation for SPT blows/ft result Blows/foot Remarks	570.0 50 1.5-3.0 ft; REF @ 5 ft	Special repeating group for SPT data Must enter elevation Number of blows, M, for the standard count Any short pertinent remark

12. Before entering information and data into BORDB through an interactive collection program (described later), the user or users should carefully examine the types and sources of subsurface information that they collect or have access to for storage. The use of acronyms or specific abbreviations is often very advantageous (especially for key character type descriptions), since their use permits subsequent retrieval of data in a very selective fashion (see Part IV for examples). However, the use of abbreviations or acronyms must be consistent. Use of slightly different abbreviations for the same type of information presents problems in retrievals. For example, if it is desired to list all elevations where RBR CLAY exists, only those elevations for the specific name "RBR CLAY" will be listed. If RBR has been entered as REDBR or RBRN, these names will not be listed and the user will not retrieve the complete set of data desired.

Use of Stored Data

- 13. The main advantage of the boring data base package is the rapid retrieval and graphical display of specific information or data. The package provides the following additional advantages:
 - <u>a.</u> Eliminates time-consuming searches of files for existing boring information and logs and the need for redrilling an old site when existing subsurface information cannot be found.
 - b. Allows rapid retrieval and display of boring locations and simplified logs with test results of existing borings for foundation evaluations such as for new buildings at military bases.
 - c. Provides an organized system for management of active projects and rapid production of report tables and data plots.
 - d. Provides profiles with simplified logs and contour plots of desired subsurface features (bedrock, water table, or overburden thickness) for geologic and soils studies.

PART III: DATA ENTRY

14. There are two procedures available to the user for entering data to the data base. The first procedure uses an interactive collection program and generates a data file which is loaded to the data base at the user's convenience. A question—and—answer type format is used for this procedure. The data base is accessed only when the data file is being loaded. The second procedure consists of adding data directly to the data base files while the user is working on line with the data base. With this procedure, the data base is not protected against unexpected session interruptions and possible damage of the data base. The cost of the first procedure depends upon how long the collect program is used (connect time) and the computer system (local Harris or CDC). The second procedure also allows the user to change and remove data within the data base, but at a slightly higher cost (connect time plus direct access time to the data base).

Data Entry Using A Data File

Description

- 15. The data entry procedure uses two programs. The first program is used to collect new data or modify existing data and build a data file which is loaded to the data base using the second program. The collect program prompts the user for input on an item-by-item basis, starting at the boring information level and proceeding through all repeating groups (feature, boring segments, type tests, test results, and standard penetration test). Figure 3 is a flow diagram showing the operation of the collect program. After each prompt, the program waits for a carriage return before proceeding. The prompts used to request the boring information items can be modified to the specific ones desired by the user. The prompts are contained in a separate driver file that the collect program accesses and are shown in Table 3. With the driver file separate from the collect program, the user can modify the wording of the prompts by editing this file.
- 16. At the start of data entry, the user is asked whether the boring number entered is a new boring. If it is a new boring, prompt options for entering boring information are displayed. The user can select all prompts or only desired prompts in the order desired to match a data sheet format. If it

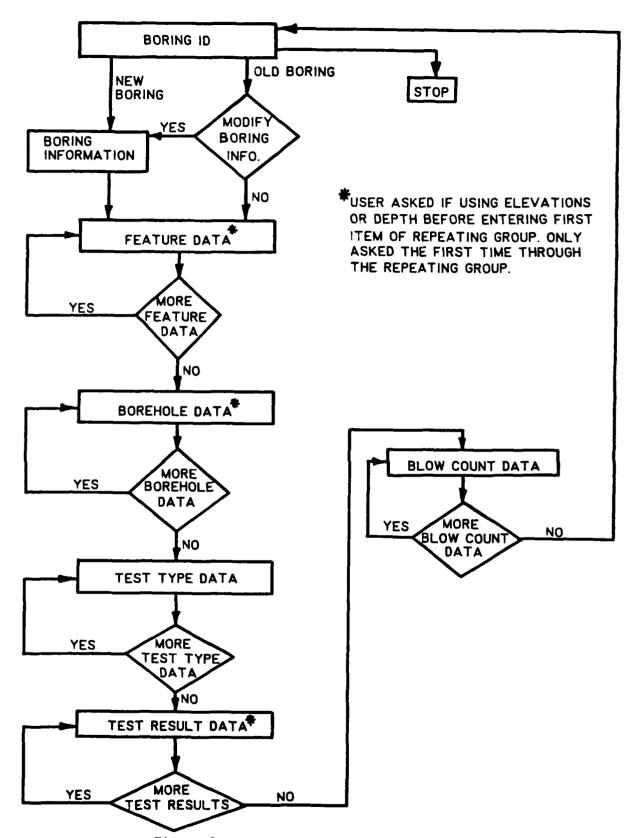


Figure 3. Flowchart of data entry program

is not a new boring, the auxiliary file, BORFL, is checked to see if the boring exists. (If it does not, a message is printed and the user is asked to reenter the number.) The user is then asked if it is desired to modify boring information. If the answer is yes, prompt options are displayed. After the boring information prompts are completed, the user is prompted for other boring data groups. Care has to be taken to correctly enter new boring numbers. If an error is made, it can be corrected by reviewing and editing the resulting data file before loading to the data base. Otherwise, the number has to be corrected in the data base. The file, BORFL, would also have to be corrected. When the user ends a data entry session and successfully loads the data to the data base, the data is available for retrievals.

Procedure

17. The data entry program prompts for data in logical groups as indicated in Table 3. The boring information part is separated into groups of 20 items and 7 items for convenience of input review and editing. Data entry for the repeating groups is segmented by group. This technique allows available information to be entered from the driller's log for immediate use and for later entry of more information as it becomes available. For example, if the coordinates or elevation of top of hole are unknown, they can be left blank and added later. However, if the top of hole elevation is not entered and depths are entered, then depths are stored in the data base. A -1000 is stored for top of hole elevation. The user is first asked if he is entering elevation or depth for those repeating groups that have it as a data element. If the top of hole elevation has been entered and depths are entered, the depths are converted to elevation during loading. Not al! data elements have to be entered. The user can enter only those elements needed for future use. If the user presses the return key, the data element is skipped and a blank line is placed in the data file.

18. The data entry program allows the user to edit the data before creating the data file. After entry of each group the data will be automatically listed for the user to check. Any changes can be made at this time by following the instructions that are printed with the listed data. Once the user agrees that the items are correct, more data can be entered. When the user exits the data entry program, the data file is generated. If an error comes to light at a later time, the user can change the data file before calling the load program by following the procedures described later in this part.

Table T Prompts for Regueshed Intermation in Pata Entry Program

e em composition de la composition della composi	and the contraction of the contr
	BORING ID(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
	TYPE OF DATAT(10 CHAR. MAX)
	COMMENTS?(40 CHAR. MAX)
B	ENTER OFFICE SYMBOL.(10 CHAR. MAX)
Ü	PROJECT NAMED(40 CHAR. MAX)
R	SITE NAMET(40 CHAR. MAX)
I	PROJECT DESCRIPTION?(25 CHAP. MAX)
N	LATITUDE? (DDMMSS.SS)
G	LONGITUDET (DDDMMSS.SS)
	ACCURACY OF LOCATIONS (INTEGER 9 MAX. E.G. 1.2.3, OR 4)
GROUP 1	NAME OF QUAD SHEET?(20 CHAR. MAX)
_	N G COORDINATE (9999999,99 Max)
I	E-W COORDINATE?(9999999.99 MAX)
14	ACCUPACY OF LOCAL SYSTEM? (INTEGER 9 MA: E.G. 1.2.), OR 4)
F	REFERENCE FOR LOCAL SYSTEM(COURD SYS & REF) 7(10 CHAR. MAY)
rā	DATE HOLE WAS COMPLETED? (MM/DD/YYYYY)
R	NUMBER OF DAYS TO DRILL THE HOLET (INTEGER, 998 MAX)
11	F.E. DRILLER, CONTRACT ORILLEM, SOURCET (20 CHAR. MAX)
**	LNSDECTORP(15 CHAR, MAX)
1	LOCATION OF ROPING LOGG(10 CHAR. MAX)
l	LUCATION OF DEGLERAS LOGA (10 CHAR. MAX)
1)	- LOCATION OF STORED SAMPLEST(10 CHAR. MAY) - STATUS OF THIS DATA(E.G.COMPLETE,WAIT LABYT(10 CHAR. MAX)
14	CUPREMI STATUS OF USE OF HOLEC(10 CHAR. MAY)
GROUP 2	PURPOSE OF HOLEY 20 CHAR. MAX)
10100n Z	TOP OF HOLE ELEVATIONS(HIT RETURN IF UNFNOWN) (99999.99 MAY)
	ELEVATION ACCURACYT (INTEGER / MAX. E.G. 1.2.3, OR 1)
	DEPTH OF HOLES (9009.09 MAX)
	THE OF FEATURE (INPUT END 10 QUIT) 2(10 CHAR. MAX)
FEGURE	ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURED (9999.99 MAX)
Courtelle	DATE MEASURED (MM/DO YYYY)
	PESCRIPTION OF FEATURET (NO CHAR. MAX)
	TYPE OF HOLE (INPUT END TO OUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
	SIZE OF HOLEP (5 CHAR. MAK)
OROUP	FLEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF THIS TYPE OF HOLEP (0909.99 MAY)
** *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	TYPE OF TESTS IMPUT END TO COULT TO CHAP. MAY)
IEST	NUMBER OF THESE TESTED (INTEGER PROVINGY)
	LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
	TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO OUT)?(10 CHAP. MAX)
	DATE TEST WAS PERFORMED?(MM/OD/YYYY)
	TYPE OF MATERIALT(10 CHAR, MAY)
(ES)	FLEVATION OR DEPTH OF TESIT(9999.99 MAY)
RESULT	191 RESULT?(10 CHAR. MAX. E.G. 2345.67; 15,000 PSI; 39 - U.)
AROUT	CMD RESULT?
	GRD RESULT?
	41H RESULT?
	MEMARES(20 CHAR. MAY)
ALON	ELEV. OF 1ST BLOWET TEST" (INPUT -1000.0 TO DUIT) (9992.99 MAX)
COUNT	NUMBER OF BLOWST(INTEGER 999 MAX)(INPUT 999 TO DULL)
escont.	REMARKS(20 CHAR. MAX)

19. The data entry program contains some internal editing capabilities in addition to the user review and editing feature. In addition to the prompts in Table 3, the information in Table 4 is contained in the driver file (DRVBOR) that the data entry program uses. The first column indicates the type of data item as indicated below:

Type 1 --- Integer number
Type 2 --- Decimal number
Type 3 --- Character name
Type 4 --- Date

The second column indicates the length of the variable. The number of 10-letter words is shown for character and date items, while the number of digits is shown for numeric items. The next two columns contain the minimum and maximum values of numeric data items that can be preset to user-desired values. If both values are zero, the item will not be checked; however, if one value is nonzero, the data are checked to ensure that the entered value is within the minimum-maximum range. If the value is outside the range, the program will print the following message and will prompt the user for the same data item again:

(entered value) IS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS: (minimum-maximum)

The ranges should be set up when the system is initiated; the values can be changed when needed. The last two columns in the file are the position of the data item in the data base and the data base name of the item. Using this information, the data entry program knows the type of data, the size, and a range for numeric values. Thus, any large errors (wrong data type or shifts in decimal point) are caught and the user is required to enter revised values before continuing the data entry session. An additional column (not shown in Table 4) lists the allowable number of characters for type 3 data elements and sets of numbers at the bottom of the DRVBOR file (not shown in Table 4) designate the line number limits of data groups for use by the data entry program. Figure 4 shows an example of an editing session (on the Harris computer) with the DRVBOR file to change the wording of selected prompts and to set minimum and maximum values (to the nearest whole number) for selected numeric data elements. The data element names must not be changed, since they are used in setting up the data base and in loading data to the data base. The graphics programs also use these data element names.

Table 4 Pata Element Specifications

					randiment in Augus Alexandria
Iype	Length	Minimum	Maximum	Position	Name
2 2	1	0.	O.	1	BORTD
	i	õ.	0.	2	CLASS
рваманы	1	0.	0	3	REMARKS
7	ι	ŏ.	ó.	\tilde{z}	AUTHOR
-	4	o.	o.	8	PROJ-NAME
₹	·i	ő.	ŏ.	12	SITE-NAME
- -	Ţ.	o.	ŏ.	16	PROJ-DESC
5	Ç.	٠ <u>.</u>	ŏ.	19	LAT
m .	10	ŏ.	ŏ.	20	LONG
1	1	o.	ŏ.	21	ACCUR
3	<u></u>	o.	O.	22	REF
	10	0.	ŏ.	24	LOL-NS
ر، ر،	10	· ·	o.	25	LOC-EM
1		0.	o.	26	
3	1				LOC -ACCUR
	1	0.	o.	27	LOC-REF
4	1	<u>.</u>	o.	28	DATE
1	.5	O.,	٠.	44	DAYS-DFILL
<u> </u>	2	o.	્.	29	DRILLER
5 5 7	2	Ů.	Ç.	31	INSF
3	1.	ં.	0.	33	LOC-BORLOG
3	1	٠.	0.	34	LOC-0PLL0 6
÷	-	0.	0.	35	LOC-OTOSAM
	1	Ο.	α_{*}	37	DATA-STAT
3	1	O.	·.	38	HOLE-STAT
	7.4	O ,,	Ο.	39	PURPOSE
'	53	O.	0.	41	TOP-HOLE
1	1	0.	Ο.	42	EL-ACCUR
0	7	O.	Ö.	43	DEPTH
3	1	Ο.	(*) _m	1	FEAT-NAME
() A	7	O.	0.	2	FEAT-ELEV
4	į	o.	O_n	3	FEAT-DATE
3		O.	0.	4	FEAT-DESC
	1	Ο.	0.	1	BOR-TOOL
3	1	0.	ο.	2	BOR-SIZE
7	7	o.	0.	3	BOR-FILEY
3	1	o.	() <u>.</u>	1	TYP-NAME
1	3	o.	0.	2	TYP-MUM
3	1	O.	ō.	3	TYP-LOC
-	i	ο.	.,.	1	TEST-NAME
4	1	0.	Ģ.,	2	TEST-DATE
•	l	o.	ō.	3	TEST-MAC
	7	0.	o,	4	TEST-ELEV
7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	!	o.	δ_*	ij	TEST-RESULT!
-	1	o.	o,	გ	TEST RESULT2
•	i	ο.	6.	7	TEST-RESULTS
-	1	0.	0.	á	TEST-RESULT4
	2	ő,	o.	Ģ	REMARKS
2	6	0.	Ŏ.	í	BLOW-ELEV
1	3	ő.	ő.	2	BLOW-CT
ŝ	2	ó.	o.	3	BLOW-REMARKS
•••	4	₩.		- U	PERM METHUR O

IED DRUBUR D 4	;			
PE OF DATA*(10 CHAR, MAX)	BORING IDIINFUT END TO GUITTY	REMARKS (20 CHAR.	HAX)	
/ CATA / ROBING /	TYPE OF BURING 110 CHAR. MAX)			
PE UP BUNING (10 CHAR. MAX)	VERT OR ANGLE HOLE, STA & OFFSET? (40 CHAR, MAX)			CLASS
MARKATST (AC DIAM), MAX.	PROJECT EMOR OR OROLOGIST. LAST MAME (10 CHAR. MAX)			
C /COMMENTS/VERT OR NGLE HOLE. STA 8 OFFSET/	「			
RT OR ANGLE HOLE, ST. & OFFSET*(40 CHAR, MAX)	ENTER PROJECT DESCRIPTION (25 CRAR, MAX)		0. 12	BITE-NAME
Control of the contro	LATITUDE * (DDMMSS.SS)			
THE OFFICE STREET ON CHEMICA CHAR. MAX.) IN PROJECT ENGR OR GEOLOGIST, LAST MARE (10 CHAR. MAX.)	5	2 10 1173700.	1181000.	
	MATCHER OF LOCALIGATION FOR SURVEY, 4 FOR SCATEDING SAME OF DESCRIPTION FOR TABLE SAME		٥	ACCUR
DUECT ENGR OR GEOLOGIST. LAST NAME (10 CHAR, MAX)	EXTER LOCAL N-S COORDINATE.	3		¥
L /ACCURACT/	ENTER LOCAL E-W COORDINATE.	2 9 625500.	630500. 24	2
CONT. OF LOCK. STATE STATES 1	ACCURACY OF LOCAL SYSTEM?	-	1000000 25	100-E
CURACY OF LOCATION(1 FOR SURVEY, 4 FOR SCALED)*	REPERENT FOR LOCAL STRICTS, H. CSGS JACZO CRAK. MAX.			2
L /151/	では、これには、日本の こうさいには、これで、これで、これで、これで、これで、これで、これで、これで、これで、これで			
T RESULT*	C.E. DRILLER, CONTRACT DRILLER, SOURCE? (20 CHAR. MAX)	· ·	•	
C /*/(LO CEAR) BARANA	INSPECTORY(20 CHAR, MAX)			DRILLER
- ARBELIATO CREM. BRANT	LOCATION OF BORING LOST(10 CHAR, MAX)			
9 0. 0 14 141	LOCATION OF PRILLER'S LOG*(10 CHAR, MAX)			201-201-00
0./335030./	DECENTED OF STURME SEATTLEST (SO THERE THE STATE THAT	2		
33	CLEBRET WISTER OF 155 OF 155 CART CARE. TAKE			
0./341030./	PURPOSE OF HOLEY (20 CHAR, MAX)			
# 335030. 341030. 19 LAT	TOP OF HOLE ELEVATION* (HIT RETURN IF UNKNOWN)	200.		
10 0, 20 , 70 , 745	FLEVATION ACCURACY			
1173700./	SEFER OF MOLEY			
11737	FIFUATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE			
181000./	DATE REASURED? CAR/DD/YYYY	2 6		
2201 First 1181000.	DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)			FEAT-DATE
L / 0./1181000./ 10 1174700. 1181000. 20 1080	TYPE OF HOLE(INPUT END TO QUIT) 7(20 CHAR. MAX)	- -		
OT	SIZE OF MOLEY (S CHAR, MAX)			
	FLECALIGN ON DEPTH AT TOP OF THIS TYPE OF HOLES	2 6		-
0./423500./	**************************************			
3	LOCATION OF THESE TEST RESULTST(10 CHAR. MAX)			
	TYPE OF TEST(IMPUT END TO QUIT) "(10 CHAR. MAX)			101-11-1
	Defin India cas Preferance (TE/DO/YYYY)			
f 0. 24 LOC-ACCUR	FIRST OF DEPTH OF THE TANK		•	3 TEST-MAT
•	IST RESULT(10 CHAR, MAX)7			
C / G / 625506 / 0 24 LDC - NS	DAD RESULT			
62	SKE KESKLT	0		3 7EST-RESULT3
0./630500./				
# 423500. 430500. 24 LOC-MS	ELEV. OF 1ST BOWCT TEST* (IMPUT 999 TO QUIT)			
9 625500. 630500. 25 LOC-EW	ACTORES OF SIGNATURE			1016
423300./1550000./		N		3 BLOW-REMARKS
9 1350000. 630500. 25 LOC-EW		1 28		
7 4505000, 14605000, 54 157.FE	U. D. O. 3 REMARKS	24 22		
TOP-HOLE/	1 0 0 7 ACIMOR			
	•	39 47		
	3 0. 0 16 PROJ-DESC			
/*007/0 /	9 335030. 341030. 19			
	1 00 11 00 21			
	2 0. 22			
0. 48 DEPTH	9 623500. 630500. 24			
6 9. 0.43 DEPTH	1600000.			
/ 0./250./				
6 T. 250. 43 DEPTH				

to add minimum and maximum Editing the DRVBOR file to change wording of prompts and values for numeric data elements Figure 4.

Precautions

- 20. The user should be aware of the following precautions in the data entry procedure:
 - a. Data should always be entered with no leading blanks. Do not use a colon ":" in any input because the characters following the colon will not be stored by System 2000.
 - <u>b.</u> The collection program checks boring numbers that were previously entered. However, if a new boring number is entered incorrectly, the incorrect number will be stored in the data base unless it is corrected before loading to the data base.
 - c. The following error messages are generated by the data collection program as a result of its internal editing:

OOPS! NOT A VALID INTEGER, TRY AGAIN OOPS! NOT A VALID REAL, TRY AGAIN OOPS! NOT A VALID DATE, TRY AGAIN

The collection program also checks the input format for dates and that values for days do not exceed 31 and for month, does not exceed 12.

- d. In the collection program, all data entered is printed back to the user for editing except for the boring number. If the boring number is entered incorrectly, the best way to change the number is to edit the data file before loading the data to the data base.
- e. The data file should be carefully checked to find and correct any errors that might have been missed during data entry. This is a crucial step before data loading and should be done by an experienced person, other than the one who entered the data. Spacing of numbers and blank lines are significant (e.g., a blank line is inserted for feature date when feature name is not "WT" and when a prompt is skipped; the blank lines are required for proper loading).
- f. The load program will generate the following error message in SUMFLE if the data cannot be loaded:

WRAP UP CALLED BY ROUTINE 'ROUTINE NAME' AFTER THE DATA BASE OPERATION OF 'DATA BASE OPERATION' WITH A RETURN CODE OF 'RETURN CODE' WITH A LEVEL NUMBER OF 'LEVEL NUMBER'.

If this condition occurs, the user needs to contact the system administrator to determine the cause of the error and how to correct the data file. A line-by-line comparison of the data file with SUMFLE to the point where WRAP UP was called can often reveal where the error is located.

Accessing the Collection and Load Programs

21. The command for executing the collection program is:

/-INPBOR (/ is the CDC command prompt and the - indicates a procedure file)

The collect program creates a data file called DATBOR. On the Harris computer, the same command without the "-" is used. The data file (DATBOR) is loaded to the data base using the load program that requires no input from the user other than the following commands:

/BEGIN, ,UPDBORB

The terminal response is "submit complete" and the assigned job name. The job priority number may be assigned by the user on the JOB card in the UPDBORB procedure file. The process time is also dependent on the number of higher priority jobs waiting to be executed. It is recommended that batch loading be done overnight so that the data base is not inaccessible to the user during the day or the load procedure is terminated because the data base is in use. Batch loading is much cheaper than interactive loading. However, the data will not be available for immediate retrieval. For direct (interactive) loading, the following command is used:

/-UPDBOR

If data is collected on the Harris computer, the DATBOR data file has to be transferred to the CDC computer system before loading to the data base. During the loading process, files called SUMFLE and BORDAY are created. The SUMFLE indicates that the data was successfully loaded or how much data was loaded before an error in the data file was encountered. The BORDAY file gives a summary of operations during a time-sharing session. If any problems develop during the load process, the error message will be located in these files. Figure 5 shows an example of a SUMFLE with no errors, while Figure 6 illustrates a file when an error has occurred. The error must be corrected in the data file, DATBOR, and the portion of the data file that was loaded must be deleted before the user attempts to load the remaining data again. (See Appendix B for use of the edit process on CDC.) After the data is successfully loaded to the data base, the old data file must be cleared and readied for more data. To clear a data file, the following command is used:

/-CLRBOR

The same command, without the "-" is used on the Harris computer. If the data file is not cleared, the next data entered will be appended to the existing data in DATBOR. Thus, several data entry sessions can be accumulated in DATBOR before loading, if desired.

```
/OLD,SUMFLE
/LIST
                       .....BORING ID
N BORID DC-4
BORID TYPE (NEW/OLD) OLD
N ACTION NEW BLOWCOUNTS
                    SPT1 0-1.5 FT
  574.0
BLOWCT IS INSERTED
                     574.0
                    SPT2 1.5-3.0 FT
 572.5
                 19
 BLOWCT IS INSERTED 572.5
                    SPT3 3.0-4.5 FT
                 22
  571.0
                    571.0
 BLOWCT IS INSERTED
                    REFUSAL AT 570.0 FT
  570.0
                 50
 BLOWCT IS INSERTED
                    570.0
```

Figure 5. Listing of SUMFLE showing successful loading of data

```
/OLD, SUMFLE
/LIST
N BORID DC-4 .....BORING ID
BORID TYPE(NEW/OLD) OLD
N ACTION NEW BLOWCOUNTS
574.0 1 SPT1 O-1.5 FT
OWRAP UP CALLED BY ROUTINE, DOBLOW
AFTER THE DATABASE OPERATION OF INSERT
WITH A RETURN CODE OF 10
WITH A LEVEL NUMBER OF 3
```

Figure 6. Listing of SUMFLE showing unsuccessful loading and error codes

Example 1

22. Example 1, shown in Table 5, illustrates the data file entry procedure. Throughout the example the data correction and program editing capabilities are shown. An uneven format in the review of input (sheet 14 and others) was caused by a program bug that has been corrected. The entry of detailed rock feature descriptions, use of the field/lab test (test type) group to store actual data (e.g., rock quality descriptor (RQD) and percent core recovery), and the entry of test names and units in the remarks element of the test results group are also illustrated. The data are entered in two separate sessions with loading after each session. The resulting DATBOR and SUMFLE files are included. Blank lines occurring in the DATBOR file (sheet 11) are for the feature date that is only asked for when feature name is WT for water table. These blank lines are required for proper loading and must not be deleted. The cost (1984) to create this example data file was \$3 on CDC. An additional \$1 was the cost for direct loading of the data to the data base. Thus the total cost was \$4. The cost for data entry on the District Harris computer system and transfer to CDC for loading is estimated between \$5 and \$10.

Example 2

23. Example 2, shown in Table 6, illustrates the use of tailored prompts for data collection. The selected prompts are used to enter certain information for a new boring. Blank lines in the DATBOR file (sheet 4) are for the data elements that were skipped and are required for proper loading to the data base.

Example 3

24. Example 3, shown in Table 7, illustrates the use of the modification option for the data stored in the top level (only groups 1 and 2, Table 3) of the data base in Example 2. The resulting DATBOR file and the contents of SUMFLE are also shown. If the project name, site name, or project description are changed, the auxiliary file, BORFL, is modified. The last part of this example shows how the data base is entered and how all the data for the boring entered in Example 2 are displayed. The command to enter the data base is -GETDB and the required responses (commands) are shown after the "?" prompt. This prompt is used by the CDC system for all program prompts. The data base commands are described in Part IV. The boring information as modified is also shown at the end of this example. It may be noted in the modification data

Table 5 Data Entry Procedure for New Boring

Z-IMPBOR

BORING DATA ENTRY SYSTEM

BORING ID(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX) 7 DC-4 IS THIS A NEW BORING ID? (Y OR N) PLEASE SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS: 1 USE THE DEFAULT PROMPT SEQUENCE CREATE MY PROMPT SEQUENCE KEEP THE CURRENT PROMPT SEQUENCE INPUT THE DESIRED OPTION! TYPE OF DATA? (10 CHAR. MAX) ? BORING COMMENTS? (40 CHAR. MAX) ? GEN SAMP/ROCK CORE, LT ABUT 14+20, 40'R ENTER OFFICE SYMBOL. (10 CHAR. MAX) ? SPLED-G PROJECT NAME? (40 CHAR. MAX) ? SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN. CA SITE NAME? (40 CHAR. MAX) ? PRADO DAM EMBANKMENT PROJECT DESCRIPTION? (25 CHAR. MAX) ? SPILLWAY EXPANSION INVEST LATITUDE? (DDMMSS.SS) ? 335730.25 LONGITUDE? (DDDMMSS.SS) ? 1173735.15 ACCURACY OF LOCATION? (INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4) (Relative accuracy, NAME OF QUAD SHEET? (20 CHAR. MAX) e.g. 1 for surveyed ? PRADO DAM 1:24000 73 to 4 for scaled from map) OIS THERE LOCAL SYSTEM DATA? (Y OR N)?

(Continued)

(Sheet 1 of 25)

Table 5 (Continued)

```
N-S COORDINATE?(9999999.99 MAX)
7 630000
E-W COORDINATE?(9999999.99 MAX)
? 1580000
ACCURACY OF LOCAL SYSTEM? (INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
REFERENCE FOR LOCAL SYSTEM(COORD SYS & REF)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? STATE PL
DATE HOLE WAS COMPLETED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
2 03/18/1979
NUMBER OF DAYS TO DRILL THE HOLE? (INTEGER, 999 MAX)
C.E. DRILLER, CONTRACT DRILLER, SOURCE? (20 CHAR, MAX)
? MOTT DRILLING CO
 INSPECTOR?(15 CHAR, MAX)
? HOTTON
LOCATION OF BORING LOG? (10 CHAR, MAX)
? SPLED-6
LOCATION OF DRILLER'S LOG? (10 CHAR, MAX)
? GEOTECH BR
LOCATION OF STORED SAMPLES? (20 CHAR. MAX)
? SPD LAB
 STATUS OF THIS DATA(E.G.COMPLETE, WAIT LAB)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? COMPLETE
CURRENT STATUS OR USE OF HOLE? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? PIEZOMETER
PURPOSE OF HOLE? (20 CHAR. MAX)
? BOUNDATION INVEST
                      (error corrected on next sheet)
TOP OF HOLE ELEVATION? (HIT RETURN IF UNKNOWN) (99999.99 MAX)
? 575.0
ELEVATION ACCURACY? (INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
DEPTH OF HOLE?(9999.99 MAX)
7 475,0
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 25)

```
OREVIEW OF INPUT
LINE #
           DB NAME
                         DATA VALUE
    1 .... CLASS
                      .. BORING
      .... REMARKS
                      .. GEN SAMP/ROCK CORE, LT ABUT 14+20, 40'R
      ... AUTHOR
                      .. SPLED-G
      .... PROJ-NAME
                      .. SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN, CA
    5
      ... SITE-NAME
                      .. PRADO DAM EMBANKMENT
      ... PROJ-DESC
                      .. SPILLWAY EXPANSION INVEST
    6
      ... LAT
                      .. 335730.25
      ... LONG
                      .. 1173735.15
      .... ACCUR
                      .. 3
      ... REF
                      .. PRADO DAM 1:24000 73
   10
      .... LOC-NS
                      .. 630000.
   11
   12 ... LOC-EW
                      .. 1580000.
   13 .... LOC-ACCUR
                      .. 2
   14 ... LOC-REF
                      .. STATE PL
   15 .... DATE
                      .. 03/18/1979
   16 .... DAYS-DRILL ...
   17 .... DRILLER
                      .. MOTT DRILLING CO
                      .. HOTTON
   18 ... INSP
   19 .... LOC-BORLOG .. SPLED-G
   20 ... LOC-DRLLOG .. GEOTECH BR
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
? 18
18...INSPECTOR?(15 CHAR. MAX)
? HORTON
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
O DO YOU WISH TO REVIEW VALUES AGAIN? (Y OR N)?
? N
OREVIEW OF INPUT
 LINE #
           DB NAME
                          DATA VALUE
      .... LOC-STOSAM .. SPD LAB
      ... DATA-STAT
                      .. COMPLETE
    2
      ... HOLE-STAT
                      .. PIEZOMETER
      ... PURPOSE
                      .. BOUNDATION INVEST
    5 ... TOP-HOLE
                      .. 575.0
    6 ... EL-ACCUR
                      .. 1
    7 .... DEPTH
                      .. 475.0
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
? 4
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 3 of 25)

```
4... PURPOSE OF HOLE? (20 CHAR. MAX)
? FOUNDATION INVEST
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM. TYPE ITS LINE #
 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
O DO YOU WISH TO REVIEW VALUES AGAIN? (Y OR N)?
 ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS? (Y OR N)
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? CL CLAY
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
7 BR, SANDY, ROOTS IN TOP 6 IN.
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SC SAND
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
7 1.5
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? BR. CLAYEY. F TO MED. MOIST
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SC SAND
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
? 4.5
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? ROCK FRAMMENTS
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR, MAX)
? SANDSTONE
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? PULL 1 START, WP=50PSI
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999, 99 MAX)
7 5.1
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? MSS BDD.SI.MIC.MED HD TO HD.
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 4 of 25)

```
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR, MAX)
? F TO MED GRA, LT GR TO LT BR,
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
2.5.3
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
? 5.4
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? IN TOP 3' OF CORE.
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
? 6.4
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? 0.2' OF SO TO MED HD, VF
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
7 6.9
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? 0.1' OF SO TO MED HD, VF
                       COLUMNS
                      2
                                    3
LINE #
                                                     BR, SANDY, ROOTS IN TOP 6 IN.
          CL CLAY
                      0.0
          SC SAND
                      1.5
                                                     BR, CLAYEY, F TO MED, MOIST
                                                     ROCK FRAMMENTS
    3
          SC SAND
                                                     PULL I START, WP=50PSI
MSS BDD,SI,MIC,MED HD TO HD,
          SANDSTONE
                      5.0
    5
          SANDSTONE
                      5.1
          SANDSTONE
                      5.2
                                                     F TO MED GRA, LT GR TO LT BR,
          SANDSTONE
                                                     SANDSTONE
                      5.3
    8
          SANDSTONE
                                                     IN TOP 3' OF CORE.
                      5.4
                                                     0.2' OF SO TO MED HD, VF
0.1' OF SO TO MED HD, VF
          SANDSTONE
                      6.4
   10
          SANDSTONE
                      6.9
TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER, A COMMA
AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN 2)
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
? 3,4
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 5 of 25)

```
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? ROCK FRAGMENTS
TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER, A COMMA
 AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN 2)
 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
0.7.4
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
2 OCC BLK SH PTGS, NUM HEM PTGS
TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER, A COMMA
 AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN 2)
 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
ODO YOU WISH TO REVIEW VALUES AGAIN? (Y OR N)
2 M
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
SANDSTONE
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
2 7.5
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? 0.5' OF SO, ST RED
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? WT
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
2 7.6
 DATE MEASURED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
7 02/18/1979
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
9 \text{ WL} = 7.6 \text{ FT AT 1640 HRS}
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR. MAX)
SANDSTONE
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
2 8.0
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
7 0.5' LC. 5.4 TO 8.4 FT
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
7 WT
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
7 8.2
 DATE MEASURED?(MM/DD/YYYY)
2 02/18/1979
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? WL = 8.2 FT AT 1800 HRS
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 6 of 25)

```
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? OF H/A JT. 55 DEG
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
? 10.2
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? PULL 2 START, WP=50PSE
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
? 12.0
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? OP 1/A JT 15 DEG. ST RED
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
7 13.0
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? 0.6' UL,CAV,OP,NO DWL,ROD DROP
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
? 16.0
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? OP, FOR JR, SMOOTH
 TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
7 19.0
 DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? 0.2' UL, SPINS GROUND UP CORE
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 7 of 25)

Table 5 (Continued)

	COLUMNS	ក្ន	
1	N	ተን	4
LINE #			
1 SANDSTONE	7.5		0.5' OF SO, ST RED
EM CI	7.6	02/18/1979	WL = 7.6 FT AT 1640 HRS
SANDSTONE	0.8		0.6' LC, 6.4 TO 8.4 FT
4 WT	ю сч	02/18/1979	WL = 8.2 FT AT 1800 HRS
5 SANDSTONE			OP H/A JT, 55 DEG
SANDSTONE	10.2		PULL 2 START, WP=50PSI
7 SANDSTONE			OP 1/A JT 15 DEG, ST RED
8 SANDSTONE	13.0		O.6' UL,CAV OP,NO DWL,ROD DROP
9 SANDSTONE			OP, HOR JR, SMOOTH
10 SANDSTONE			0.2° UL, SPINS GROUND UP CORE
TO CHANGE AN ITEM	TYPE ITS	LINE NUMBER, A COMMA	
AND ITS COLUMN NUM	1BER (E.G.	NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN	(i)
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN	NY		
7.9.4			
RIFTION OF	TURE? (30	FEATURE?(30 CHAR. MAX)	
? OP, HOR JT, SMOOTH	Ŧ		
TO CHANGE AN ITEM	TYPE ITS	LINE NUMBER, A COMMA	
AND ITS COLUMN NUM	1BER (E.G.	AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN	7)
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN	J.Y.N		
ţ~·			
ODO YOU WISH TO REV	IEW VALUE	REVIEW VALUES AGAIN? (Y OR N)	
Z (·			
TYPE OF FEATURE(IN	YPUT END 1	TYPE OF FEATURE(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)	

ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE?(9999.99 MAX)
2 20.2
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE?(30 CHAR. MAX)

? SANDSTONE

(Sheet 8 of 25)

```
JO. 2. CF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        0.7' NUM FRACS, ST RED,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      3 START, WP=50PSI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ELEV. OF 1ST BLOWCT TEST?(INPUT -1000.0 TO QUIT)(9999.99 MAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    FULL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Ñ
                                                            ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
? PULL 3 START, WP=50PSI
TYPE OF FEATURE(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
                                                                                                                                            TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR. MAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER, A COMMA AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR, MAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  TYPE OF HOLE (INFUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR, MAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              (Continued)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          BORING ID(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
                                                                                                   DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR, MAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                              10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS? (Y OR N)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS? (Y OR N)
                                                                                                                       ? O.7' NUM FRACS, ST RED, O.3'CL
                                                                                                                                                                                        COLUMNS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   20.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     21.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                             04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DATA ENTRY TERMINATED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 SANDSTONE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     SANDSTONE
                                       ? SANDSTONE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     7 -1000.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               LINE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              C END
                                                                                                                                                                 S END
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              SEND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              SEND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  (Sheet 9 of 25)
```

10 →

Table 5 (Continued)

											N	•																				
											•	រោ				0																
											0	M			0	0																
						or.					f /3	7			0	0												0	0	(Continued)		
		•	0.1			14+20, 40°F					7	М			<u>۰</u>	0												•				
	Щ Ц	BORING ID	10(LT ABUT 1		IN, CA	<u>.</u>	INVEST	រោ	7		þ	0	œ												រា	IJ			
JOE	D DATA	:				GEN SAMP/ROCK CORE, LT ABUT 14+20, 40'R		IA RIVER BAS	FRADO DAM EMBANKMENT	'EXPANSION	ю				n	מו		ļ	79		MOTT DRILLING CO			BR		 ER	ON INVEST	7	7			
/OLD, DATBOR /LIST	BORING L	DC4	NEW BORID	DC4	BORING	GEN SAME	SPLED-6	SANTA AN	FRADO DA	SPILLWAY	10	₊	Ю	FRADO DAM	9		C4	STATE PL	03/18/19	C4	MOTT DRI	HORTON	SPLED-6	GEOTECH	SFD LAB	S PIEZOMETER		•	10 - 4	of	25))
															27																	

NEW FEATRE		1	WT
ELEVN CL CLAY		}	7 02/18/1979
0 .		0	WL = 7.6 FT AT 1640 HRS SANDSTONE
BR, SANDY, SC SAND	ROOTS IN	TOP 6 IN.	8 . 0
1		5	0.6° LC, 6.4 TO 8.4 FT WT
BR, CLAYEY, SC SAND	F TO MEI	, MOIST	8 02/18/1979
4		5	WL = 8.2 FT AT 1800 HRS SANDSTONE
ROCK FRAGME SANDSTONE	NTS		8 . 5
5		0	OP H/A JT, 55 DEG SANDSTONE
PULL 1 STAR SANDSTONE	T, WP=50F	sı	1 0 . 2
5 .		1	PULL 2 START, WP=50PSI SANDSTONE
MSS BDD,SI, SANDSTONE	MIC.MED H	ир то нр,	1 2 . 0
5		2	OP 1/A JT 15 DEG, ST RED SANDSTONE
F TO MED GR SANDSTONE	A, LT GR	TO LT BR,	1 3 . 0
5 .		3	O.6' UL,CAY OP,NO DWL,ROD DROP SANDSTONE
OCC BLK SH SANDSTONE	PTGS, NUN	1 HEM PTGS	1 6 . 0
5 ·		4	OP, HOR JT, SMOOTH SANDSTONE
IN TOP 3' O SANDSTONE	F CORE.		1 9 . 0
ა		4	0.2' UL, SPINS GROUND UP CORE SANDSTONE
0.2' OF SO SANDSTONE	TO MED HE	, VF	2 0 . 2
5		9	PULL 3 START, WP≔50PSI SANDSTONE
0.1' OF SO SANDSTONE	TO MED HI	, VF	2 1 . 0
7		5	0.7' NUM FRACS, ST RED, 0.3'CL BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB END OF BORID
0.5° OF 80.	ST RED	(Con	tinued)

(Sheet 11 of 25)

```
/OLD, BORFL
    /LIST
     90 - 1
     BANTA ANA RIVER BASIN, CA
     PLACO DAM EMBANKMERT
     RPILLWAY EXPANSION INVEST
           1001
Z-UPDBOR
/OLD,SUMFLE
/LIST
                    .......BORING ID
N BORID DC-4
 BORID TYPE (NEW/OLD) NEW BORID
 BORID IS INSERTED DC-4
                                    FEATURE IS INSERTED
                                                          SANDSTONE
 N ACTION NEW FEATRE
                                    SANDSTONE
                                                     563.00
                                                             --NULL-
CL CLAY
                 575.00
                         -NULL-
                                    FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
 FEATURE IS INSERTED CL CLAY
                                    SANDSTONE
                                                     562.00
                                                             --NULL--
 SC SAND
                 573.50
                         -NULL-
                                    FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
 FEATURE IS INSERTED SC SAND
                                    SANDSTONE
                                                     559.00
                                                             -NULL-
                 570.50
 SC SAND
                         -NULL-
                                    FEATURE IS INSERTED
                                                          SANDSTONE
 FEATURE IS INSERTED SC SAND
                                    SANDSTONE
                                                     556.00
                                                             -NULL-
                 570.00
 SANDSTONE
                         --NULL-
                                    FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
 FEATURE IS INSERTED
                      SANDSTONE
                                    SANDSTONE
                                                     554.80
                                                             -NULL-
                 569.90
 SANDSTONE
                         -NULL-
                                    FEATURE IS INSERTED
                                                          SANDSTONE
 FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
                                    SANDSTONE
                                                     554.00
 SANDSTONE
                 569.80
                         -NULL.--
                                    FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
 FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
 SANDSTONE
                 569.70
                         -NULL-
 FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
 SANDSTONE
                 569.60
                         -NULL-
 FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
 SANDSTONE
                 568.60
                         --NULL-
 TEATURE IS INSERTED
                      SANDSTONE
 SANOSTONE
                 568.10
                         -MULL-
 LEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
                 567.50
 SANDSTONE
                         -NUL_L-
 FLATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
                 567.40
                          1979/02/18
 LIGITURE IS INSERTED WIT
                 567.00
 SAMOSTONE.
                         -NULL-
 FEATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
                          1979/02/18
                 566.80
 FRATURE IS INSERTED WT
                 566.50
 SANDSTONE
                         --NULL---
 CHATURE IS INSERTED SANDSTONE
                 554.80
 SANDSTONE
                         -NULL-
```

(Sheet 12 of 25)

(Continued)

Andrew Control of the Control of the

/-CLRBOR

BORING DATA ENTRY SYSTEM

BORING ID(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX) ? DC-4 -15 THIS A NEW BORING ID? (Y OR N)

THE PROJECTS WITH THIS ID WILL BE SHOWN ONE AT A TIME. WHEN THIS PROJECT APPEARS, PRESS Y TO SELECT IT

89RING ID---->DC-4 FROJECT NAME --->SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN, CA NITE MAME----->PRADO DAM EMBANKMENT PROJECT DESC. -- SPILLWAY EXPANSION INVEST 15 THIS THE CORPECT PROJECT?(Y OR N) TO YOU NEED TO MODIFY BORID INFO?(Y OR N) ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS?(Y OR N) $\supset N$ TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR. MAX) ? END ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS? (YOR N) TYPE OF HOLE (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (LO CHAR, MAX) T RK BITAWIR SIZE OF HOLET(5 CHAR, MAX) 7 4.5 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF THIS TYPE OF HOLE? (9999.99 MAX) 7 0.0 TYPE OF HOLE (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR. MAX) 2 5.3 PIPE SIZE OF HOLE? (5 CHAR. MAX) → 4.0 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF THIS TYPE OF HOLE? (9999.99 MAX) (pipe extends above ground surface) TYPE OF HOLE (INFUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX) ? STO SP SPN SIZE OF HOLE? (5 CHAR, MAX) 7 2.5

(Continued)

(Sheet 13 of 25)

```
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF THIS TYPE OF HOLE? (9999.99 MAX)
9 0.0
TYPE OF HOLE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
9 NWM #1234
SIZE OF HOLE?(5 CHAR. MAX)
9 3.0
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF THIS TYPE OF HOLE? (9999.99 MAX)
 TYPE OF HOLE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
2 END
                       COLUMNS
 LINE #
              1
                          2
                                       3
      1
             RK BIT&WTR
                           4.5
                                       Q \bullet Q
              5.3' FIFE
                           4.0
                                       -0.3
              STD SP SPN
                           2.5
                                       O_*O
              NWM #1234
                           3.0
                                       5.0
 TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER, A COMMA
 AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN 2)
 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
 TYPE OF TESTS (INPUT END TO QUIT) ? (10 CHAR. MAX)
9 SPT JAR
 NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
 LOCATION OF THESE PESULTS7(10 CHAR. MAX)
7 SPD LAB
 TYPE OF TESTS (INPUT END TO QUIT) 7 (10 CHAR. MAX)
o Core. Dox
NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAY)
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
" SPO LAW
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 14 of 25)

```
TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD1
                                           (Type of Test group used
NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
                                            to store RQD in percent
? 79
                                            and core recovery in
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
                                            feet and percent)
7 5.2°REC 84
TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD2
NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
7 93
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? 10' REC 93
TYPE OF TESTS (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD3:
NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
? 92
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
7 10' REC 91
TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD4
NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
? 96
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
7 10' REC 96
TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD5
NUMBER OF THESE TESTS?(INTEGER 999 MAX)
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? 10' REC 90
 TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR, MAX)
? RQD6
 NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? 10' REC 95
 TYPE OF TESTS (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD7
 NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
? 90
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAP. MAX)
? 10' REC 92
 TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD8
 NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
 LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? 10' REC 98
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 15 of 25)

Table 5 (Continued)

		COLUMNS		
LINE :				
+	1	_		
+		2		
+			3	
	1			
+	SPT JAR			
+		4		
+	 1		SPD LAB	
	2 CORC BO	v		
+ +	CORE, BO	10		
+		10	SPD LAB	
	3		SED LMD	
+	RQD1			
+	1/6:15.1	79		
, +		<i>,</i> ,	5.2'REC 84	
	4		ta3 # alia. 1 \ lum \u/ \ \ta3 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
+	RQD2			
+	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	93		
+			10' REC 93	
	5			
+	RQD3			
+		92		
+			10' REC 91	
,	5			
+	RQD4			
+		96		
+			10' REC 96	
	7			
+	RQD5			
+		86		
+			10° REC 90	
	8			
+	RQDA			
+		94		
+			10' REC 95	
	7			
+	RQD7			
+		90		
+	_		10' REC 92	
1				
+	ROD8			
+		97	ACT DES SO	
+			10' REC 98	
		(Continued)		

```
TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER, A COMMA
 AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3,2 - LINE 3 COLUMN 2)
 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
 TYPE OF TESTS (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? RQD9
 NUMBER OF THESE TESTS?(INTEGER 999 MAX)
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? 10' REC 91
 TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? R@D10
 NUMBER OF THESE TESTS? (INTEGER 999 MAX)
2 91
LOCATION OF THESE RESULTS? (10 CHAR. MAX)
7 10' REC 94
TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
                      COLUMNS
 LINE #
             1
                          2
                                      3
      1
             RQD9
                          89
                                      10" REC 91
             ROD10
                          91
                                      10' REC 94
 TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER. A COMMA
 AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3.2 - LINE 3 COLUMN 2)
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS?(Y OR N)
TYPE OF TEST(INFUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? INDEX
DATE TEST WAS PERFORMED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
? 04/10/1979
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 17 of 25)

```
TYPE OF MATERIAL? (10 CHAR. MAX)
D GC SAND
ELEVATION OF GEPTH OF TEST? (9999.99 MAX)
0 2.5
151 MEGULITY(10 CHAR. MAX. E.G. 2345.67; 15,000 PSI; 39 = LL)
2 23
2ND RESULT?
7 12
 SRD PESULTS
P. P. 54
ATH PESULTO
7 19
PEMARES (DO CHAR. MAX)
D LL.FI. 05. %-200
OREVIEW OF INFUT
FIME #
           DB NAME
                         DATA VALUE
     .... TEST-NAME .. INDEX
      ... TEST-DATE .. 04/10/1979
                      .. SC SAND
      ... TEST-MAT
    4 .... TEST-ELEV
                      .. 2.5
     .... TEST-RESUL .. 28
    6 .... TEST-RESUL .. 12
      .... TEST-RESUL .. 2,54
    8 .... TEST-RESUL .. 18
    9 ... REMARKS
                    .. LL,PI, 69, %-200
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM. TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
  7...JRD RESULT?
2.54
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
O DO YOU WISH TO REVIEW VALUES AGAIN? (Y OR N)?
TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? UNIAX COMP
DATE TEST WAS PERFORMED?(MM/DD/YYYY)
2 04/12/1979
TYPE OF MATERIAL? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH OF TEST? (9999.99 MAX)
1ST RESULT?(10 CHAR. MAX, E.G. 2345.67; 15,000 PSI; 39 = LL)
7 3.0
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 18 of 25)

المعارضة بالمتعارض والمعارض والمعارض

```
2ND RESULT?
? 6.3
 3RD RESULT?
? 0.02
 4TH RESULT?
? 17380
 REMARKS (20 CHAR. MAX)
? DIA,HT,%/MIN,UC=PSI
OREVIEW OF INPUT
 LINE #
           DB NAME
                          DATA VALUE
    1 ... TEST-NAME .. UNIAX COMP
    2 .... TEST-DATE
                       .. 04/12/1979
    3 .... TEST-MAT
                       .. SANDSTONE
      .... TEST-ELEV
                       .. 6.0
    5 .... TEST-RESUL ... 3.0
      .... TEST-RESUL .. 6.3
    7 .... TEST-RESUL .. 0.02
    8 .... TEST-RESUL .. 17380
    9 .... REMARKS
                     .. DIA, HT, %/MIN, UC=PSI
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
 TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? PRESSURE
DATE TEST WAS PERFORMED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
? 03/20/1979
 TYPE OF MATERIAL? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH OF TEST? (9999.99 MAX)
? 21.4
1ST RESULT?(10 CHAR. MAX, E.G. 2345.67; 15,000 PSI; 39 = LL)
7 15.3
2ND RESULT?
7 3.0
3RD RESULT?
? 12.2
4TH RESULT?
7 1.0
REMARKS (20 CHAR. MAX)
? PSI,MIN,GPM,PSI/FT
OREVIEW OF INPUT
LINE #
           DB NAME
                         DATA VALUE
    1 ... TEST-NAME
                       .. PRESSURE
    2 ... TEST-DATE
                       .. 03/20/1979
      ... TEST-MAT
                       .. SANDSTONE
      .... TEST-ELEV
                       .. 21.4
                         (Continued)
```

(Sheet 19 of 25)

```
TEST-RESUL .. 15.3
    6 .... TEST-RESUL .. 3.0
    7 .... TEST-RESUL .. 12.2
    8 .... TEST-RESUL .. 1.0
                    .. PSI,MIN,GPM,PSI/FT
    9 .... REMARKS
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
2 4
  4...ELEVATION OR DEPTH OF TEST? (9999.99 MAX)
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
O DO YOU WISH TO REVIEW VALUES AGAIN? (Y OR N)?
TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? PRESSURE
DATE TEST WAS PERFORMED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
? 03/20/1979
TYPE OF MATERIAL? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SANDSTONE
ELEVATION OR DEPTH OF TEST? (9999.99 MAX)
 1ST RESULT?(10 CHAR. MAX, E.G. 2345.67; 15,000 PSI; 39 = LL)
7 2.6
2ND RESULT?
7 3.0
JRD RESULT?
7 20.7
4TH RESULT?
7 1.0
REMARKS (20 CHAR. MAX)
? 5' INC.= 18.9 TO 23.9
OREVIEW OF INPUT
 LINE #
           DB NAME
                         DATA VALUE
                      .. PRESSURE
    1 .... TEST-NAME
      ... TEST-DATE .. 03/20/1979
      ... TEST-MAT
                      .. SANDSTONE
      .... TEST-ELEV
                         21.4
      ... TEST-RESUL ..
     .... TEST-RESUL .. 3.0
      .... TEST-RESUL .. 20.7
    8 .... TEST-RESUL .. 1.0
                    .. 5' INC.= 18.9 TO 23.
    9 ... REMARKS
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM. TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
                         (Continued)
```

(Sheet 20 of 25)

```
TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR, MAX)
7 END
ELEV. OF 1ST BLOWCT TEST? (INPUT -1000.0 TO QUIT)
7 574 00
 INPUT INITIAL INTERVAL?
7 1.5
TYPE IN THE NUMBER OF BLOWS AFTER THE GIVEN
ELEVATION (INPUT END TO QUIT,-1 TO SKIP
TO ANOTHER ELEVATION -- 2 TO CHANGE INTERVALS)
  574.0
NUMBER OF BLOWS?
7 15
REMARKS(20 CHAR, MAX)
? SPI1 0-1.5 FT
  572.5
NUMBER OF BLOWST
7 12
REMARKS(20 CHAR. MAX)
7 SPT2 1.5-3.0 FT
  571.0
NUMBER OF BLOWS?
7 22
REMARKS(20 CHAR: MAX)
? SPT3 3.0-4.5 FT
  569.5
NUMBER OF BLOWS?
INPUT NEXT ELEVATION?
7 570.0
  570.0
NUMBER OF BLOWS?
7 50
REMARKS(20 CHAR: MAX)
7 REFUSAL AT 570.0
  568.5
NUMBER OF BLOWS?
a EMD
                       COLUMNS
LINE #
             1
                          2
                                       3
      1
             574.00
                          1.5
                                       SPT1 0-1.5
                          (Continued)
```

Table 5 (Continued)

	2			
+	572	.50		
+		19		
4			SPT2 1.5-3	
	3			
+	571	.00		
+		22		
4.		- . - -	SPT3 3.0-4	
	4		<i></i>	
+	570	.00		
4		50		
 		W. M	REFUSAL AT	
TO	CHANGE AN IT	EM TYPE ITS LINE	NUMBER, A COMMA	
AND	ITS COLUMN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- LINE 3 COLUMN 2)	
	ERWISE HIT R			
Ϋ́				
BOR	ING ID(INPUT	END TO QUITE?		
? EN				
	A ENTRY TERM	TNATED		
L' F3 T	LL 17 12 1 17 1 1 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	# 13 FT 1 K., 3."		

(Continued)

(Sheet 22 of 25)

/OLD.DATBOR		ROD7
/LIST		9 0
BORING LOAD I	DATA ETIE	10' REC 92
		ROD8
	BORING ID	
OLD	1001	7
DC-4		10' REC 98
NEW TYPE		ROD9
ELEVN		8 9
RK BIT&WTR		10' REC 91
4.5		RQD10
· .	O	9 1
5.3' PIPE		10' REC 94
4.0		NEW FIELD
- O	» 3	ELEVN
STD SP SPN		INDEX
2.5		04/10/1979
0 .	0	SC SAND
NWM #1234		7 -
3.0		28
5.	0	12
NEW LAB	·	2.54
SPT JAR		18
4		
SPD LAB		LL,PI, GS, %-200
CORE, BOX		NEW FIELD
1 0		ELEVN
SPD LAB		UNIAX COMP
ROD1		04/12/1979
_		SANDSTONE
•		6 . 0
5.2'REC 84		3.0
RQD2		6.3
9 3		0.02
10' REC 93		17380
RQD3		DIA, HT, %/MIN, UC=PSI
9 2		NEW FIELD
10' REC 91		ELEVN
RQD4		PRESSURE
9 6		03/20/1979
10' REC 96		SANDSTONE
RQD5		7 . 6
8 6		15.3
10' REC 90		3.0
RQD6	1	12.2
9 4		1.0
10' REC 95	!	PSI,MIN,GPM,PSI/FT
	1	1

(Continued)

(Sheet 23 of 25)

Table 5 (Continued)

NEW FIELD ELEVN PRESSURE 03/20/1979 SANDSTONE 2 1 2.6 3.0 20.7 1.0 5' INC.= 18.9 TO	. 23.	4		
NEW BLOWCOUNTS 5 7	4		o.	0
1 5	•	•	-	
SPT1 0-1.5 FT				
5 7	2	•	5	O
1 9				
SPT2 1.5-3.0 FT				
5 7	1	u	Ō	O
2 2 2				
SPT3 3.0-4.5 FT	_		_	
5 7	O	u	0	
5 0				
REFUSAL AT 570.0				
BBBBBBBBBBBBBBB	BBBB END	OF BORID		

(Continued)

(Sheet 24 of 25)

Table 5 (Concluded)

/ -UPDBOR /OLD, SUMFLE N BORID DC-4BORING ID FORID TYPE (NEW/OLD) OLD N ACTION NEW TYPE RK BITSWIR 4.5 TYPE IS INSERTED 5.3' PIPE 4.0 N ACTION NEW BLOWCOUNTS 575.00 RK BIT&WTR BLOWCT IS INSERTED 575.30 TYPE IS INSERTED BLOWCT IS INSERTED 5.3' PIPE STD SP SPN 2.5 575.00 571.0 TYPE IS INSERTED STD SP SPN BLOWCT IS INSERTED NWM #1234 570.00 TYPE IS INSERTED BLOWCT IS INSERTED 570.0 NWM #1234 SPT JAR SPD LAB LAB IS INSERTED CORE, BOX 10 SPD LAB LAB IS INSERTED ROD1 79 5.2'REC 84 LAB IS INSERTED ROD2 10' REC 93 LAB IS INSERTED R003 92 10' REC 91 LAB IS INSERTED ROD4 10' REC 96 LAB IS INSERTED ROD5 10' REC 90 LAB IS INSERTED RCD6 10' REC 95 LAB IS INSERTED ROD7 10' REC 92 LAB IS INSERTED RODB 10' REC 98 LAB IS INSERTED RCD7 10' REC 91 LAB IS INSERTED R0010 91 10' REC 94 LAB IS INSERTED INDEX 1979/04/10 SC SAND 572.500 ******* **** 18 FIELD IS INSERTED UNIAX COMP 1979/04/12 SANDSTONE 0.02 17380 569.000 ******** ****** FIELD IS INSERTED PRESSURE 1979/03/20 SANDSTONE 567.400 ******** ******* 1.0 FIELD IS INSERTED PRESSURE 1979/03/20 SANDSTONE 553.600 ******* ***** 20.7 1.0 F1ELD IS INSERTED

(Sheet 25 of 25)



المتازيد المتازية والمعارك بمنازي لايا

SFT1 0-1.5 FT

SPT2 1.5-3.0 FT

SP13 3.0-4.5 FT

REFUSAL AT 570.0 FT

574.0

572.5

571.0

15

50

Table 6 Data Entry for Tailored Prompt Sequence

/-INPBOR

BORING DATA ENTRY SYSTEM

```
BORING ID(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR, MAX)
IS THIS A NEW BORING ID? (Y OR N)
PLEASE SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING OFTIONS:
    1 ..... USE THE DEFAULT PROMPT SEQUENCE
     ..... CREATE MY PROMPT SEQUENCE
    3 ..... KEEP THE CURRENT PROMPT SEQUENCE
INPUT THE DESIRED OPTION!
DO YOU NEED THE PROMPT LIST? (Y OR N)
 ΝО.
              FROMFTS
    ..... TYPE OF DATA?(10 CHAR. MAX)
     ..... COMMENTS?(40 CHAR. MAX)
    ...... ENTER OFFICE SYMBOL.(10 CHAR. MAX)
..... PROJECT NAME?(40 CHAR. MAX)
     ..... SITE NAME?(40 CHAR. MAX)
     ..... PROJECT DESCRIPTION?(25 CHAR. MAX)
     ..... LATITUDE?(DDMMSS.SS)
   8 ..... LONGITUDE?(DDDMMSS.SS)
     ..... ACCURACY OF LOCATION? (INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
    ..... NAME OF QUAD SHEET? (20 CHAR. MAX)
  11 ..... N-S COORDINATE?(9799999.99 MAX)
    ..... E-W COORDINATE?(9999999.99 MAX)
  13 ..... ACCURACY OF LOCAL SYSTEM? (INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
  14 ..... REFERENCE FOR LOCAL SYSTEM(COURD SYS & REF)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
    ..... DATE HOLE WAS COMPLETED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
    ..... NUMBER OF DAYS TO DRILL THE HOLE? (INTEGER, 999 MAX)
    ..... C.E. DRILLER, CONTRACT DRILLER, SOURCE? (20 CHAR. MAX)
    ..... INSPECTOR?(15 CHAR. MAX)
    ..... LOCATION OF BORING LOG? (10 CHAR. MAX)
  20 ...... LOCATION OF DRILLER'S LOG?(10 CHAR. MAX)
21 ..... LOCATION OF STORED SAMPLES?(20 CHAR. MAX)
  22 ..... STATUS OF THIS DATA(E.G.COMPLETE, WAIT LAB)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
  23 ..... CURRENT STATUS OR USE OF HOLE?(10 CHAR. MAX)
  24 ..... PURPOSE OF HOLE?(20 CHAR. MAX)
  25 ..... TOP OF HOLE ELEVATION?(HIT RETURN IF UNKNOWN)(99999.99 MAX)
  26 ...... ELEVATION ACCURACY?(INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
    ..... DEPTH OF HOLE?(9999.99 MAX)
INFUT THE FRONFT NUMBER (HIT RETURN TO STOP)
           (Prompts could have been selected
- 3
            in a desired order)
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 1 of 5)

```
8
 26
 27
TYPE OF DATA?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? BORING
ENTER OFFICE SYMBOL. (10 CHAR. MAX)
? SPLED-G
PROJECT NAME? (40 CHAR, MAX)
? SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN, CA
LATITUDE?(DDMMSS.SS)
? 335730.75
LONGITUDE?(DDDMMSS.SS)
? 1173735.15
ACCURACY OF LOCATION? (INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
DATE HOLE WAS COMPLETED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
? 03/20/1979
TOP OF HOLE ELEVATION? (HIT RETURN IF UNKNOWN) (99999.99 MAX)
ELEVATION ACCURACY?(INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
DEFTH OF HOLE?(9999.99 MAX)
? 380.
OREVIEW OF INPUT
 LINE #
           DB NAME
                         DATA VALUE
    1 .... CLASS
                      .. BORING
    2 .... AUTHOR
                      .. SPLED-G
    3 .... FROJ-NAME .. SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN, CA
                      .. 335730.75
    4 .... LAT
    5 .... LONG
                      .. 1173735.15
    6 .... ACCUR
    7 .... DATE
                      .. 03/20/1979
    8 .... TOF-HOLE
                      .. 577.0
    9 .... EL-ACCUR
                      .. 1
   10 .... DEPTH
                       .. 380.
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS? (Y OR N)
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? CL CLAY
ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? ROOTS IN TOP 6 IN.
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
T SC SAND
 ELEVATION OR DEPTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
```

(Sheet 2 of 5)

(Continued)

```
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? F TO MED MOIST
TYPE OF FEATURE(INFUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
7 SC SAND
ELEVATION OR DEFTH AT TOP OF FEATURE? (9999.99 MAX)
DESCRIPTION OF FEATURE? (30 CHAR. MAX)
? ROCK FRAG.
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
                      COLUMNS
                                  3
LINE #
          CL CLAY
                     0.0
                                                   ROOTS IN TOP & IN.
    1
          SC SAND
                     3.4
                                                   F TO MED MOIST
          SC SAND
                     6.0
                                                   ROCK FRAG.
 TO CHANGE AN ITEM TYPE ITS LINE NUMBER, A COMMA
AND ITS COLUMN NUMBER (E.G. 3.2 - LINE 3 COLUMN 2)
 OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS?(Y OR N)
? END
TYPE OF HOLE(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
 TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS?(Y OR N)
TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
ELEV. OF 1ST BLOWCT TEST?(INFUT -1000.0 TO QUIT)(9999.99 MAX
? -1000.0
BORING ID (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
 DATA ENTRY TERMINATED
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 3 of 5)

(Continued)

(Sheet 4 of 5)

Table 6 (Concluded)

OLD.SUMFLE /LIST N BORID DC-5BORING ID BORTD TYPE(NEW/OLD) NEW BORID BORID IS INSERTED DC-5 N ACTION NEW FEATRE OL CLAY 577,00 -NULL-FEATURE IS INSERTED CL CLAY 573.60 -NULL-SC SAND FEATURE IS INSERTED SC SAND 571.00 -NULL-SC SAND FEATURE IS INSERTED SC SAND

(Sheet 5 of 5)

Table 7

Data Entry for Modification of Existing Boring Information

/-INPBOR

BORING ID---->DC-5

7 20

BORING DATA ENTRY SYSTEM

PROJECT NAME--->SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN+CA

BORING ID(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? DC-5
IS THIS A NEW BORING ID? (Y OR N)
? N
ALL PROJECTS WITH THIS ID WILL BE SHOWN ONE AT A TIME.
WHEN THIS PROJECT APPEARS, PRESS Y TO SELECT IT

(Continued)

(Sheet 1 of 5)

```
17
 27
LATITUDE? (DDMMSS.SS)
? 335730.50
LONGITUDE? (DDDMMSS.SS)
? 1173735.90
NAME OF QUAD SHEET? (20 CHAR. MAX)
7 PRADO DAM 1:24000 73
N-S COORDINATE?(9999999,99 MAX)
? 630000
E-W COORDINATE? (9999999.99 MAX)
? 1580000
ACCURACY OF LOCAL SYSTEM? (INTEGER 9 MAX, E.G. 1,2,3, OR 4)
REFERENCE FOR LOCAL SYSTEM(COORD SYS & REF)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? STATE PL
DATE HOLE WAS COMPLETED? (MM/DD/YYYY)
? 03/22/1979
LOCATION OF DRILLER'S LOG?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? GEOTECH BR
DEFTH OF HOLE?(9999.99 MAX)
? 425.
OREVIEW OF INPUT
LINE # DB NAME
                         DATA VALUE
                      .. 335730.50
   1 .... LAT
                      .. 1173735.90
   2 .... LONG
   3 .... REF
                      .. FRADO DAM 1:24000 73
     .... LOC-NS
                      .. 630000.
     .... LOC-EW
                      .. 1580000.
    6 .... LOC-ACCUR
                      .. 2
     .... LOC-REF
                      .. STATE PL
     .... DATE
                      .. 03/22/1979
     .... LOC-DRLLOG .. GEOTECH BR
   10 .... DEPTH
OTO CHANGE AN ITEM, TYPE ITS LINE #
OTHERWISE HIT RETURN
ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS?(Y OR N)
? N
TYPE OF FEATURE (INPUT END TO QUIT)? (10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS?(Y OR N)
TYPE OF HOLE(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
TYPE OF TESTS(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
ARE YOU USING ELEVATIONS?(Y DR N)
? N
TYPE OF TEST(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
? END
ELEV. OF 1ST BLOWCT TEST?(INPUT -1000.0 TO QUIT)(9999.99 MAX
? -1000.0
BORING ID(INPUT END TO QUIT)?(10 CHAR. MAX)
7 END
DATA ENTRY TERMINATED
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 5)

-- UPDBOR

(Continued)

(Sheet 3 of 5)

```
Boring DC-5 as Originally Entered
-GETER
"S2K 2,60F"
83/12/02. 15.16.51. BEGIN SYSTEM 2000 VFRSION 2.60F
T USER.DLW:SHARED DBN IS BORDB:
-556- ASSIGNED BORDB
                                             1
                                                  25 83/12/02: 15:09.53:
? PRINT/NAME/CO WH C1 E0 DC-58
BORID* DC-5
CLASS* BORING
AUTHOR* SPLED-G
PROJ-NAME* SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN+CA
LAT# 335730.75
LONG* 1173735.10
ACCUR# 3
DATE* 03/20/1979
TOP-HOLE* 577.00
EL-ACCUR* 1
DEPTH* 380.00
SID*
  FEAT-NAME* CL CLAY
  FEAT-ELEV* 577.00
  FEAT-DESC* ROOTS IN TOP 6 IN:
  FEAT-NAME* SC SAND
  FEAT-ELEV# 573.60
  FEAT-DESC* F TO MED MOIST
  FEAT-NAME* SC SAND
  FEAT-ELEV* 571.00
  FEAT-DESC* ROCK FRAG.
T EXITE
                 BORDB
                                                  25 83/12/02. 15.09.53.
 -506-
        CLOSED
83/12/02, 15.17.58, END SYSTEM 2000 VERSION 2,60F
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 4 of 5)

Table 7 (Concluded)

```
-GETDE
                  Boring DC-5 as Modified
 "32K 2.60F"
 83/12/02, 15.18.57, BEGIN SYSTEM 2000 VERSION 2.60F
7 USER.DLWASHARED DBN IS BORDBA
 -556- ASSIGNED
                    BORDS
                                              1
                                                   26 83/12/02, 15:18:26:
? PRINT/MARE/CO WH C1 E0 DC-54
 BORID* DC-5
CLASS* BORING
 AUTHOR* SPLED-0
 PROJ-NAME* SANTA ANA RIVER BASINYCA
 LAT* 335730.50
 LONG# 1173735.90
 ACCUR# 3
 REF* PRADO DAM 1
LDC-NS* 630000.00
LOC-EW* 1580000.00
LOC-ACCUR# 2
LOC-REF* STATE PL
BATE* 03/22/1979
LOC-DRULOG* GEOTECH BR
 TOP-HOLE*
             377.00
EL-ACCUR* 1
 DEPTH* 425.00
SID*
          3
   FEAT-NAME* OL CLAY
   FEAT-ELEV# 577,00
   FEAT-DESC* ROOTS IN TOP 6 IN.
   FEAT-NAME* SC SAND
   FEAT-ELEUX
              573.60
  FEAT-DESC* F TO MED MOIST
   FEAT-NAME* SC SAND
   FEAT-ELEV* 571.00
   FEAT-DESC* ROCK FRAG.
7 EXITS
        CLOSED
                                                   26 83/12/02, 15,18,26,
 -306-
                    BORDB
83/12/02. 15.19.46. END SYSTEM 2000 VERSION 2.60F
STOP SEK
```

entry (sheet 1) that the quad sheet name contained a colon. On sheet 5 the corresponding data (REF*) shows that only the part of the name before the colon was stored in the data base. Thus, a colon should not be used in any data entry input.

25. The modification option can also be used to remove elements of boring information from the top level of the data base. This removal is done by including the desired prompts in the tailored prompt sequence for the elements to be removed and then skipping these prompts (by hitting the return key) during data entry with the data entry program. The existing elements are replaced with a blank field (blank line in DATBOR) when the modified data are loaded to the data base.

Interactive Data Modifications

26. There are three important commands that can be used to either add or modify data while the user is on line with the data base. They are ADD, CHANGE, and REMOVE. These commands are used to add to or modify existing data groups and are described below. After entering the data base (using -GETDB), the data base is opened with the following command.

USER,***;DBN IS BORDB; (*** is the user password)

To close the data base after making modifications, the user enters the EXIT; command. The data base can be damaged in this interactive mode and a back-up copy should be made before attempting to make modifications (see Appendix C). If the user needs to modify existing boring information (groups 1 and 2 only, Table 3) or add new boring information or repeating data groups, the data entry program should be used.

27. Before using the commands, the user must understand the WHERE clause information discussed in this section because each command will modify or add data as specified by the WHERE clause. Thus, each WHERE clause must uniquely identify the data set (related to boring number and feature elevation, or other group and a unique element value), so that only the intended data is modified. The user is reminded that only key elements (Table 1) can be used in the WHERE clause. After each command is executed, System 2000 will respond with the number of selected data sets that were modified. If more data sets are involved than expected, the user needs to query the pertinent parts of the

data base (Part IV) to determine necessary corrections. Before making modifications, the LIST command (Part IV) can be used as a check to see how many data sets will be modified. Also, the SID (system identifier, a unique number and key element, C29 assigned to each set of boring data stored in the data base) can be used to uniquely identify the desired boring number (a list of SID and boring numbers is needed; see sheet 3 of Table 8).

ADD command

- 28. The ADD command is used to add one or several elements of data to an existing data group where no data presently exist. This command is used when a few elements of data need to be added to a data group.
- 29. If water table feature had been entered without the date, it could be checked first with the following LIST command and then added with the ADD command.
 - ? LIST FEAT-DATE, FEAT-ELEV WHERE BORID EQ DC-5 AND FEAT-ELEV EQ 571.3; (response is omitted)
 - ? ADD FEAT-DATE EQ 03/22/1979*WHERE BORID EQ DC-5 AND

FEAT-ELEV EQ 571.3;

1 SELECTED DATA SETS -

The computer system prompt is a "?" and System 2000 responds with "---" and no "?" when no semicolon is entered at the end of the command line; thus command lines can be continued until a semicolon is entered (a carriage return starts a new line). A space is required at the beginning of continue lines. In the above example, System 2000 responded with "I SELECTED DATA SETS" indicating one data set had been modified. In this case, the date shown was added to the feature having a unique elevation of 571.3. If the elevation had not been unique to this feature, the same date would also have been added to any other feature group with the same elevation. Element names or component numbers (C45, C1, and C43) can be used alone or mixed in a command statement. While component numbers are simple to use, it is also easy to use the wrong ones.

- 30. If test results three and four (cohesion = 2.4 and friction angle = 21) were to be added to an existing incomplete test results data group, the following command would be used.
 - ? ADD TESTS EQ 83*2.4*85*21*END*WHERE C1 EQ DC-5

AND C77 EQ 576.3;

1 SELECTED DATA SETS -

?

In this case Cl (BORID) and C77 (TEST-ELEV) values uniquely identified the specific data group to be appended. To add more than one data element in the same repeating group, the component numbers without the prefix "C" must be used, as shown with a separating "*" symbol and "END*" before the WHERE clause. CHANGE command

- 31. The CHANGE command is used to modify one or several existing data element values. This command is used to correct errors that are found in the data base. Two examples of the CHANGE command are:
 - ? CHANGE C1 EQ DC-5* WHERE SID EQ 4;
 - 1 SELECTED DATA SETS -
 - ? CHANGE C93 EQ 38*WHERE C1 EQ DC-5 AND C91 EQ 371.2;
 - 1 SELECTED DATA SETS -

7

In the first command, an incorrect boring number is changed to DC-5 using the SID number. The SID and corresponding boring number can be determined by a query to the data base (see Part IV). In the second command, an incorrect blow count is changed to 38, by specifying the boring number and the unique elevation corresponding to the incorrect blow count. Details of the CHANGE command are the same as the ADD command.

REMOVE command

- 32. The purpose of the REMOVE command is to delete data from the data base. It is important to uniquely define the data to be removed so that other data are not lost. An example of the REMOVE command is:
 - ? REMOVE FEAT-DATE WHERE C1 EQ DC-5 AND C43 EQ 572.3;
 - 1 SELECTED DATA SETS -

?

The nomenclature has been previously defined. The exception is that the "*" is not used before the WHERE clause. In this example, the date is removed from the feature having a unique elevation of 572.3 for boring DC-5.

Multiple data elements cannot be removed by using one command; however, a complete data group can be removed using:

- ? REMOVE TREE C90 WHERE C1 EQ DC-5 AND C91 EQ 577.5;
- 1 SELECTED DATA SETS -

?

This command removes all data for the blow count group (C91 through C95) with an elevation of 577.5. The group name "BLOW-TESTS" could have been used instead of C90. If elevation had not been specified, all blow count groups for boring DC-5 would have been deleted.

Conditional terms

33. Conditional terms can be used in all WHERE clauses to specify a range or limit of element values such as elevations for data groups. An example is "WHERE ... AND C91 EQ 577.4* 561.2;" and means is equal to 577.4 through 561.2 (... indicates omitted conditions). Other terms are:

GT (greater than)
GE (greater than or equal to)
LT (less than)
LE (less than or equal to)
NE (not equal to)
SPANS (from to)

The terms NE and SPANS can also be used with a range (e.g., WHERE ... AND BLOW-CT NE 10*20; or WHERE ... AND C91 SPANS 10*50;). The WHERE clause can also specify where something exists like a remark in a group using "EXISTS" (e.g., ... AND C95 EXISTS), or where something does not exist using "FAILS" (e.g., ... AND BLOW-CT FAILS;). However, the use of exists and fails is not recommended because more data elements or groups could be modified than expected.

PART IV: DATA RETRIEVAL

34. There are three methods of retrieving data from the data base: ad hoc, Report Writer, and Program Language External (PLEX). The ad hoc retrievals are done interactively while in the data base by asking questions using the System 2000 Query Language (Intel Corp. 1981a). This method is the simplest and most flexible of the three methods because the data requested are quickly displayed during the time-sharing session and the user can see if it is the data wanted. The retrieved information can be saved into a data file, if desired. Each query requires a scan of the data base. On the other hand, Report Writer retrievals use a series of preprogrammed query commands that retrieve specified data and automatically produce a formatted report, table or file from a single scan of the data base. Report Writer command files can be developed using a helpful software package called "GENIUS" (Intel Corp. 1982), available on CDC for Corps-wide use and previewed by the following commands.

GET, LISTER/UN=CECELB LISTER, GENHELP, UN=CECE2K

Some knowledge of the data base query language plus the Report Writer features of System 2000 are needed. The PLEX retrievals are FORTRAN programs that interface with the data base to retrieve data required by the program (Intel Corp. 1983). Some computer programming experience is required to develop these programs, but the operational, they are easy to use.

35. In any retrieval, "--SHARED DBN IS--" should be used to open the data base for read only and prevent accidental damage. This form also allows other users to access and query the data base at the same time. The next sections describe the ad hoc query method. Report Writer command files and PLEX programs have not been developed, since data retrievals for graphics programs (boring logs, boring location plots, and contouring) require only ad-hoc retrievals. A potential Report Writer need is to produce the filled-in drilling log form (Eng Form 1836). However, many different formats are used in entering the data on this form, and many special versions of the Report Writer would be required. Thus, each CE District would need to develop its own Report Writer. To help meet this need, the boring log graphics program (Part V) has options, such as a remarks column, to produce a format similar to the columns a through g on Eng Form 1836.

- 36. Costs for retrievals depend on the query (number of times the data base is searched for the required data), the size of the data base, and other user-dependent variables, such as skill in using ad hoc commands and time on line with the data base. The cost can range from a few dollars to as high as \$20 for complex retrievals from a large data base (several hundred borings).
- 37. System 2000 allows commands to be entered on multiple lines from the user's terminal. All data base commands must end in a semicolon (;). The system will not execute any command until the semicolon is encountered (if omitted, but intended, it can be entered on the next line followed by a return). If multiple lines are used to input a command, a space should be used at the beginning of each continue line to prevent syntax errors.
- 38. The command to enter the data base system is -GETDB. The user then specifies the boring data base with the command:
 - ? USER,***; SHARED DBN IS BORDB; (*** is a password)

After queries are made and the user wishes to exit the data base, the following command will close the data base and exit to the CDC system.

? EXIT; (If this does not work the first time, "; EXIT;" will always work.)

If a query command starts producing an unwanted listing, the listing can usually be stopped by using the "Break" or "Interrupt" key on the terminal.

Output Files

39. Retrieved data can be directed to an output file for later use in analyses or graphics programs. The commands used in retrieving the data can also be directed to a file. The following describes how commands and retrieved data are saved in files.

Report files

- 40. Normally the Report File, which will contain the results of the queries, is assigned to OUTPUT, the user's terminal. However, the user can designate a file name for output which can then be saved. The following sequence of commands is used:
 - ? REPORT FILE IS OUT1;
 - ? (Ad hoc retrieval commands)
 - ? REPORT FILE IS OUTPUT;

Multiple query commands can be entered on separate lines, and the retrieved data will be sequentially appended to the file OUTL. The format of the data in file OUTL will depend on the query command used. The last statement returns any further output to the user's terminal. After exiting from the data base, the temporary file OUTL can be saved as a permanent file with the command:

SAVE, OUT1

The file is then accessed like any other permanent file on $\ensuremath{\mathsf{CDC}}$. Message file

- 41. A message file generated while in the data base contains a list of user commands and any error messages that resulted from the commands. A file name can be assigned to this file just like the report file above. The same name can be used in both commands to document the commands and results of the queries. The commands are illustrated as follows:
 - ? REPORT FILE IS OUT2;
 - ? MESSAGE FILE IS OUT2;
 - ? (Ad hoc retrievals)
 - ? REPORT FILE IS OUTPUT;

7

The file OUT2 will contain the query commands, any error messages, and the retrieved data.

Ad Hoc Retrievals

4?. To facilitate data retrieval, the System 2000 query language with commands, operators, and clauses is used. The queries are generally simple commands that the user initiates to rapidly retrieve specific data from the data base. Some requests can become complicated with titles and paging information, but the costs for such requests generally dictates that a Report Writer command file be used. The following discussion is not an exhaustive reference, but important types of commands are described that are particularly useful in extracting data or reviewing information and data in the data base.

The queries in this section are limited to version 2.6. Extended query commands are available for the recently installed version 2.8. The user is referred to the System 2000 QUEST Language Manual (Intel Corp. 1981a) for more detailed information on the query language. All data base component numbers and element names used in examples in this section are described in Table 1. PRINT command

43. The PRINT command allows the user to print any data from the data base in a sequential vertical list. Two examples are:

PRINT BORID;

PRINT FEAT-NAME WHERE BORID EQ DC-4;

The first request would list all boring numbers in the data base. The second request would list all feature names only for boring DC-4. Element names and component numbers can be used alone or intermixed (e.g., PRINT BORID,C12,C13 WHERE C1 EQ DC-4;). If the top level information for a boring was wanted, a system operator /GROUP/ would be used.

PRINT/GROUP/CO WHERE C1 EQ DC-4;
PRINT C1,C40 WHERE C1 EQ DC-5 AND FEAT-ELEV LE 590.0;

The first request would list the top level information (C1 through C29) for boring DC-4. If CO were used without /GROUP/ everything for that boring would be listed. The operator /GROUP/ does not have to be used for repeating groups when the group component number or name is used. In the second request the boring number and all feature data for elevations less than or equal to 590.0 would be listed. The PRINT command lists one data component number and data element value per line. The data element name can be printed in the listing instead of the component number, if desired by using the operator /NAME/ as shown in the following example.

PRINT/NAME/C1,C40 WHERE C1 EQ DC-5 AND FEAT-ELEV LE 590.0;

The term /STUB SUPPRESS/ can be used in place of /NAME/ to suppress both the component name and number. PRINT statements can be used with any correct WHERE clause, described in the previous section on modifications (paragraph 27). The term OR can be used in place of AND to specify several elements (e.g., ... WHERE C1 EQ DC-5 OR C1 EQ DC-7 OR C1 EQ DC-8;). An "ORDERED BY" specification can be included in the PRINT statement when a WHERE clause is used, as described later.

LIST command

44. The LIST command is similar to the PRINT command except that the data values are spread across the page in a tabular format with the data element name at the top of each column. The LIST command prints out to 80 characters, then wraps around to the next line. An error message may result, if a component column crosses the 80 character limit. Caution should be used not to exceed the limit of the line printer. The operators /GROUP/ and /NAME/ cannot be used with the LIST command. Several examples of the list command are:

LIST C1,C12,C13,C25,C27 WHERE C6 EQ PRADO DAM EMBANKMENT; LIST C1,FEAT-ELEV,FEAT-NAME WHERE C1 EQ DC-5; LIST C1,C41,C43 WHERE C5 EQ PRADO DAM EMBANKMENT AND C41 EQ WT;

The first command will tabulate the boring number, local coordinates, top of hole elevation, and depth for all specified project borings. The second request will tabulate the boring number and all feature elevations and feature names for boring DC-5 (i.e., a simple boring log table). The last request will tabulate boring number, water table (WT), and all water table elevations for the specified project. Data values are listed out in the same order as they were entered during data entry. Use of the ORDERED BY clause, described next, may be necessary to ensure an ordered tabulation.

Ordering statements

45. The ORDERED BY clause allows the user to sequence the output in ascending (low) or descending (high) order according to data elements associated with the request. There must be a comma between the list of data elements and the ORDERED BY clause. NON-KEY data elements cannot be used in the ORDERED BY clause. Ascending order is assumed by System 2000, for example:

LIST BORID, LOC-NS, LOC-EW, DEPTH, ORDERED BY LOC-NS, LOC-EW WHERE C5 EQ PRADO DAM EMBANKMENT AND C1 EXISTS;

will list in increasing order for LOC-NS and where two or more borings have the same north-south coordinate, in increasing order for east-west coordinates. Using EXISTS will cause the data for all borings to be listed, including any without coordinates (with a blank space under the coordinate columns). If descending order is described, the HIGH and LOW modifiers should be used in front of each data element as shown next.

LIST C1,C12,C13,C25,C27, ORDERED BY HIGH C25, LOW C27 WHERE ...; LIST TOP-HOLE,C43,C41,OB HIGH C43 WH C1 EQ DH 1606;

In the first request, the listing would be ordered by decreasing elevation and increasing depth for borings with duplicate top of hole elevations. The second request would produce a brief log by decreasing elevation of feature descriptions for the drill hole. Two letter abbreviations can be used for certain items (see paragraph 50). The ORDERED BY clause can also be used in the PRINT command:

PRINT C1, TOP-HOLE, FEAT-ELEV, FEAT-NAME, FEAT-DESC, OB HIGH FEAT-ELEV WHERE C1 SPANS DC-1*DC-5:

A sequential list of brief logs of borings DC-1 through DC-5 would be produced.

System functions

46. System 2000 can also produce the following statistical data: COUNT (BORID) - count how many borings exist.

MIN (TOP-HOLE) - determine the minimum top of hole elevation.

MAX (DEPTH) - determine the maximum boring depth.

AVG (DAYS-DRILL) - determine the average of number of days to drill a hole

SUM (DAYS-DRILL) - sum the number of drilling days.

SIGMA (BLOW-CT) - generate the standard deviation of all blow counts These functions can only be used in the LIST or PRINT commands, and not in a WHERE clause. An example is:

LIST COUNT(C93), MIN(C93), MAX(C93), SUM(C93), AVG(C93), SIGMA(C93), WHERE C1 EQ DC-5 AND BLOW-ELEV 577.3*523.4 AND C93 EXISTS;

DITTO command

47. After successfully typing in a long query and obtaining the desired listing, the user may want the same information for a different WHERE-clause condition. The DITTO command causes the previous command on the left of the WHERE clause to be reused. Using the above example, the user would enter the following to obtain the same information for another boring or elevation range.

DITTO WHERE C1 EQ DC-4 AND C93 EXISTS;

SAME command

48. The SAME command does the same as the DITTO command, but for the right side of the WHERE clause. The following example illustrates this command.

LIST C1,C43 WHERE C41 EQ WT AND C43 LE 567.4 AND C45 FAILS; LIST C12,C13 WH SAME;

Both the DITTO and SAME commands can be combined in the same LIST or PRINT command to duplicate a query for a better printout or because of transmission problems. The SAME command has an additive property to narrow or expand the search for data.

LIST C1,C43, OB HIGH C43 WHERE (C41 EQ CLAY-SILT OR C41 EQ SILTY-CLAY) AND C1 EQ DC-4;
DITTO WHERE SAME AND C43 EQ 567.5*550.0;
DITTO WHERE SAME OR C41 EQ WT;

The first command defines the feature names for a specific boring. The use of parentheses causes the OR specification to be done concurrently in one search and not in two searches. The second command adds the elevation limits and the third command expands the query to include water table features.

TALLY command

49. The TALLY command provides a summary of unique values and occurrences of KEY elements. WHERE clauses are not allowed. The format for the commands are:

TALLY/EACH/BORID; Prints the element name and a table of frequency versus unique value, then the number of unique values and total number of occurrences.

TALLY/ALL/LOC-NS; Prints the element name, minimum value, maximum value, number of unique values and total number of occurrences. (Useful for numerical values.)

Abbreviations

50. A number of abbreviations are allowed for queries to simplify their use. Valid abbreviations are:

PR = PRINT

LI = LIST

WH = WHERE

OB = ORDERED BY

DI = DITTO

SA = SAME

TA = TALLY

DESCRIBE command

51. The DESCRIBE command will print a directory of data base element component numbers and element names. Certain attributes (type and size) are

also shown. The command used to list all elements is "DESCRIBE;". To list only part of the data base elements, the component group numbers (Table 1) are used (e.g., DESCRIBE C40 THRU C60;).

Formatted LIST command

- 52. The LIST command can be used to list information in desired formats by using TITLE options. The TITLE options would generally be used for reports that require sorted lists of information or data. Three options can be defined in the TITLE clause:
 - a. D(nn) Text. Add a heading at the top of the report. The current date will be centered under the "Text" heading. If no text is added, only the date will be printed. Commas are not allowed in the heading. The value of nn is the starting position (in characters from the left) of the beginning character of "Text."
 - b. F(mm) Text. Add a report footing at the bottom of each page and specify a page size. The text will be printed following one blank line at the bottom of each page and will start in the leftmost print column. If "Text" is omitted, mm defines the page size (try 55).
 - c. Column-headers. Modify the headers on each column of output to print multiline, user-specified headers instead of data element names. The user will need to refer to the full System 2000 documentation for details on this option.
 - d. Examples. Page heading and footnote formats are:

LIST/TITLE D(20) SUMMARY OF BORING LOCATIONS/ ...;
LIST/TITLE F(55).COORDINATES ARE IN ASCENDING ORDER./ ...;

Headings, footnotes, and column-headers can be combined in one LIST command.

Ad Hoc Retrieval Examples

53. The following data base session, shown in Table 8, illustrates some of the data sets selected by the ad hoc retrievals discussed in the previous section. To limit the amount of output generated, some of the WHERE clauses are more restrictive in the examples than in the previous descriptions. The session accessed a small data base for about 1 hour and cost \$2.50.

Table 8

Data Base Ad Hoc Retrievals

```
/-GETDB
***
*** FOR SYSTEM 2000 VERSION 2.8 NEWS:
             GET, NEWS280/UN=CECE2K
             LIST,F=NEWS280
***
***
 "S2K 2,60F"
84/09/04. 15.45.32. BEGIN SYSTEM 2000 VERSION 2.60F
? USER, DLW; SHARED DBN IS BORDB;
                                              1 575 84/08/09, 08
 -556- ASSIGNED BORDB
? PRINT BORID;
 1* DUMMY
 1* DC-4
 1* DC-5
                                 ? PR/GROUP/CO WH C1 EQ B-494
 1* DC-6
 1* DC-23
 1* DC-55
                                 ? ;
 1* DC-56
 1* DC-57
                                  1* B-494
 1* DC-58
                                  2* BORING
 1* DC-59
                                  3* VERTICAL HOLE, FAILING 314
 1* DC-60
                                  4* SAMED-G
 1* DC-61
                                  5* TEN-TOM CANAL
 1* DC-62
                                  6* LOCK B SPILLWAY, DM NO. 23
 1* B-353
                                  7* SECTION G-G, SPILLWAY C/L
 1* B-454
                                  12* 1603340.00
 1x P-456
                                  13* 623725.00
 1本 3-460
                                  14* 1
 1* B-494
                                  15* ST PL COOR
                                  16* 08/28/1975
                                  17* MOB. A.B. TAYLOR
                                  18* CHILDERS
                                  19* APP III,DM
                                  22* COMPLETE
                                  24* FOUND INVES
                                  25*
                                        232.00
                                  26* 1
                                  27# 126.50
                                  28* 14
                                  29*
                                         18
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 1 of 10)

Table 8 (Continued)

```
T PR C1,C43 WH C41 EQ WT+
 14 DC-4
  43* 567,40
1* DC-4
  45* 566.80
1* B-353
  43* 232,50
1* B-454
  43* 224,90
18 8-460
  43* 222.70
1# B-456
  45% 224,50
18 8-494
  43* 219,90
PR FEAT-NAME WHERE BORID EQ B-494;
  41* CL CLAY
  41* CL CLAY
  41% SC SAND
  41* SM SAND
  41* GC GRAVEL
  41% GC GRAVEL
  41* GP-GM GRAV
  41# GC GRAVEL
  41* ML SILT
  41* ML SILT
  BIR CH CLAY
  41* CH CLAY
  41% CH CLAY
  41* SM SAND
  SIX CH CLAY
  41* CH CLAY
  41* SM SAND
  41* SM-ML SAND
  41% CH/CL CLAY
  41★ CHZCL CLAY
  41* SM SAND
  41* CH/CL CLAY
  AL* SM SAND
  #1* CH/CL CLAY
  4.* CH/OL CLAY
  41* SM SAND
  41* SM SAND
  41 # UT
  AIA EUTAW
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 10)

Table 8 'Continued)

۶ [.IST BC)RID,LO	C-NS,L	OC-E	J, DE	PTH:	ORDEF	RED BY	. LO	C-45.LOC-E	и мися	E
?	Có EQ	LOCK B	SPILL	WAY	Diri	NO.	23 ANI) C1 E	EXIS	T3;		
	BORID			LOC-	- NS		L	C-EW		DEPTH		
*	(*											
*	B-353									100.50		
	B-456									150.50		
*	B-460									132.70		
*	B-494		160	3340	.00		62373	25.00		126.50		
	_											
?	IST C	1,012,0	13,020	5 y C 2 7	, OB	HIGH				WHERE SAME	÷	
	BORID			LOC	-NS		Lt	DC-EW		TOP-HOLE		DEPTH
*	k 🛊											
*	B-353		16(2550	.00		6241	65 .0 0		234.10		100.50
*	B-494		160	3340	.00		6237	25.00		232.00	:	126.50
*	B-456		160	2891	.00		6239	68.00		232.00		150.50
*	B-460		160	3113	.00		6238	38.00		231.60	;	132.70
	···											
?	LIST B	0R10-1.F	0.08 1	30RI0	ИH	sip	EQ 14	418)				
	BORID		ć	5 I D								
*	* 4.											
	®-353			14								
ŧ	B-454			15								
*	B-456			16								
*	B-460			17								
*	B-494			18								

(Sheet 3 of 10)

Table 8 (Continued)

```
* LIST TOP-HOLE:C43:C41:OB HIGH C43 WH C1 EQ B-460;
     TOP-HOLE FEAT-ELEV
                              FEAT-NAME
 米米木
                              CL CLAY
       231.60
                    231.60
       231.60
                    228.60
                              CL CLAY
       231.60
                    225.60
                              CL CLAY
       231.60
                    224.10
                              CL CLAY
       231.60
                    222.70
                              WT
                    222.60
                              SC SAND
       231.60
       231.60
                    221.00
                              SP-SM SAND
       231.60
                    219.60
                              GP GRAVEL
       231.60
                    218.10
                              GP-GM GRAV
                              GP GRAVEL
       231.60
                    216.60
                    215.10
                              GW GRAVEL
       231,60
       231.60
                    213.60
                              GM GRAVEL
                    212.10
                              CH CLAY
       231.60
       231.60
                    212.00
                              EUTAW
       231.60
                    209.10
                              ML SILT
       231.60
                    198.80
                              CH/ML
       231.60
                    193.30
                              SM/ML
       231.60
                    193.20
                              SM/ML
       231.60
                              CL/CH CLAY
                    156.60
                              CH CLAY
       231,60
                    143.20
       231.60
                    138.50
                              CH/CL CLAY
       231.00
                    129.90
                              CH CLAY
       031.60
                    120.50
                              CL CLAY
       231.60
                              SC SAND
                    121.50
       231.60
                    118.80
                              SM/SF-SM
*
       231.60
                    118.70
                              SM/SP-SM
PILL FOR CONTROL WHICH ED DC-4)
   THENAME
                 TYP-NUM
                            TYP-LOC
***
 Y SET JAR
                            SPD LAB
 : CORE.BOX
                            SPD LAB
                      10
                            5.21REC 84
* ROD1
                      79
 Y RQD2
                      93
                            101 REC 93
 * RQD3
                      22
                            10' REC
                                    -24
3 RODS
                            101 REC 96
                      96
# R005
                      8.5
                            101 REC 90
* RQD6
                      0.4
                            10' REC 95
                            101 REC 92
 1 RODZ
                      90
 3 RQD8
                      97
                            101 REC 98
* FOD9
                      89
                            10' REC 91
                      91
                            101 REC 94
本 RQD10
```

(Sheet 4 of 10)

* LIST 01.010	+015+025+027 WH 05	EQ TEN-TOM CAN	là Là	
BORID	LOC-NS	LOC-EW	TOP-HOLE	DEPTH

* B-353	1302550.00	624165.00	234.10	100.50
* B-454	1302718.00	624072.00	232.50	131.80
* B-456	1602891.00	623968.00	232,00	150.50
* B-460	1603113.00	623838.00	231.60	132.70
* B-494	1603340.00	623725.00	232.00	126.50

? LIST Cl⊁FEA	THELEVIPEATHRAN	iE WH C1 EQ B-454:
BORID	FEAT-ELEV	FEAT-NAME
* * *		
# B-454	232.50	CL CLAY
* B-454	226.50	CH CLAY
* B-454	225.00	CL CLAY
* B-454 * B-454 * B-454	224.90	WT
* B-454	222.00	SC SAND
* B-454	220.50	CL CLAY
* B-454	217.50	GP GRAVEL
* B-454	210.00	SP SAND
* B-454	208.50	SF-SM SAND
* B-454	205.50	ML SILT
* B-454	180.50	CH CLAY
* B-454	174.50	
* B-454	154.20	CL/CH CLAY
* B-454	147.80	CH/CL CLAY
* B-454	140.50	CH/SM
* B-454	155.50	SM SILT
* 8-454	147.20	CH/CL SLAY
* B-454	125.90	CH CLAY
* B-454	122.50	SM/SC SAND
* B-454	117.90	SM SAND
* B-454	116.50	SM SAND
* B-454	105.70	SM SAND
* B-454	208.40	EUTAW

(Continued)

(Sheet 5 of 10)

Table 8 (Continued)

? LIST CO)UNT(C93),MIN(C9	3),MAX(C93)	AVG(C93),SIGMA	(093)	
? WH C1	EQ 8-353;				
***	17	4	84	22.706	20.654
? DITTO L	H C1 EQ B-454;				
***	18	1	100	20.556	22.364
? DITTO (JH C1 EQ B-456;				
***	15	2	43	20.400	11.451
? DITIO !	WH C1 ER 8-460;				
***	15	3	32	18.500	8.231
? DITIO	WH C1 ER B-494F				
***	17	1	39	19.353	11.880

(Sheet 6 of 10)

Table 8 (Continued)

```
? LIST C93:0B HIGH BLOW-ELEV WH C1 EQ B-303:
   BLOW-CTS
 米米米
           4
           8
          34
 *
 ķ
          84
         45
 *
          46
4
          34
         1.1
          9
         10
          10
          7
          18
          18
          18
          23
7 LIST C93,C91,OB MIGH C91 WH SAME
   BLOW-CTS
               BLOW-ELEV
                    233.1
           7
                    231.6
                    230.1
          8
          34
                    228.6
                    227.1
          84
          45
                    225.6
                    224.1
          46
                    222.6
          34
                    221.1
          11
                    219.6
          - 9
                    218.1
          10
          1.0
                    216.6
          - 7
                    215.1
          13
                    213.6
          18
                    212.1
          18
                    210 * 6
          23
                    209.1
```

(Sheet 7 of 10)

Table 8 (Continued)

TALLT/EACH *********	BORID# *********	: DC-60 ! DC-61
ELEMENT-	BORID	1 DC-62
****** ****	*****	1 DH- 1
FREQUENCY	VALUE	1 DH-2
		1 DUMMY
1.	BF-190-77	A 2' Q 1 1 1 1 1
1	BF-191-76	48 UNIQUE VALUES
1	P 1	
1.	B-350	49 OCCURRENCES
1	B-351	1 COLUMN TO CASE AND AND THE THE TWO CASE OF THE SECOND AND AND AND THE SECOND THE AND
1	B-352	and the second
ï	B-353	
1	£-354	
1	B-441	T TALLY/EACH/TEST-WANE)
1	B-442	*****************
1.	B-443	ELEMENT- TEST-NAME
1	B-444	******
1	B-445	FREQUENCY VALUE
1	B-446	
1	B-447	1 CONSOL.
1 1	B-448	1 INDEX
1	B-450 B-451	13 LIMITS
.i. 1	B-451	20 MA
1	B-452 B-453	10 PRESSURE
: 1	B-454	1 UNIAX COMP
į.	B-455	/ 1111 T MITTER 11 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1
1	B-456	6 UNIQUE VALUES
1	B-457	AZ OCCUPATION
1	B- 4 58	46 OCCURRENCES
1	B-459	. In this time we have the man the man and the man the man and the man the time the man the ma
1	B-460	? TALLY/ALL/093;
1	B-494	*************
i	B-495	ELEMENT- BLOW-CTS
1	B-496	***************
1	8-497	MINIMUM- 1
1.	B-498	11 A 17 A 11 W 11
1	B-505	MAXIMUM- 100
į	DC-23	TETERS OF TENERTY AND W. M. W. V.
i	I/C - 4	37 UNIQUE VALUES
	DC-5	ALL THE COLUMN TWO AND
Ī	00-55	100 OCCURRENCES
1	DC-54	
1	DC-57	ello to to
1.	DC-58	
1.	DC-59	
1	DC-6	

(Sheet 8 of 10)

Table 8 (Continued)

								
7 LIST 051.053	+C55+OB HIGH	CSS WH CI	EQ B-454	AND	051	EΩ	FLD	W . C . :
BOR-TOOL	BOR-SIZE	BOR-ELEV						

# FLD W.C.	23	231.50						
* FLD W.C.	22	230.00						
* FLD W.C.	23	228.5 0						
# FLD W.C.	21	227.00						
A FLO W.C.	24	225.50						
* FLD W.C.	18	224.00						
) FLD W.C.	19	222.50						
* FLO J.C.	21	221.00						
* FLD W.C.	26	219.50						
A FLD W.C.	23	218.00						
* FLD W.C.	15	216.50						
* FLD W.C.	9	215.00						
K FLU W.C.	10	213.50						
* FLO W.C.	13	212.00						
* FLD W.C.	11	210.50						
A FLD W.C.	19	207 .50						
# FLO W.C.	21	206.00						
* FLD W.C.	30	203.50						
* FLD W.C.	37	202.00						
* FUD W.C.	26	197.50						
* FLD W.C.	2 ¢	195.00						
* FLO W.C.	32	188.00						
* FLD W.C.	27	185.50						
* FLD W.C.	<u></u>	180.50						
<pre>4 FLD W.C.</pre>	25	176.00						
A FLO W.C.	27	170.50						
# PLO W.C.	27	166.00						
w FLD W.C.	29	158.00						
* FLD W.C.	18	15 3,00						
* FLD W.C.	* ************************************	151.20						
r FLD W.C.	14	146.20						
x FLD W.C.	1 4	142.30						
* FLD W.C.	1.4	136.50						
# FLD W.C.	1.6	133.50						
r FLD W.C.	18	130.00						
* FLD W.C.	15	124.00						
* FLD W.C.	16	121.00						
↑ FUD W.C.	27	114.00						
* FLD W.C.	28	110.80						
* FLO W.C.	28	102.50						
A								

(Sheet 9 of 10)

? LIST C71,C75,C77,C79,C81; TEST-NAME TEST-MAT		CB3,CB5,OB H TEST-ELEV	C83,C85,OB HIGH C77 WH C1 EQ TEST-ELEV TEST-RESULT1	R-494; Test-Result?	TEST-RESULT3	TEST-RESULT4
* LIMITS	כר כראא	225.50	LL = 42	PL = 20	W.C. ≈ 23.3	
* LIMITS	CL CLAY	221.00	LL = 40	FL = 17	W.C. = 23,5	
¥ MA		213,50	71% GRAVEL	21% SAND	8% FINES	D10= 0.21
* MA		208,50		9% SAND	91% FINES	110LT .074
¥ AA		184.20		20% SAND	80% FINES	D10LT .074
# #		116.10		85% SAND	15% FINES	D10LT .074
₹	CH CLAY	109,50		24% SAND	76% FINES	•
* CONSOL.	CH CLAY	109.50	SP GR=2.71	W1 = 20.3	DEN= 109.1	CSURC=0.10
1 1						
? DITTO WH C1 EQ 8-456;	EQ R-456;					
TEST-NAME	TEST-MAT	TEST-ELEV	TEST-RESULT1	TEST-RESULT2	TEST-RESULT3	TEST-RESULT4

* LIMITS	CL CLAY	227.00	LL = 24	FL = 14	W.C.= 17.5	
₹	GF GRAVEL	218,00	91% GRAVEL	8% SAND	1% FINES	[10- 5.1
* MA	GP GRAVEL	215,00	84% GRAVEL	3% SAND	3% FINES	010= 1.7
AM *		207.80	O % GRAVEL	69% SAND	31% FINES	1110LT .074
* LIMITS	CH CLAY	191,80	rr = 60	PL = 27	W.C. # 24.4	
* LIMITS	CH CLAY	127.00	= 10	n	W.C.= 26.3	
 7 FX1T\$						
-204- CLOSED	D BORDB			575 84/08/09. 08.44.46.	.91	
84/09/05, 12,24,10, END STOP S2K	24.10. END	SYSTEM 2000	VERSION 2.60F			

(Sheet 10 of 10)

PART V: GRAPHICS DISPLAY

- 54. The three graphics display programs available for use with the boring data base are:
 - a. BORMAP, to plot the location of borings.
 - b. BORCON, to contour selected elevation data.
 - <u>c.</u> BORLOG, to plot individual boring logs or profiles (cross sections) of selected logs.

Two steps are required to use these programs. The first step is to create a data file of the desired data from the data base (Part IV) and the second step is to access the desired program. Each program has the option of plotting at the graphics terminal and/or directing plots to a drum plotter. The programs require the use of a Tektronix type graphics terminal. The programs use the CE Graphics Compatibility System (GCS) with library routines that are outside the programmer's control. Thus, some inconveniences are encountered, such as unexpected screen erasures after an initial prompt and after completion of drum plot option prompts. Instructions to overcome this problem are given in the detailed descriptions. This part describes the capabilities and use of each program and gives examples of their use.

Boring Location Plots

Capabilities

55. The boring location plot program, BORMAP, asks for the data file name and allows the user to review the data file and select the data group desired for plotting. The user is then queried for plotting options. The options include data columns to plot, type of coordinates, plot title, scales, grid display, and symbol numbers with corresponding boring numbers. Local coordinates can be automatically converted to latitude and longitude by entering the values for the first listed boring. A polyconic projection can also be obtained. Files with station and offset can also be used (if they include column headings labeled "PSTA" and "POFF") and values are automatically converted to decimal numbers with offsets converted to plus and minus numbers. Boring location plots can be displayed at the graphics terminal and also directed to a drum plotter to produce a plot to a desired scale for use as an overlay on an existing map. The program is available on CDC and the Honeywell computer system.

BORMAP data files

56. The data file for use with BORMAP must be generated with the LIST command (paragraph 44). The file should contain the boring numbers and appropriate coordinates (C8,C9 and/or C12,C13). The WHERE clause in the LIST command should specify the desired borings (e.g., B-350*B-490). A simple way to specify borings is to use the SID numbers (e.g., WH C29 EQ 1*30 or WH C29 LE 10 AND C29 GE 40). Coordinate limits within which all existing borings are desired to be plotted can also be used (e.g., WH C12 EQ 1604500*1605000 AND C13 FQ 634000*636000). The data components can be in any order, since the program displays the headings for the user to select. If it is desired to have boring numbers listed in numerical order with the symbol numbers at the side of the plot, the ORDERED BY clause should be used for C1 when creating the data file (e.g., LIST C1,C8,C9,C12,C13,C25,OB C1 WH C1 EQ B-350*B-505). Data files that already exist with the desired data in the desired order can also be used. Multiple LIST commands can be issued and collected in the same REPORT file or in multiple REPORT files.

BORMAP execution

57. Access and execution of BORMAP is accomplished with the following command.

BEGIN, BORMAP

At the beginning of the program, two choices are given for selection of 80 or 132 character width screen by a GCS routine (choices 0 and K). Always choose 0, since K causes the program to stop with error messages. Next, enter the data file name when asked and answer the prompts described after the next paragraph.

BORMAP scales

58. The BORMAP program uses fractional map scales (e.g., 1:10,000) and displays the limiting scales of the data to be plotted to stay within the graphics screen limits. To produce a true scale drawing on the graphics terminal hard copy machine, entered scales are multiplied by five and the resulting scales are shown at the top of the plot. For example, if the limiting scales for the data were 1:1,000 and 1:2,000 and scales of 1:2,000 were selected for both coordinate sets, then the resulting plot would have scales of 1:10,000. Thus, to obtain an engineer scale of 1 in. = 1000 ft (12,000 in.) for this example, scales of 1:2,400 should be selected to produce a hard copy with scales of 1:12,000. Plots directed to drum plotter are drawn to the

user-specified scales. In the above example the drum plot would be drawn accurately to a scale of 1:2,400 (even though the preview plot on the screen would be drawn to the scale of 1:12,000).

BORMAP prompts

59. The program prompts and their results are described below.

DATA FILE NAME? (ENTER 04 TO KEEP CURRENT FILE)

The user should enter the file name for the first plot and can then enter 04 for other plots with the same data later in the session.

RECORD # & # LINES TO BE PRINTED? (ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATA FILE)

In the event that a data file contains the results of multiple LIST commands, enter the number of the corresponding record number (otherwise, enter a 1), followed by the number of lines to be displayed. A response that exceeds the number of records in the file will simply cause a message, "END-OF-FILE" to be displayed and the same prompt to be shown.

IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N)?

A response of N will cause the preceding prompt to be displayed. This option is useful for examining the contents of the data file to check the file contents or sequence of data groups.

ENTER X-COL# & Y-COL# (OR LAT# & LONG#)

The pair of numbers identifying the columns containing the desired coordinates are entered. Note that in the event that the column headings are either LAT and LONG or LOC N-S & LOC E-W, the order of the entered numbers is ignored. The vertical ordinate is always LAT or LOC N-S and the horizontal ordinate is always LONG or LOC E-W. In the event that the column numbers entered are for LOC N-S and LOC E-W, a second prompt "ARE LOC N-S & LOC E-W ALREADY IN DEGREES (Y OR N)?" is issued. A response of Y will cause the prompt "DO YOU WANT TO LIST 04?" to be displayed. An answer of N will cause the query "DO YOU WANT TO CONVERT TO LAT & LONG (Y/N)?" to be displayed. An answer of N will result in the query:

ENTER LAT (DDMMSS.SS) & LONG (DDDMMSS.SS) OF THE 1ST GIVEN NS & EW POINT IN RECORD

The latitude and longitude of the first (usable) pair of coordinates in the record is entered. The entered coordinates are used to convert all coordinates from feet to degrees.

DO YOU WANT TO LIST 04?

Entering Y produces the listing and N causes the program to skip to the next prompt.

PLOT TITLE?

The plot title is entered (50 characters maximum) and will appear across the top of the plot.

BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT

If the response is Y, the plotted points will be numbered (1, 2, 3, 4, etc.) and a table of these numbers and corresponding boring numbers will be included on the right side of the plot. If N is entered, numbers and the table will not be shown on the plot.

SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER O-AUTO 1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE Entering O results in automatic grid scaling for the limits of the data. Entering 1 allows user selection of the grid scale limits. Entering 2 specifies that the grid scale used for the last plot in the current session is to be used for the next plot.

DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN? (Y/N OR H IF YOU WANT THE GRID TICK LINES BUT NO LABELS)

Entering Y produces a complete grid with coordinate labels and N suppresses the grid and labels. Entering H produces tick lines around the border and at grid intersections.

> CHOOSE VERT SCALE >=1: XXXX CHOOSE HORZ SCALE >=1: XXXX

The minimum scale values for the data to fit on the screen are shown and the user enters desired values equal to or greater than those shown (e.g., 2,400, 2,400 for equal vertical and horizontal scales to produce an engineering scale of 1 in. = 1000 ft, i.e., $5 \times 2,400 = 1:12,000$). If scaling operations are to be set manually (a choice in a preceding prompt), then the prompt requesting vertical and horizontal scales is replaced with a display of the maximum and minimum values of the x and y coordinates and the user is asked to enter the desired values (e.g., 622,500, 625,500, 1,601,000, 1,605,000).

ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER? Y/N/M-- (M FOR MAYBE-GIVES PREVIEW ON SCREEN)

After entering the desired option the following message appears:

MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN

At this point the user can copy the screen before hitting the return key. On CDC the user should enter a number (e.g., 3) before hitting the return key (otherwise the program may stop with a series of error messages). Entering Y

skips the screen plot and starts drum plot queries. A reply of N produces a plot on the screen and skips the drum plot option. Entering M produces a plot with options to send it to the drum plotter after review or to start a new plot. After every plot is finished, the terminal beeps to allow the user to copy the plot before hitting the return key. In the M option, after the plot is produced and return is entered, the user is asked "TO DRUM NOW?". If the reply is N, new plot queries are started. If the reply is Y on CDC, the user is asked for his user number. When the user number is entered, the screen should be copied before hitting the return key because the system responds that TAPE999 is the plot tape file and the screen is quickly erased. (The user has to contact the local ADP center to pull the plot file from CDC and plot it.) On the Honeywell system, the user is asked for his identification and other data to define the remote site and type of plot. After entering the type of plot options, the screen should be copied, since a snub number is displayed and the screen is immediately erased. It may be necessary for the user to contact the local ADP center to pull the plot file from the Division Honeywell system.

BORMAP examples

60. Table 9 shows examples of data file generation and use of the BORMAP program. In the first example, a data file is created for plots of boring locations using latitude and longitude to illustrate selection of data groups. The second example illustrates the use of one data group of local coordinates to produce plots of different scales, direct plots to a drum plotter (on CDC first and then on Honeywell) and finally to convert the local coordinates to latitude and longitude and plot the bring locations. The cost for these examples on CDC was about \$12.

Contouring

Capabilities

61. The contouring program, BORCON, for boring and subsurface data can produce a contour plot of any elevation or depth data. The program is the same as that for BORMAP with contouring added. The contouring option was adapted from a program developed by Mr. Fred Tracy, Automation Technology Center, US Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station. The user is asked for the data file name and questions about the options for columns to plot, type

Table 9

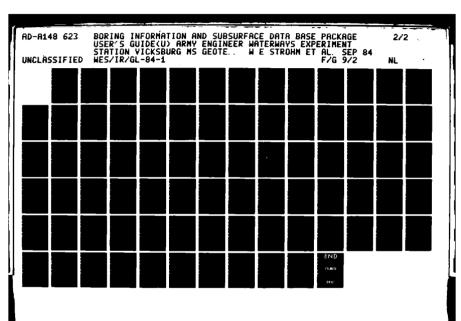
Example of Boring Location Plots Using Program BORMAP

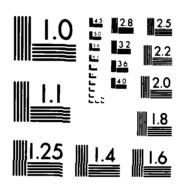
(Sheet 1 of 21)

Listing of Data File BIMBO

OLD, BIMBO				
BORID	SID	LAT	LONG	TOP-HOLE
*** * 16 * 53 * 54 * 15 * 52 * 14 * 51 * 13 * 50 * 26 * 80 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	11234567890D	300349.00 300355.00 300345.00 300404.00 300415.00 300420.00 300430.00 300436.00 300445.00 300015.00	912834.00 912842.00 912842.00 9128815.00 912815.00 912817.00 912817.00 912823.00 912823.00	-9.00 -9.00 -15.00 -4.00 -3.00 -4.00 -3.00 -4.00 -4.00 TOP-HOLE
770 8 71 8 22 8 63 8 62 8 66 8 59 8 61 8 21 8 0RID	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 LAT	912838.00 912922.00 912923.00 912928.00 912924.00 912922.00 912925.00 912925.00	300010.00 300005.00 300145.00 300147.00 300157.00 300223.00 300223.00 300230.00 300235.00	-4.00 -4.00 -1.00 1.00 -3.00 -5.00 -7.00 -2.00
# 558 # 557 # 166 # 112 # 129	300237.00 300247.00 300258.00 300258.00 300326.00 300328.00 300338.00 300449.00	912921.00 912922.00 912913.00 912917.00 912911.00 912916.00 912856.00 912829.00 912822.00		

(Sheet 2 of 21)





MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963 A

```
RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY DATAFILE NAME.
BORID

***

* 16

* 53

* 54
                                                                       LONG
                                                                                       TOP-HOLE
                             SID
                                          300349.00
300355.00
300345.00
BORID SID LAT LONG TOP-HOLE 1 2 3 4 5
IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) 7
*N
RECORD * & * LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
*3,5
BORID LAT
                                                         LONG
                          300237.00
300247.00
300309.00
IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
RECORD # % # LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
*2.5
BORID SID L
                                              LONG
                                                                                   TOP-HOLE
* 70
* 71
* 22
                                           912844.00
912838.00
912922.00
BORID SID LONG LAT
IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
RECORD & & & LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
*5.5
END OF FILE -REC * 5 TRY AGAIN RECORD & & & LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
*1.0
```

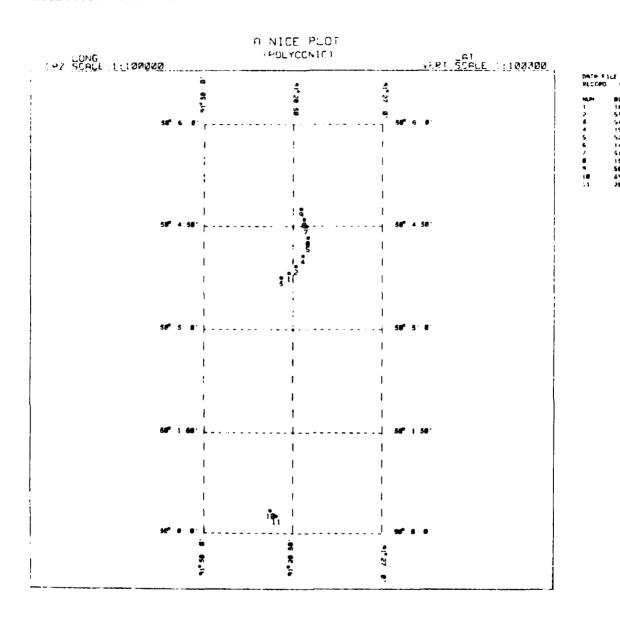
(Continued)

(Sheet 3 of 21)

```
LONG
 BORID
                                                                                                      TOP-HOLE
 IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
 ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
 *3,40 COL IS THE DESCRIPTOR ?
ZERO RESPONSE MEANS DESCRIPTOR WILL
BE CREATED AS 1,2,3,...N
     11 DATA LINES WRITTEN ON 04 ) YOU WANT TO LIST 04 ? (Y/N)
                                                                              -999.99
-999.99
-999.99
-999.99
-999.99
-999.99
-999.99
-999.99
                                          108229.00
108235.00
108225.00
108244.00
108255.00
                                                                                                       1534524
1515151569
                                           108260.00
108270.00
108276.00
 329393.00 108285.00 -99
329393.00 108285.00 -99
329327.00 108015.00 -99
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY YAY QUESTION WILL
REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'
 PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE GUIT TO GET DATAFILE GUERY)
-A NICE PLOT
DATA IS IN DEGREES--DO YOU WANT A POLYCONIC PROJECTION ? (Y/N)
 BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)
SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 8-AUTO
1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE
DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NG LABELS)
CHOOSE MAPSCALE >=1: 18186
=28888
ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER ?
VXNXM--(M for maybe-gives preview on screen)
•N
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN
```

(Sheet 4 of 21)

Table 9 (Continued)



(Sheet 5 of 21)

```
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY V/N QUESTION WILL RECIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'DATAFILE NAME'
DATAFILE NAME ?
*BIMBO
RECORD $ $ LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
*2.0
                                         LONG
                    SID
BORID
IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
enter x-cols & y-cols (on late & Lo

•3,4

which col is the descriptor ?

Zero response means descriptor will

Be created as 1,2,3,....
9 DATA LINES WRITTEN ON 04
DO YOU WANT TO LIST 04 7 (Y/N)
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'
PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY) -PLOT A
DATA IS IN DEGREES--DO YOU WANT A POLYCONIC PROJECTION ? (Y/N)
BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)
SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 8-AUTO
1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE
DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)
CHOOSE MAPSCALE >=1: 7575
=19800
ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER ?
Y/N/M--(M for maybe-gives preview on screen)
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 6 of 21)

Table 9 (Continued)

HONG HORZ SCALENT: 500	· 5		a - 2a	VERT SCALE.	130°R FILE -
	95 .Ir		~ •	ኔ ሄ	Numi BOR1 1 78 2 71
1 6	2 40			567 × 50°	\$ 22 4 64 5 62
	1		1	1	6 68 7 54 8 61
	 		l I	1	4 21
96 .	,	5			
	1	4 ; 5	1	I	
5 ₽ °	. 50	· !			
	1	1	! !	1	
	1	1	! !	 	
se	• • • • • •		· [50° 1 0°	
	1	1	t t	1	1
	1	 	1 1	į. I	ļ
50°	• se [.]]	!			
	į	i	i	i	ļ
	1	\$	1	• •	
3 6°	• • L		1	. Ž. J. 56° 0. 01	
	3	Ÿ.	3	41,59	

(Sheet 7 of 21)

-GETDB

'52K 2.60F'

84/04/18. 10.14.10. BEGIN SYSTEM 2000 UERSION 2.60F

7 USER, DLW; SHARED DBN IS BORDB; -556- ASSIGNED BCRDB

1 558 84/04/18. 10.13.14

? REPORT FILE IS TENTOM2;

? LIST C1,C12,C13,C25,C41,C43,OB C1 WH C41 EQ EUTAW;

? REPORT FILE IS OUTPUT;

CLOSED BORDB 1 558 84/04/18. 10.13.14

PEXIT; -506- CLOSE STOP SZK /SAVE, TENTOM2

(Continued)

(Sheet 8 of 21)

Table 9 (Continued)

CLD, TENTOME					
BORID	LOC-NS	loc-eu	TOP-HOLE	FEAT-NAME	FEAT-ELEU
** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 16021570.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 1602150.00 160215	6244025.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6224105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 6223105.000 622310	2 9000000000000000000000000000000000000		
* B-497 * B-498 * B-505	1604230.00 1602825.00 1603370.00	623885.00 623025.00 624040.00	230.40 232.30	EUTAW EUTAW EUTAW	212.40 207.90 212.80

(Sheet 9 of 21)

Table 9 (Continued)

/BEGIN, , BORMAP

IF YOU WANT TO USE ORD (80 CHARACTER RECORDS)
CALCOMP RJE PLOT ROUTINES, ENTER AN O.

IF YOU WANT TO USE KANSAS CITY(132 CHARACTER RECORDS)
CALCOMP RJE PLOT ROUTINES, ENTER A K.

(Continued)

(Sheet 10 of 21)

```
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY YAM QUESTION WILL RELIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY ADATAFILE NAME.
DATAFILE NAME ?
RECORD # & # LINES TO BE PRINTED ? (ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
   BORID
                                    LOC-NS
                                                             LOC-EW
                                                                                TOP-HOLE
                                                                                                   FEAT-ELEU
* BF-190-77
                                                        623252.00
624324.00
                             1602541.00
1603571.00
                                                                                   230.76
                                                                                                        268.29
 * BF-191-7E
                                         LOC-EW
                                                             TOP-HOLE
BORIT
                     LOC-NS
                                                                                  FEAT-ELEU
 IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
ARE LOC N-S & LOC E-W ALREADY IN DEGREES ? (Y/N)
DO YOU WANT TO CONVERT TO LAT & LONG P(Y/N)
WHICH COL IS THE DESCRIPTOR ?
ZERO RESPONSE MEANS DESCRIPTOR WILL
BE CREATED AS 1,2,3,...
47 DATA LINES WRITTEN CN 04
DO YOU WANT TO LIST 04 7 (Y/N)
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'
PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY)
•TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY BORING LOCATIONS, 1-IN = 1000 FT
BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)
SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 0-AUTO
1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE
DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)
CHOOSE UERT SCALE >=1: 2000
CHOOSE HORZ SCALE >=1: 1000
=2400,2400
ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER ?
V/N/M--(M for maybe-gives preview on screen)
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN
```

(Sheet 11 of 21)



LOC EVEL 1:12000

VEST STREET 1:120000

VEST STREET 1:1200000

VEST STREET 1:120000

VEST STREET 1:1200000

VEST STREET 1:1200000

VEST STREET 1:1200000

VEST STREET 1:1200000

VEST STREE

TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY BORINGS

(Continued)

(Sheet 12 of 21)

Table 9 (Continued)

A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY V/N QUESTION WILL
REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE GUERY 'DATAFILE NAME'

LATAFILE NAME ?
SENTER 04 TO KEEP CURRENT FILE)

DO YOU WANT TO LIST 04 ? (Y/N)

A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL
REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'

PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY)

TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY
BORING DESCRIFTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)

Y

SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 0-ALTO
1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE

DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF
YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)

CHOOSE UERT SCALE >=1: 2000
CHOOSE HORZ SCALE >=1: 1000

ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER ?
Y/N/M--(M FOR MAYBE-GIVES PREVIEW ON SCREEN)

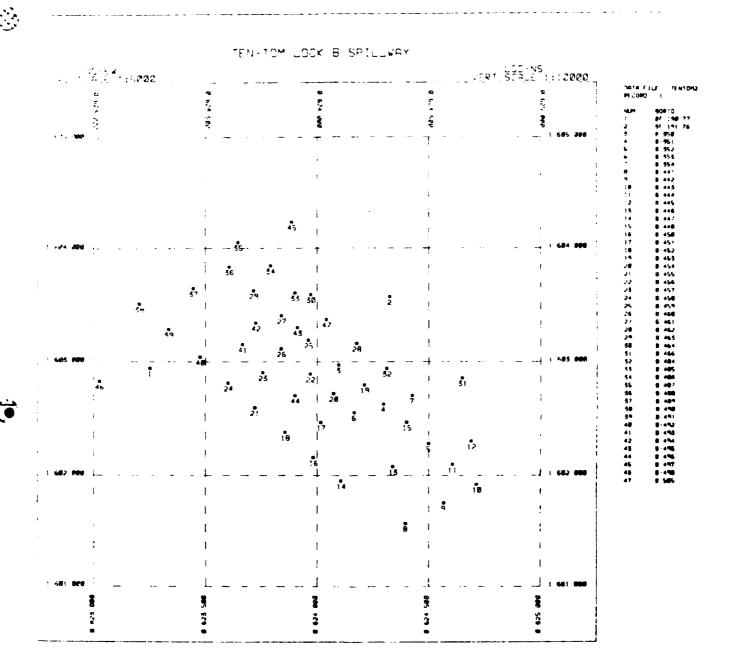
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN

(Continued)

102

(Sheet 13 of 21)

Table 9 (Continued)



(Sheet 14 of 21)

Table 9 (Continued)

and the contraction of the contr

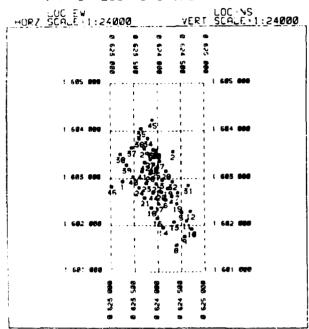
```
A PESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/M QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'DATAFILE NAME'
 DATAFILE NAME ?
"ENTOM?
RECORD & & LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
                                LOC-NS LOC-EU
                                                                            TOP-HOLE FEAT-ELEU
 # BF-190-77 1602941.00 623252.00
                                                                                                   208.20
 BORID LOC-NS LOC-EU
                                                           TOP-HOLE
                                                                              FEAT-ELEU
 IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
 ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
 ARE LOC N-S & LOC E-U ALREADY IN DEGREES ? (Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT TO CONVERT TO LAT & LONG 7(Y/N)
 WHICH COL IS THE DESCRIPTOR ?
ZERO RESPONSE MEANS DESCRIPTOR WILL
BE CREATED AS 1,2,3,...,N
 47 DATA LINES WRITTEN ON 64 DO YOU WANT TO LIST 84 7 (Y/N)
 A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'
PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY)
-TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY BORINGS
BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)
SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 8-AUTO 1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE
DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)
CHOOSE VERT SCALE ) • 1: 2000
CHOOSE HORZ SCALE ) • 1: 1000
• 4800,4800
ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER ?
V/N/M--(M for maybe-gives preview on screen)
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 15 of 21)



TEN TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY BORINGS





(Sheet 16 of 21)

```
Creation of Drum Plot File on
Honeywell Computer System
FOR LESI USERID NAME
PROCECT LESTROHM
INDIT STATION CODE FOR OUTPUT (00 IF NOT REMOTE)

100 PRIORITY (5 OR 40)

101 PRIORITY (5 OR 40)

102 PRIORITY (5 OR 40)

103 PRIORITY (5 OR 40)

104 PAPER, PEN 1-BLACK BALL POINT,
PEN 2-RED BALL POINT, REGULAR PEN SIZE)

PLOT TAPE DESCRIPTION (12 CHARACTERS MAX)

CMAR 1 - X
CMAR 2 - C
CMAR 3 - PAPER (P-PLAIN, G-CRID, S-SPECIAL)
CMAR 4 - PEN 1 TYPE (8-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CMAR 5 - PEN 1 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 6 - PEN 2 TYPE (8-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CMAR 7 - PEN 2 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 8 - PEN 3 TYPE (8-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CMAR 9 - PEN 3 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 10 - PEN 4 TYPE (8-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 10 - PEN 4 TYPE (8-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 11 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 12 - PEN 3 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 13 - PEN 4 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CMAR 15 - PEN 5 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-
```

TO DRUM NOW ? (Y/N)

Creation of Drum Plot File on CDC

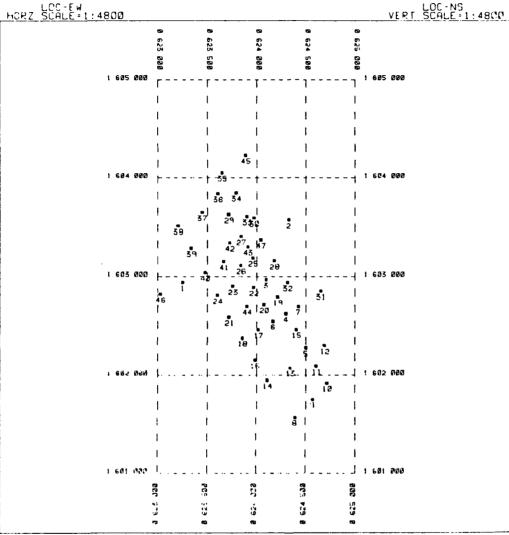
ENTER YOUR USER NUMBER ? CEROKE

Plot File Name is TAPE999

(Continued)

(Sheet 17 of 21)

TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY BORINGS LOC-EW HORZ SCALE = 1:4800



DATA FILE - TENTONS RECORD - 1

Copy of Drum Plot (Reduced to 42 percent)

(Continued)

(Sheet 18 of 21)

```
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY YAM QUESTION WILL SECURED CONTROL TO THE QUERY ADATAFILE NAME
 IATAFILE NAME ?
LENTER 84 TO KEEP CURRENT FILE)
TENTOM2
RECORD $ & $ LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
LENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
CENTER -1,0 TO EXIT)
1,4
BORID
LOC-NS
                                                                                    LOC-EU
                                                                                                             TOP-HOLE FEAT-NAME
   ***

* BF-190-77

* BF-191-76
                                         1602941.00
                                                                              623252.00
624324.00
                                                                                  TOP-HCLE
                                                                                                                                        FEAT-ELEU
   IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (V OR N) ?
   ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (GR LATS & LONGS)
   ARÉ LCC N-5 & LOC E-W ALREADY IN DEGREES ? (Y/N)
   DO YOU WANT TO CONJERT TO LAT & LONG F(Y/N)
 PY ENTER LAT (DDMMSS.SS) & LONG (DDDMMSS.SS)

CF THE 1ST GIVEN NS & EU POINT IN RECORD

340420.2,882534.4

WHICH COL IS THE DESCRIPTOR ?

ZERO RESPONSE MEANS DESCRIPTOR UILL

BE CREATED AS 1,2,3,....
47 DATA LINES WRITTEN ON 84
DO YOU WANT TO LIST 84 7 (Y/N)
                                              122660.20
122666.44
122660.49
122657.67
122657.63
122657.33
122656.33
122646.63
122648.46
122648.46
                                                                                                                 B-350
B-351
B-352
                                              122659.09
122651.81
122651.63
122651.63
122655.49
122655.49
122655.43
122658.75
122658.75
                                              122659.81
122658.90
122662.67
122661.90
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 19 of 21)



(Continued)

(Sheet 20 of 21)

Table 9 (Concluded)

TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY BORING LOCATIONS (LAT-LONG)

(Sheet 21 of 21)

of coordinates, scale, grid display, and point reference number or symbol display. Additional prompts ask whether contouring is desired, what column combinations and factor (e.g., col $5 \pm col 4$ times a factor) are to be used for plotting, and what boundary elevation code to use for the border of the plot to prevent unrealistic contours at the limits of the data. A boring location plot is drawn first, and then contours are added. The program does not provide for blocking out of interior areas where contours are not wanted. For example, if water table contours were drawn for an area with a high, impervious ridge of rock through the middle of an area, contour for water table elevations would also be drawn through the ridge. One way to overcome this problem might be to outline the ridge with additional data points of the same elevation that is higher than any adjacent point outside the ridge. Contour plots can be displayed at the graphics terminal (Tektronix or equivalent), or directed to a flat bed plotter to produce a plot to a desired scale for use as an overlay on an existing map. The program at present is available only on the Honeywell computer system. Selection and use of scales is the same as for the BORMAP program.

BORCON data files

62. The data file for use with BORCON must be generated with the LIST command. The file is generated in the same manner as for the BORMAP program (paragraph 56). The file should contain the elevation or depth data needed for contouring. BORCON allows the use of a contour values derived from any column plus or minus any other column times a factor. Data files already generated that include desired data can be used, since the program displays the data groups and columns for selection of data by the user.

BORCON examples

63. Table 10 shows two examples of contouring plots on the Honeywell computer system. In the first example, one feature elevation (top of Eutaw formation) is plotted. In the second example, the thickness of alluvium is contoured. The four separate plots cost \$35 on the WES Honeywell system.

Boring Log Plots

Capabilities

64. The boring log program, BORLOG, asks the user for a data file name, displays a summary of the data, and asks questions to set the plotting options.

Table 10
Examples of Contouring Subsurface Data Using Program BORCON

```
SOURCE LINE 19370

(W)1470 EQUALITY OR NON-EQUALITY COMPARISON MAY NOT BE MEANINGFUL I N LOGICAL IF EXPRESSIONS
SOURCE LINE 22010

(W)1470 EQUALITY OR NON-EQUALITY COMPARISON MAY NOT BE MEANINGFUL I N LOGICAL IF EXPRESSIONS
SOURCE LINE 46570

(W)1470 EQUALITY OR NON-EQUALITY COMPARISON MAY NOT BE MEANINGFUL I N LOGICAL IF EXPRESSIONS
SOURCE LINE 52318

(W)1470 EQUALITY OR NON-EQUALITY COMPARISON MAY NOT BE MEANINGFUL I N LOGICAL IF EXPRESSIONS
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL
REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'DATAFILE NAME'
DATAFILE NAME ?
•TENTOM2
RECORD & & $ LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
•123
 PORID
                                              LOC-NS
                                                                              LOC-EW
                                                                                                       TOP-HOLE
                                                                                                                              FEAT-ELEU
 XXX
 # BF-190-77
                                     1602941.00
                                                                        623252.00
                                                                                                           230.70
                                                                                                                                     208.20
                          LOC-NS
                                                     LOC-EW
                                                                               TOP-HOLE
 IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
 ARE LOC N-S & LOC E-W ALREADY IN DEGREES ? (Y/N)
DO YOU WANT TO CONVERT TO LAT & LONG ?(Y/N)
DO YOU WANT TO CONTOUR SOMETHING CONTAINED IN THIS RECORD ? (Y/N)
YOU MAY CONTOUR THE RESULT OF ANY COL +/- ANOTHER COL TIMES A FACTOR
TO SPECIFY, ENTER 3 NUMBERS. I.E., TO CONTOUR COLSS-COLS3 TIMES 12, ENTER 5,-3,12. TO CONTOUR ONLY COLSS, ENTER 5,0,1
```

(Sheet 1 of 10)

```
WHICH COL IS THE DESCRIPTOR ?
ZERO RESPONSE MEANS DESCRIPTOR WILL

BE CREATED AS 1,2,3,...N

1 47 DATA LINES WRITTEN ON 04
DO YOU WANT TO LIST 04 ? (Y/N)

A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL
REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'

PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY)

2 FT CONTOURS ON TOP OF EUTAW
BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)

SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 0-AUTO
1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE

0
DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF
YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)

Y
DO YOU WANT CONTOUR POINT UALUES PRINTED
ON THE CONTOUR PLOT ? (Y/N)

N
CHOOSE VERT SCALE >=1: 2000
CHOOSE HORZ SCALE >=1: 1000
2400,2400
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN CONTOUR AND CONTOUR INTERVAL ?

2240,2400
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN CONTOUR AND CONTOUR INTERVAL ?

2240,2400
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN CONTOUR AND CONTOUR INTERVAL ?

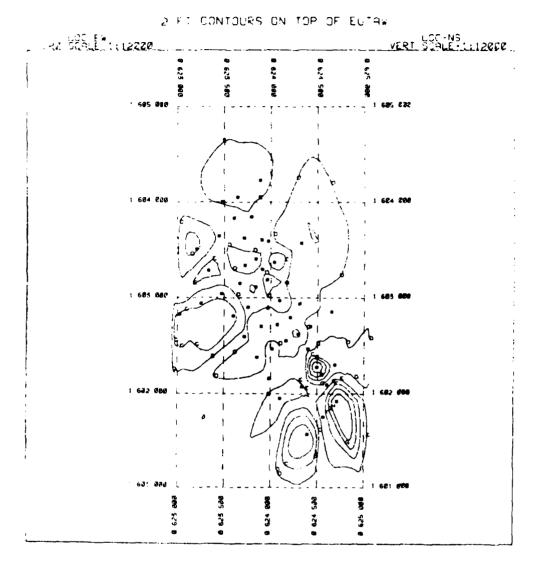
2240,2400
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN CONTOUR AND CONTOUR INTERVAL ?

2240,2400
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN ENTER 0-DO NOT ASSIGN ELEVATIONS
1-ASSIGN MINIMUM ELEU (FOR HILL)
2-ASSIGN MINIMUM ELEU (FOR HILL)
3-ASSIGN MINIMUM ELEU (FOR HILLEVALLEY)

3ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER ?
Y/N/M--(M for maybo-gives preview on screen)
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 10)



DATA FILE TENTON;
#ECORDO -- 1
TONTCURENCE
1: 13MES
FEET ELEV
90UNC: CODE - 5
80UNC: CODE - 5
80UNC: ELEV - 211
CONTOURS
A - 288.
C - 288.
C - 212.
C - 212.
C - 212.
C - 214.

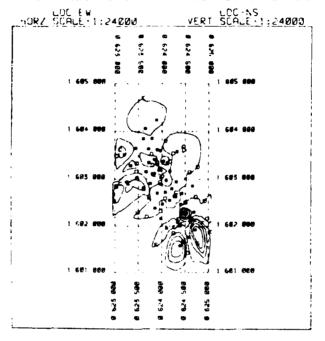
(Sheet 3 of 10)

```
DATAFILE NAME ?
 RECORD & & & LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 8.8 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
 -1,3
                                   LOC-NS
                                                           LOC-EU
                                                                             TOP-HOLE
                                                                                              FEAT-ELEU
 ###
# BF-190-77
                             1602941.00
                                                       623252.00
                                                                                230.70
                                                                                                    201.20
 BORID
                                                           TOP-HOLE
                    LOC-NS
                                        LOC-EW
                                                                              FEAT-ELEU
5
 IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
 ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
 ARE LOC N-S & LOC E-W ALREADY IN DEGREES ? (Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT TO CONVERT TO LAT & LONG ?(Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT TO CONTOUR SOMETHING CONTAINED IN THIS RECORD ? (Y/N)
 YOU MAY CONTOUR THE RESULT OF ANY COL +/- ANOTHER COL TIMES A FACTOR
 TO SPECIFY, ENTER 3 NUMBERS. I.E., TO CONTOUR COLOS-COLOS TIMES 12, ENTER 5,-3,12. TO CONTOUR ONLY COLOS, ENTER 5,0,1
 47 DATA LINES URITTEN ON 84 DO YOU WANT TO LIST 84 7 (Y/N)
 A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'
PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY) **TENTON LOCK B SPILLUAY CONTOURS TOP EUTAY BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)
 SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 8-AUTO
1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE
 DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/M OR M IF
YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)
 DO YOU STILL/NOW WANT TO INCLUDE CONTOURING ? (Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT CONTOUR POINT VALUES PRINTED ON THE CONTOUR PLOT ? (Y/N)
CHOOSE VERT SCALE >-1: 2000
CHOOSE HORZ SCALE >-1: 1000
-4800 4800
MIN EL 203.00 MAX EL 219.30
MIN CONTOUR AND CONTOUR INTERVAL ?
#204.2
BORDER ELEVATIONS MAY BE ESTABLISHED ALONG THE
OUTER GRID TICLINES. --- ASSIGNED AS:
ENTER ØD-DO NOT ASSIGN ELEVATIONS
1--ASSIGN MINITUM ELEV (FOR WALLEY)
3--ASSIGN MAXIMUM ELEV (FOR WALLEY)
3--ASSIGN (MIN-MAX)/2 (FOR WILLSVALLEY)
ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER TO MANAGEMENT OF STREET
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 4 of 10)

N-TOME LOCK B SPEECHAY CONTOURS TOP EUTAW



URTA FILE FENTON2

BECORD-1

CONTOURING

1 1185

FERT ELEV

BOUND COCE-5

BOUND ELEV-211

CONTOURS

A - 284.

B - 286.

7 - 288.

7 - 218

E - 212.

(Continued)

(Sheet 5 of 10)

Table 10 (Continued)

```
ENTER IDENT CARD INFORMATION
FOR WES: USERID, NAME
"REGREAC, GL-STROMM
INPUT STATION CODE FOR OUTPUT (00 IF NOT REMOTE)
"20
INPUT PRIORITY (5 OR 40)
"5
WANT DEFAULT SETTINGS (YES-OR-NO)
(PLAIN PAPER, PEN 1-BLACK BALL POINT,
PEN 2-RED BALL POINT, PEN 3-GREEN BALL POINT,
PEN 4-BLUE BALL POINT, REGULAR PEN SIZE)
"N
CHAR 1 - *
CHAR 2 - C
CHAR 3 - PAPER (P-PLAIN, G-GRID, S-SPECIAL)
CHAR 4 - PEN 1 TYPE (B-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CHAR 5 - PEN 1 COLOR (R-RED, G-GREEN, B-BLACK, U-BLUE)
CHAR 6 - PEN 2 TYPE (B-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CHAR 7 - PEN 3 TYPE (B-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CHAR 8 - PEN 3 TYPE (B-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CHAR 9 - PEN 3 TYPE (B-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CHAR 11 - PEN 4 TYPE (B-BALL POINT, L-LIQUID INK)
CHAR 12 - LIQUID INK PEN SIZE (R-REGULAR, F-FINE, X-EXTRA
FINE
EXAMPLE - TYPING IN THE FOLLOWING YIELDS A PLOT TAPE WITH
PLAIN PAPER AND PEN 1 BEING BLACK LIGUID INK

**CPLB
ENTER DESCRIPTION
**CPLU

Drum Plot Copy not Included
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 6 of 10)

Table 10 (Continued)

```
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY YAM QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'DATAFILE MAME'
DATAFILE NAME ?

-TENTOM2

PECCED & & B LINES TO BE PRINTED ?

(ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
 *1,3
BORID
                                      LCC-NS
                                                                LCC-EW
                                                                                     TOP-HOLE FEAT-ELEU
 * BF-190-77
                             1602941.00
                                                            623252.20
                                                                                        230.70
                                           LOC-EN
                      LOC-NS
                                                                  TOP-HOLE
                                                                                       FEAT-ELEU
 IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
 ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
 *2,3
APE LOC N-S & LOC E-W ALREADY IN DEGREES ? (Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT TO CONVERT TO LAT & LONG P(Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT TO CONTOUR SOMETHING CONTAINED IN THIS RECORD ? (Y/N)
YOU MAY CONTOUR THE RESULT OF ANY COL +/- ANOTHER COL TIMES A FACTOR
 TG SPECIFY, ENTER 3 NUMBERS. I.E., TO CONTOUR COLSS-COLS3 TIMES 12, ENTER 5,-3,12. TO CONTOUR ONLY COLS5, ENTER 5,0,1
#4,-5,:
#HICH COL IS THE DESCRIPTOR ?
ZERC RESPONSE MEANS DESCRIPTOR WILL
BE CREATED AS 1,2,3,...N
47 DATA LINES WRITTEN ON 64
DO YOU WANT TO LIST 64 ? (Y/N)
 A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'
PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY) -TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY CONTOURS THICK ALLUULUM BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)
SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 0-AUTO
1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE
DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)
 DO YOU STILL/NOW WANT TO INCLUDE CONTOURING ? (Y/N)
DO YOU WANT CONTOUR POINT VALUES PRINTED ON THE CONTOUR PLOT ? (Y/N)
CHOOSE VERT SCALE >=1:
CHOOSE MORZ SCALE >=1:
=2400,2400
MIN EL 19.50 MAX EL=
 MIN CONTOUR AND CONTOUR INTERUAL ?
**20.2

**BORDER ELEVATIONS MAY BE ESTABLISHED ALONG THE OUTER GRID TICLINES.--- ASSIGNED AS:

ENTER 0--DO NOT ASSIGN ELEVATIONS

1--ASSIGN MINIMUM ELEV (FOR HILL)

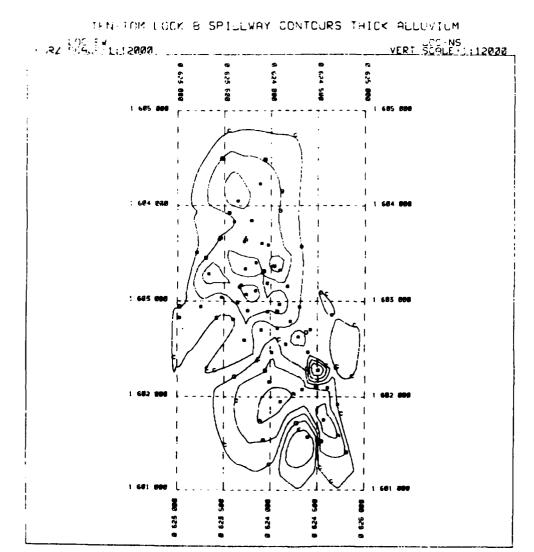
2--ASSIGN MAXIMUM ELEV (FOR HILLEV)

3--ASSIGN (MIN+MAX)/2 (FOR HILLEVALLEY)
ARE THE GRAPHICS TO GO TO THE DRUM PLOTTER ? V/N/M--(M for maybe-gives preview on screen)
MAKE COPY AND/OR HIT RETURN
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 7 of 10)





DATA FILE - TENTOM2
RECORD - :
CONTOURING
I. FIMES
10P NCLL FERT-CLEV
BOLAD. CODE - 8

A - 20. B - 22. G - 24.

0 - 22. C - 24. D - 26.

(Continued)

(Sheet 8 of 10)

Carrier of the state of the sta

```
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY V/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'DATAFILE NAME'
  CATAFILE NAME ?
  TENTENTE
RECORD & & 1 LINES TO BE PRINTED ?
(ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
  SORID
                                    LOC-NS
                                                             100-Eu
                                                                               TOP-HOLE FEAT-ELEU
  # BF-190-77
                          1602941.00
                                                        623252.00
                                                                                                      208.20
                     LOC-NS
                                                             TOP-HOLE
                                                                                FEAT-ELEU
  IS THIS THE RECORD YOU WANT (Y OR N) ?
  ENTER X-COLS & Y-COLS (OR LATS & LONGS)
  ARE LOC N-S & LOC E-W ALREADY IN DEGREES ? (Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT TO CONVERT TO LAT & LONG P(Y/N)
 DO YOU WANT TO CONTOUR SOMETHING CONTAINED IN THIS RECORD ? (Y/N)
 YOU MAY CONTOUR THE RESULT OF ANY COL +/- ANOTHER COL TIMES A FACTOR
 TO SPECIFY, ENTER 3 NUMBERS. I.E., TO CO COL$5-COL$3 TIMES 12, ENTER 5,-3,12. TO CONTOUR ONLY COL$5, ENTER 5,0,1 4,-5,1 UHICH COL IS THE DESCRIPTOR ? ZERO RESPONSE MEANS DESCRIPTOR WILL BE CREATED AS 1,2,3,....
                                                         TO CONTOUR
 A7 DATA LINES WRITTEN ON 84
DO YOU WANT TO LIST 84 7 (YYN)
A RESPONSE OF R TO ANY Y/N QUESTION WILL REDIRECT CONTROL TO THE QUERY 'TITLE'
PLOT TITLE ? (TYPE QUIT TO GET DATAFILE QUERY)
"TEN-TOM LOCK B SPILLWAY CONTOURS THICK ALLUJUM
BORING DESCRIPTORS TO BE PRINTED ON PLOT ? (Y/N)
SCALING OPTIONS. ENTER 8-AUTO 1-SET MANUALLY 2-USE LAST SCALE
DO YOU WANT THE GRID DRAWN ? (Y/N OR H IF YOU WANT THE GRID TICLINES BUT NO LABELS)
DO YOU STILL/NOW WANT TO INCLUDE CONTOURING ? (Y/N)
DO YOU WANT CONTOUR POINT VALUES PRINTED ON THE CONTOUR PLOT ? (Y/N)
CHOOSE WERT SCALE >-1:
CHOOSE HORZ SCALE >-1:
                                            2008
-4800,4800
MIN EL-
                19.50 MAX EL.
                                             31.50
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 9 of 10)

\$\(\frac{\partial}{\partial}\tau\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\partial\parti

```
MIN CONTGUR AND CONTOUR INTERVAL ?

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*30,2

*
```

Drum Plot Copy not Included

Options include plotting of any or all elevation type data, drum plots, number of feet of log per frame (screen) or vertical scale for preview plots and profiles of logs, reference elevation, cutoff elevation, and horizontal scale for profiles. One or more plots will be generated per screen, depending on the plot width (number of different elevation data elements). Plots of single borings can be sent to the drum plotter for page size copies to be included in design or construction documents. Tall plots of single borings or of a series of borings at a specified vertical scale can also be directed to a drum plotter. Plots for drum plotting can be previewed at the graphics terminal before deciding whether a drum plot is desired. Previewed tall plots are drawn to a small size to show how they will fit on the drum plotter paper size. The small text characters on the screen will be the proper size on the drum plot.

BORLOG data files

65. A data file for use with BORLOG must be generated from the data base with the PRINT command (paragraph 43) and contain all boring information and data, including the SID number (paragraph 27). The data file can be generated using a special procedure file to ensure sequential ordering of elevation data and clean plots. The following command is used to enter the data base and save the generated report file of selected data:

BEGIN, GETLOG

This command invokes System 2000 and the user types in the data base password and data base name as shown on the first sheet of Table 10. A special command file (BORORD) is then used to store retrieved data in a file called LOGFILE using a series of PRINT and COMMAND FILE statements also shown on sheet 1 of Table 11. After retrieving the desired data, the EXIT command is entered to close the data base. The user should then rename LOGFILE to a desired name for use with BORLOG with the following command:

CHANGE, NEWNAME=LOGFILE

If LOCFILE is not renamed and used with BORLOG, the next time the user issues the command, BEGIN, GETLOG a message will appear that LOGFILE already exists and the user will have to delete the file using the command PURGE, LOGFILE. Alternatively, the user can rename LOGFILE to another name to save the data for later use.

BORLOG access and prompts

66. Access and execution of BORLOG is accomplished with the command:

BEGIN, BORLOG

At the beginning of the program the response to the first prompts should be 0 as explained in paragraph 57. The user is then asked for the name of the data file. When the name is entered, a summary of the data is displayed (SID, BORING, PROJECT, TOP-ELEV, DEPTH) with column numbers and names of elevation type data elements and associated elements (Sheet 3 of Table 11). Subsequent prompts are explained below. After a response to a prompt, the return key is depressed. On CDC, care should be taken not to hit the return key more than once to avoid skipping a prompt.

SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL # OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. (ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
(ENTER -1,0 TO EXIT PROGRAM)
(ENTER 'ID',0 TO USE PREVIOUS COL SEQ)

The SID for the desired boring and the total number of columns of data to be plotted are entered (e.g., 18,5). This prompt is repeated after each plot and the user can plot the same data for a different boring using the last option shown above.

ENTER COL #'S (I.E. 1,2,4,5,...ETC).

The column numbers for the data to be plotted are entered and need not be in numerical order.

TO DRUM? (Y OR N OR P--TO PREVIEW DRUM PLOT).

If N is entered, the program skips to LENGTH OF HOLE prompt. If Y or P is entered the following prompt is displayed:

IS PLOT TO BE (S)SMALL-(8 1/2 X 14) OR (T)TALL? (ENTER S OR T)

If S is entered the program skips to LENGTH OF HOLE prompt. If T is entered, the following two prompts are displayed.

HOW TALL? (ENTER # INCHES OF HEIGHT--27 IN MAX)

The height for the vertical length of log per plot is entered. The program then asks:

DO YOU WANT THE SUBSEQUENT PLOT SPACED FOR PROFILING? (Y OR N)

If N is entered the following two prompts are issued.

LENGTH OF HOLE = 126.50 FT ENTER SCALE--(1 IN=?? FT)

The vertical scale for feet per inch is entered (e.g., 10).

TOP OF HOLE ELEV = 234.10 ENTER REF ELEV

The desired reference elevation is entered (e.g., 240). If Y is entered to the prompt for a subsequent plot spaced for profiling, the program returns to SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL # OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED prompt. After the desired option (and additional prompts as appropriate are answered), the following prompt is issued.

DISTANCE BETWEEN BORINGS IS 253.57 ENTER # OF FT PER INCH FOR HORZ SCALE ENTER -1 TO BYPASS THIS BORING ENTER -2 TO SELECT/CHANGE DISTANCE

The distance shown is that between the last boring entered and the next boring specified (e.g., by entering 18,0 to the first prompt). The last option (-2) is to enter a distance if none is shown (data not in the file) or to change the shown distance if it is desired to reduce or expand the horizontal distance between the borings for a horizontal scale to be entered next, or if insufficient information does not permit the calculation of the distance between the borings. The horizontal scale is then entered (e.g., 20). The next prompt will be the first prompt (SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL # OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED).

LENGTH OF HOLE= 100.50 FT ENTER #FT/FRAME

This prompt is issued when the prompt TO DRUM? is answered with N, or S is entered for a plot to be tall or small. The number of feet of log per page (screen) is entered (e.g., 20).

TOP OF HOLE ELEV= 126.50 FT DO YOU WISH TO SET A REF ELEV DIFFERENT THAN ABOVE? (Y OR N)

If Y is entered, the following prompt appears:

ENTER REFERENCE ELEVATION

The reference elevation for the top of hole is entered (e.g., 130).

DO YOU WISH TO CHOP OFF THE BOTTOM OF THE LOG AT SOME SPECIFIC ELEVATION? (Y OR N)

If Y is entered, this prompt allows the user to specify only a segment of a boring log to be plotted with the following prompt:

ENTER THE 'CHOP-OFF' ELEV

The cutoff elevation is entered (e.g., 120). The terminal then beeps to indicate the plot is ready to be drawn and the screen should be copied before hitting the return key. If N is entered, the terminal beeps to indicate the plot is ready to be drawn. After the log is plotted, the first prompt is displayed to restart the prompt sequence.

67. Whenever a preview plot is drawn under the TO DRUM? option of P, the program returns to the first prompt, but the user is not asked "TO DRUM NOW" as is done in the other programs. The user must respecify the plot after answering Y to the TO DRUM? option. In this case no plot is drawn at the terminal and the user is asked for user identification information on CDC and additional information on the Honeywell system (see Sheets 17 and 18 of Table 9).

BORLOG scales

- 68. All tall plots sent to the drum plotter are drawn to the specified engineering scale (e.g., 1 in. = 10 ft). However, boring logs plotted at the graphics terminal are drawn to a scale to fit the screen according to the user-specified number of feet of log per frame (screen). Thus, the actual scale on the hard copy is not set to any engineering scale. However, all logs are plotted with elevation scales on both sides of the plot. If hard copy plots are desired to match an engineering scale, the following procedure can be used:
 - a. Plot a simplified boring segment to three different feet of log per frame and measure the number of feet per inch on the hard copies.
 - b. Make a hand plot of entered feet per frame versus the measured scale to determine possible feet per page to obtain a desired engineering scale on subsequent plots.

This procedure is necessary for each graphics terminal, since the reduction ratio from screen to the hard copy machine may be different. The same procedure can be used for preview plots at the terminal by using different heights in answer to the TALL plot option in addition to different entered scales and plotting the results.

BORLOG examples

69. Table 11 shows examples of data file generation and use of the BORLOG program. Single boring logs are plotted first to illustrate formatting to a local standard, as shown in Figure 7, and the effect of using fewer data elements. A profile is then generated on CDC for drum plotting. Retrieval of a drum plot file for plotting is similar to that for BORMAP (paragraph 59). The cost of these example plots on CDC was about \$24.

	TIME LO		South Atlantic	Mabile Di			_	int i	سهٔ ۳	1673
75	NN - TO	MC	ANAL, LOCH B	IN SET OF YOR OF BIT 6"X 7 3/4" CARBOLOY						
			0 E 624,165	MSL						
I Dear		¥	MOBILE DISTRICT	FAILING 314						
	UO. (As also		B-353	12. TOTAL NO. OF OVER. DISTURBED UNDESTANGED						
-	-			IL TOTAL NUMBER CORE BO			17			
e. Dungt	TION OF H		. SCOTT	16. SLEWASING GROUND WATER CEPTH 1.5"						
***	-) c		17. ELEVATION TOP OF NOL	12.			<u> </u>	1-7	'5
	-			IS. TOTAL CORE RECOVERY	70R E		<u>34.</u>	<u>'</u>	90	, ,
<u> </u>				19. SIGNATURE OF INSPECTO	MICI	LAU	RIN	S	U A V	~
▼/ c		T	CLASSFICATION OF		STANDARD-PENETRAL					
*	DEPTH	1	IDESCRIPTS		0	_	D	40 80		
23		17	BROWN CLAYEY SA	ND(SC) W/		П				
53	1 _	1/	LITTLE ROOTS		\vdash	╁	╁╌	-	 	\vdash
16] -		BROWN CLAYEY SA	IND(SC) W/	1 \					
	3.0	Y	LITTLE GRAVEL, 1/2		Г,		ธ		_	\vdash
		ħ.	TAN POORLY GRADE	ED SAND (SP)W/	L					
Γ	45-	<u> </u>	A LITTLE GRAVEL,	MAX., WET	Γ					П
FW] :	14	TAN-BROWN POCR	Y GRADED	L	乚	\square			
1	6.0 _	1	GRAVEL (GP) 12" MAX.	ET GINNED				1		
<u> </u>					<u> </u>	<u>L</u>				84
]	7.5 _	m	LT. BROWN SILTY S	SAND(CM) W/	ł	1	ii			
14	•.0		SOME GRAVEL 1/2"	MAX.	 		\vdash		4	\Box
	9. 0 _	7.			1	Ì	1			
-	· -	TAN POORLY GRADED SAND (SP)					H	\vdash	\mathcal{F}	
1,,	-	Į·)	SOME GRAVEL, 12"	SOME GRAVEL, 1/2" MAX.						
	12.0_				┢╌	 	\Box	\prec		\dashv
	-							 		
	_		TAN POORLY GRADE	ED GRAVEL (GP)			2			
			i " MAX.			삘				
1	16.0	•	TON BOOK Y CRASS	()			7			
\sqcup		1	TAN POORLY GRADE	LU GMAVEL (GP)	Ш	igsqcup	4			_
]_	16.5_	•	TAN POORLY GRADED	SILTY GRAVE			80	ł	İ	- 1
FW	18.0	Ľ	(GP-GM) 1/2" MAX. W/	ITTLE SAND		$\vdash \vdash$	긞	\dashv		{
FW	,	H	TAN SILTY SAND (SA		/		Ol	- 1	1	-
 	-		GRAVEL, 12" MAX.		\dashv	=	3	\dashv	+	\dashv
FW	-	1111	GRAY SILTY SAND(SI	M)W/A LITTLE		\setminus	2	- 1)	
	21.0_	Щ	GRAVEL, 2" MAX.				Ŏ	\dashv	寸	\dashv
FW		لمنا	TAN-BROWN POOP SILTY GRAVEL (GP-G				SPO			
]	_			•			6	\neg		
FW	24.0		TAN POORLY GRADE	LU SILT T GRAVEL		Щ		_		_
			GRAY TANC AYEY SAN	D (SC) WITRACE		1		- 1	- 1	- 1
23	25.0 25.5	\mathcal{H}	GRAY LEAN CLAY	4 Χ		\dashv	7+	-+	+	-
			SEE SHEET 2 FOR COR		\neg	_	7	1	一	\neg
H	27.0—		Sile Fon Cor	LD FORTION	-	┪	\dashv	十	十	\dashv
$ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ld}}}}}}$										_]
408 70 ma	927			CHART NO. B-20	012	*0. B	- 35	3		

Figure 7. Boring log used for example plots

Table 11 Examples of Boring Logs Using Program BORLOG

REGIN,, GETLOG

"S2K 2.60F"

84/04/25. 16.47.17. BEGIN SYSTEM 2000 UERSION 2.60F

? USER, DLW; SHARED DBN IS BORDB; -556- ASSIGNED BORDB

1 565 84/04.

? PR C1 WH C1 EQ B-353; 1* B-353

? COMMAND FILE IS BORORD;

? PR C1 WH C1 EQ B-454; 1* B-454

? COMMAND FILE IS BORORD;

? PR C1 WH C1 EQ B-456; 1* B-456

? COMMAND FILE IS BORORD;

? PR C1 WH C1 EQ B-460; 1* B-460

? COMMAND FILE IS BORORD;

? PR C1 WH C1 EQ B-494; 1* B-494

? COMMAND FILE IS BORORD;

? EXIT:

(Continued)

(Sheet 1 of 16)

-506- CLOSED BORDB 1 565 84/04/2 84/04/25. 16.50.29. END SYSTEM 2000 VERSION 2.60F SREVERT.CCL /CHANGE, TENTOML=LOGFILE

BEGIN, , PORLOG

IF YOU WANT TO USE ORD (80 CHARACTER RECORDS) CALCOMP RJE PLOT ROUTINES, ENTER AN 3.

IF YOU WANT TO USE KANSAS CITY(132 CHARACTER RECORDS) CALCOMP RJE PLOT ROUTINES, ENTER A K.

? 0

(Continued)

(Sheet 2 of 16)

	TEST	രവരസക								
u	SIZE	04 W 014								
•	Tool	(14 W(14								
4-		~ annu-								
n	0€ S≎	4 WO WO W								
-	FEAT	Რ ᲗᲗᲗᲗ 4 പൈരരെ								
	DEPTH			(018 (018))T;				
	TOP-ELEU	4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		COLS TO BE DATAFILE) PROGRAM)	(51	EU DRUM PL(÷			N 00 %
	PROJECT	EELEE OOOOO FFFFF 11111 ZZZZZ WWWWW FFFFF	REFERENCE	SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL # OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. (ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE) (ENTER -1.5 TO LEE DEFINITIONS COL	1,2,4,5,E	R PTO PREUI	ALL-(8 1/2 XI	00.50 FT	TOP HOLE ELEU- 234.10 DO YOU WISH TO SET A REF ELEU DIFFERENT THAN ABOUE ? (V OR N)	OFF THE BOTT SPECIFIC ELEU
e de la company	BORING	22222222222222222222222222222222222222	CODY THIS PAGE FOR		La'S (I.E.) (Y OR N O	TC BE (S)SM LL ? (ENTER	F MOLE. 1	ELEU. 23 ISH TO SET T THAN ABOU	ISH TO CHOP OG AT SOME
TOTAFILE TENTOMI	CI 5.5	4 N @ C @	141 YOU	SELEC	ENTER CO	10 Mag	15 PLCT 08 (T)TA	ENTER #F	TOP HOLE BO YOU'E BIFFERE	OF YOU U
								100		

(Sheet 3 of 16)

Table 11 (Continued)

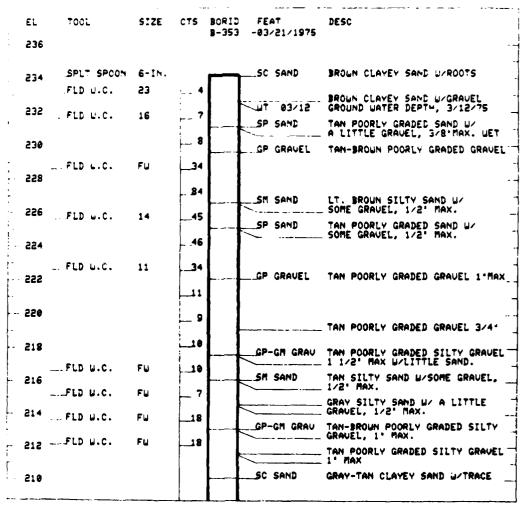
and the later that the state of t

PROJ: TEN-TOM CANAL SITE: LOCK B SPILLWAY, DM NO. 23

PURPOSE: FOUND INVEST

ŎĸŶŢĠŢĊŖĊŖĠŖĠŖŖŶŖŖŖŖĠŖĠŖŖĠŖŖŔŔĠŶŔŖĸŖ

NS: 1602550.00 E. 624165.00 SID: 14



(Continued)

(Sheet 4 of 16)

			, ₁		
sis :	TOCL	SIZE	<u>.</u>	FEAT	DESC
; 210	FLD W.C.	FW	18	SC SAND	GRAY-TAN CLAYEY SAND W/TRACE
EIO	FLD W.C.	23 8-IN.	_23	CL CLAV	GRAVEL, 3/8' MAX. GRAY LEAN CLAY EUTAW • BASE OF ALLUVIUM
508				CH CLAY	NO RECOUERY; PROBABLY FAT CLAY WITHIN BEDS OF SILTY SAND.
206					FAT CLAY W/NUM. SMALL POCKETS LAM. OF SILT (ML) & SILTY SAND (SM). OCC. LIGNITE LAM. & OCC. LIGHT GRAY, BENTONITIC CLAY
204			:		BANDS, DARK GREENISH GRAY. EL 204.4,203.7-BENTONITIC CLAY BANDS(CH), 0.1; BRITTLE, 'C'
202	FLD U.C.	31			
200					
198			!	SM SAND	DOMINANTLY SILTY SAND, UERY FN
196	FLD U.C.	27			CLAY & SILTY SAND, FEW ZONES GRADE TOOML). ABUNDANT PHOS. — CLAYSTONE BANDS, DIP, VARIABLE FROM HORIZ. TO 5 DEG, GRAY.
194					EL 195.2, HARD PHOS BAND, 1' 'E'
192					-
190	FLD W.C.	24			
188					
·- 186					-
180					
184			لــــا		=

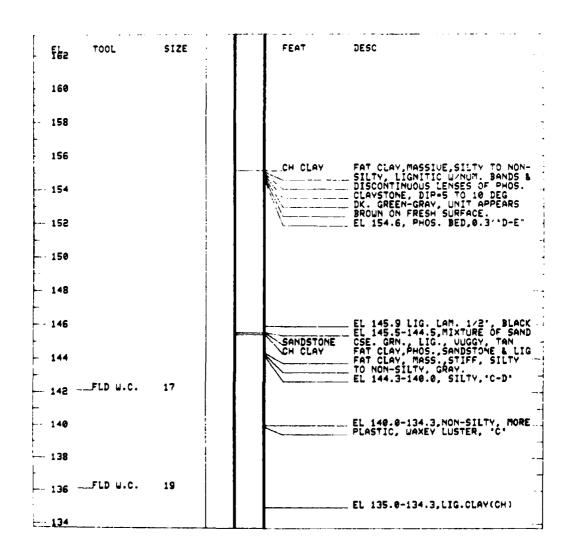
(Sheet 5 of 16)

Table 11 (Continued)

EL	TOOL	SIZE	FEAT	DESC	
:86		1			
104.	FLD W.C.	24			
107		•	1 1		
- 182					
180]]		
_	FLD W.C.	25	1 1		
178					
176					
174					
• •			1 1		
- 172]]		
170					
4.05			1 1		
168		!			
166		Ì	1 1		
164			1 1		
162					
160					

(Sheet 6 of 16)

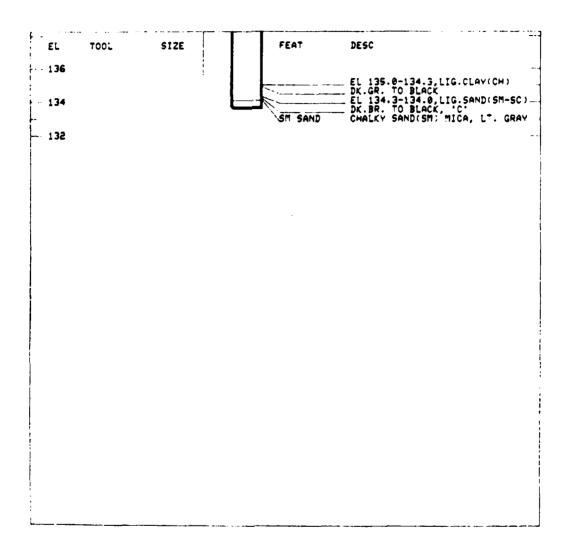
Table 11 (Continued)



(Continued)

(Sheet 7 of 16)

Table 11 (Continued)



(Sheet 8 of 16)

SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL 8 OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. (ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE) (ENTER -1.0 TO EXIT PROGRAM) (ENTER 'ID',0 TO USE PREVIOUS COL SEQ)

7 14.2
ENTER COL 8'S (I.E. 1,2,4,5,...ETC)

7 10 TRUM ? (Y OR N OR P--TO PREVIEW DRUM PLOT)

7 N
LENGTH OF HOLE- 100.50 FT
ENTER STT/FRAME

7 23
TOP HOLE ELEU- 234.10
DO YOU WISH TO SET A REF ELEU
DIFFERENT THAN ABOVE ? (Y OR N)

7 N
DO YOU WISH TO CHOP OFF THE BOTTOM
OF THE LOG AT SOME SPECIFIC ELEU? (Y OR N)

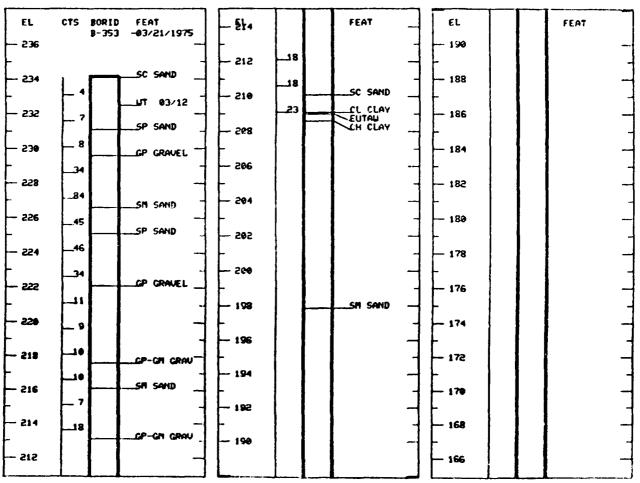
7 N

(Continued)

(Sheet 9 of 16)

PROJ: TEN-TON CANAL
SITE: LOCK B SPILLWAY, DN NO. 23
PURPOSE: FOUND INVEST

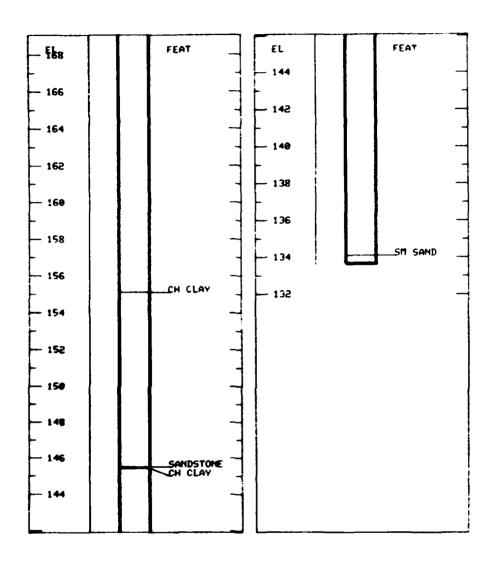
NS: 1682550.00 EU 624165.00 SID: 14



(Continued)

(Sheet 10 of 16)

Table 11 (Continued)



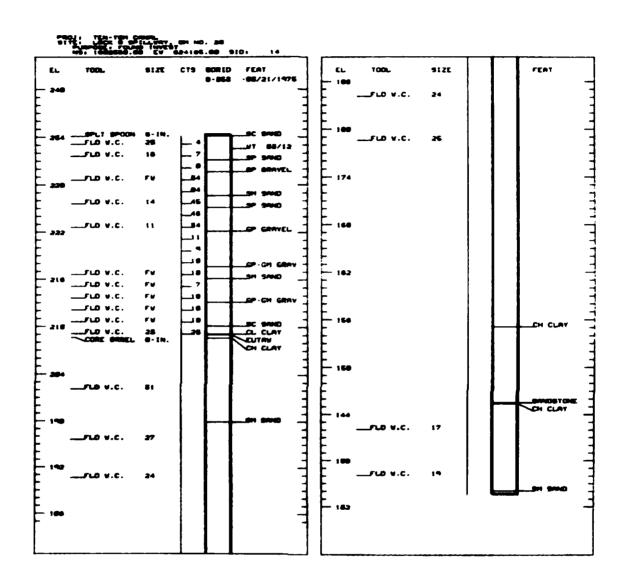
(Continued)

(Sheet 11 of 16)

Table 11 (Continued)

(Continued)

(Sheet 12 of 16)



(Continued)

(Sheet 13 of 16)

```
SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL # OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. (ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE) (ENTER -1,0 TO EXIT PROGRAM) (ENTER 'ID',0 TO USE PREVIOUS COL SEQ)
   ENTER COL #'S (I.E. 1,2,4,5,...ETC)
    1,3,4,5
TO DRUM ? (Y OR N OR P--TO PREVIEW DRUM PLOT)
   IS PLOT TO BE (S)SMALL-(8 1/2 X14)
OR (T)TALL ? (ENTER S OR T)
   HOW TALL ? (ENTER # INCHES OF HEIGHT--27 IN MAX)
   DO YOU WANT THE SUBSEQUENT PLOT SPACED FOR PROFILING ? (Y OR N)
   LENGTH OF HOLE: 100.50 FT
ENTER SCALE--(1 IN-22 FT)
  10
TOP HOLE ELEU-
ENTER REF ELEU
          SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL & OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. (ENTER 0,0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE)
(ENTER -1,0 TO EXIT PROGRAM)
(ENTER 'ID',0 TO USE PPEUIOUS COL SEQ)
2 15.0
DISTANCE BETWEEN BORINGS IS 192.02
ENTEP # OF FT PER INCH FCR HORZ SCALE
ENTEP -1 TO BYPASS THIS BORING
ENTER -2 TO SELECT/CHANGE DISTANCE
#SBU LIMIT#
ENTER S TO CONTINUE OR CR KEY TO STOP:
2 20
DO YOU WANT THE SUBSEQUENT PLOT
SPACED FOR PROFILING 2 (Y OR N)
         SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL & OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. (ENTER 9.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE) (ENTER -1.0 TO EXIT PROGRAM) (ENTER 'ID',0 TO USE PREVIOUS COL SEQ)
? 16,0
DISTANCE BETUEN BORINGS IS 201.85
ENTER 8 OF FT PER INCH FOR HORZ SCALE
ENTER -1 TO BYPASS THIS BORING
ENTER -2 TO SELECT/CHANGE DISTANCE
  20 DO YOU WANT THE SUBSEQUENT PLOT SPACED FOR PROFILING ? (Y OR N)
         SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL & OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. 'ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE) (ENTER -1.0 TO EXIT PROGRAM; 'ENTER 'ID',0 TO USE PREVIOUS COL SEQ)
2 17.0
DISTANCE BETWEEN BORINGS IS 257.26
ENTER 8 OF FT PER INCH FOR HORZ SCALE
ENTER -1 TO BYPASS THIS BORING
```

(Continued)

(Sheet 14 of 16)



SELECT SYS ID AND TOTAL 8 OF COLS TO BE PLOTTED. (ENTER 0.0 TO CHANGE DATAFILE) (ENTER -1.0 TO EXIT PROGRAM) (ENTER 'ID',0 TO USE PREVIOUS COL SEQ)? -1.0

(Continued)

(Sheet 15 of 16)

Table 11 (Concluded)

DJ: TEN-TON CHANG. TEL LOCK DE BETLLWAY, ON NO. 35 HARDER: FOLKO INVEST NO: 1064100.00 EV 224;05.00 BID: 14	HURB SCHLE-1 PICH-20 TT 110 LETT BORING 11 12 T FROM BORING ON LETT PURPOSE FOUND INVES	1.667	TOTAL COMMENT OF THE STATE OF T	INDMINEST TO CEFT! 6 FT HAN BONEIN ON CEFT OND INVES	•
AT /21/1975	EL 700L \$126 CT5	B-464 - 67/11/1976	3715 TOOL 3717E	CTS BOYLU	FEAT - 94:14/5
439959 :	117777 N1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		286 - 1 SPOOM 6-1N.	11:1777	בר כרפי
ONG S ES	39999	- C St. 20		17.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.	SC SAND LAT DB/18 SAND LGC GRAVEL
IN CLAY	91 00 4 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	DN45 45	999999	359999	LEP GR GRAV
27 SAND		(111	900	,	
	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	. [1-48 C.		1 5
	6.2— 6. 1	- LH CLAY	9	İ	CH CLRY
'''	- 170 W.C. 26	SM S1LT			CH S HS
	20 % OF ST	1 1 F 1	FLO V.C. #1		i
49 P	166 W.C.	` }	168	<u> </u>	CH/CL CLAY
	100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100 V.C. 100		99		
1) CH CLAY	140	·	- FLD 4.C. 14		
- Overs HE	FLO W.C. 14	111	510 W.C. 12		LON'CL CL
	- 186 FLD M.C. 10	1 1 1 1	95.		
1 F		_ SH/SC 5HMD	7.00 V.C. 15		ONAS ME.
le plot for	3	DAVS RE	3333		
Lnree borings (reduced to 38 percent)	118 FLO W.C.		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2]	
	F10 V.C. 28	' ''!	לים איני.		

REFERENCES

Control Data Corporation (CDC). 1982a. "Cybernet Services, NOS Computing Service Reference Set (Extended Usage)," Publication No. 8400030, Minneapolis, Minn.

Control Data Corporation (CDC). 1982b. "XEDIT User Information Manual," Publication No. 76071000, Minneapolis, Minn.

Hammer, D. P., and Bennett, R. D. 1979. "Results of Geotechnical Computer Usage Survey," Miscellaneous Paper GL-79-19, U. S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Miss.

Harris Corporation. 1980. "Vulcan Job Control Reference Manual," Document No. 086002-005, Fort Lauderdale, Fla.

Harris Corporation. 1981. "Vulcan Reference Guide," Document No. 0860009-000, Fort Lauderdale, Fla.

Intel Systems Corporation. 1981a. "System 2000 LSM (Language Specification Manual) for QUEST Language, Release 2-80," Document No. 221126, Austin, Tex.

Intel Systems Corporation. 1981b. "System 2000 Report Writer User Guide," Document No. 0007, Austin, Tex.

Intel Systems Corporation. 1982. "System 2000 Genius User's Guide," Document 221103, Austin, Tex.

Intel Systems Corporation. 1983. "System 2000 LSM (Language Specification Manual) for the FORTRAN Programming Language External (PLEX) for CDC," Document No. 1022, Austin, Tex.

APPENDIX A EXAMPLE OF DETAILED INSTRUCTIONS FOR DATA ENTRY USED BY ONE DISTRICT

Introduction

- 1. The Boring and Subsurface Data Package uses a number of "key words" related to the various aspects of a data storage system in order to provide a flexible means of data input and data manipulation. A complete boring log and associated test data are defined by means of:
 - <u>a. General boring log information.</u> This portion should be complete prior to data entry.
 - b. Repeating group for feature. This segment is repeated for each individual feature (i.e., CL, ML, SM, WT, ML, etc.).
 - c. Repeating group for boring tool. This group should be repeated for each different type of tool or device used to take the particular boring.
 - d. Repeating group for lab/field test. This group should be repeated for each type of test performed on materials from or at the boring. (As an example, CS-1 had a total of three moisture contents for all samples taken, therefore, input three moisture contents.)
 - e. Repeating group for test results. This group is repeated for each test. Actual test data for this boring is input. (As an example, an R-Test is performed, input the cohesion (c) and the phi (\emptyset) .)
 - <u>f.</u> Repeating group for blow counts. This group is repeated for each blow count taken.

General Boring Data

- 2. The following notes apply to general boring data:
 - a. Element numbers preceded by an asterisk are key elements and can be used to sort by (the right side of the WHERE (WH) command within an executable statement).
 - \underline{b} . Use the element numbers in the execution statements. (An example is LIST C1, C2 WH C25 EQ 100.0).
 - <u>c</u>. Input data convention given. Where free format is allowed, input information using abbreviated symbols as given in Table Al.
 - <u>d</u>. The information in parenthesis below the variable name is the computer name for that element.

Element	Variable		_
Number	Name	Explanation or	Data Convention
* C1	BORID (10 char)	Input actual b	oring number
* C2	TYPE OF DATA (10 char	·	Definition
	(CLASS)	AP	Power Auger
		AH	Hand Auger
		CS	Continuous SS
		SS	Incremental SS
		СВ	Core Barrel
		VC	Vibracore
		PT	Penetrometer
		RB	Rock Bolt
		FT	Fishtail
		TP	Test Pit
NOTES:	1. Use one symbol or a condescribe the boring. (An input AP, CB).	example is 10'	Auger and 5' core;
	2. If a type is encounter Manager immediately.	ed that is not	listed, contact DB
*C3	COMMENTS (40 char)	General commen	ts for particular
	(REMARKS)		se abbreviations as
	•	per Table Al.	
		•	
*C4	OFFICE ENGINEER OR GEOLOGIST (10 char)	Project Engine (use last name	er or Geologist
	,	•	
*C5	PROJECT NAME (40 char)	Symbol Symbol	<u>Definition</u>
		HP1	Hospital 1-3
			stories
		HP2	Hospital 4
			stories and up
		SHC	Shopping Center
		GYM	Gymnasium
		LIB	Library
		WTP	Water Treatment Plant
		STP	Sewage Treatment Plant
		cos	Commissary
		CHA	Chape1
		THE	Theater
		BAR	Barracks (EM)
		CLP	Chiller Plant
		BWA	Bowling Alley
		BST	Booster Station
		MTS	Maintenance Shop
		MTP	Motor Pool
		TES	Tactical Equipment
			Shop
		DTC	Dental Clinic
	**		

BOQ	Barracks (OFF)
ESC	EM Service Club
osc	Officers Service
	Club
CEP	Central Energy
	Plant
ADS	Admin and Supply
SCH	School
FAH	Family Housing
DIF	Dining Facility
HIG	Highways, Roads,
RUN	Runways
BRI	Bridge
TOW	Control Tower
BOR	Borrow Area
RAN	Range
PUM	Pump Station
PTO	Post Office
PIP	Pipe Line
MIS	Missile Magazine
COM	Communication Fac.
WRK	Washrack

Explanation or Data Convention

NOTES:	1. Use one or a combinati identify the project. Any DB Manager Immediately.		-
*C6	SITE NAME (40 char)	Input the base the project.	or location of
	(Army Bases)	Symbol BEN BRG CAD	Definition Ft. Bennings, Ga. Ft. Brass, N.C. Charleston Army
		FIS GIL GOR HUN JAX MCP STW SUP	Depot Ft. Fisher, N.C. Ft. Gillem, Ga. Ft. Gordon, Ga. Hunter AA, Ga. Ft. Jackson, S.C. Ft. McPherson, Ga. Ft. Stewart, Ga. Sunny Point, N.C.
	(Air Force Bases)	DOB MDY POP ROB SEJ	Dobbins AFB, Ga. Moody AFB, Ga. Pope AFB, N.C. Robins AFB, Ga. Seymour Johnson AFB, N.C.

Variable Name

Element

Number

	SHA	Shaw AFB, S.C.
	SIM	Simmons AFB, N.C.
(Navy Bases)	KGB	Kings Bay, Ga.
(Army Reserve Centers)	ARG	Army Reserve
		Center, Ga.
	ARN	Army Reserve
		Center, N.C.
	ARS	Army Reserve
		Center, S.C.
(Misc. Military Project)	BUR	Burlington, N.C.
	STA	Statesboro, Ga.
	THO	Thomasville, Ga.
	BSN	Benson, N.C.
	JED	Jedburg, S.C.

NOTES: 1. All Army Reserve Centers will be classed together by state.

Element	Variable	
Number	Name	Explanation or Data Convention
*C7	LI, FY (25 char) (PROJ-DESC)	 Input the line item number and fiscal year for mili- tary projects.
	example a. Given: Input:	LI-344, FY-82 LI344, FY82
	b. Given: Input:	FY-82 FY82
*C8	LATITUDE (8 digit decimal)	<pre>Input degrees, minutes, seconds (DDMMSS.SS)</pre>
*C9	LONGITUDE (9 digit decimal)	<pre>Input degrees, minutes, seconds (DDMMSS.SS)</pre>

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or	Data Convention
C10	ACCURACY (1 char)		e accuracy of C8 and ne of the following lasses:
		Class 1	Description Survey
		2 3	Professional Survey Other Computer conversion from surveyed state
		4	coordinates Computer conversion from estimated state
		5	coordinates Estimate from map or plate
*C11	NAME OF QUAD SHEET (REFERENCE) (15 char)	Input plate or on which the longitude are	
*C12	LOCAL N-S COORDINATE (LOC-NS)(9 digit dec)		ate north-south -coordinate)
*C13	LOCAL E-W COORDINATE (LOC-EW)(9 digit dec)	Input local st coordinate. (x	
C14	ACCURACY (1 char)		e accuracy of C12 and one of the following casses:
		Class	Description
		1	Survey
		2	Professional Survey Other
		3	Computer conversion from surveyed latitude and
		4	longitude coordinates Computer conversion from estimated latitude and longitude
		5	coordinates Estimate from map or plate

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or Data Convention
*C15	LOCAL REFERENCE (10 char)	Input symbol of state or local coordinate system used in C12 and C13.
		Symbol State
		GA Georgia SC South Carolina NC North Carolina USGS U.S. Geological Survey
*C16	DATE COMPLETE (DATE)(10 char)	<pre>Input date in the following format: MM/DD/YYYY</pre>
	example Given: 31 J Input: 07/3	
*C28	NO. OF DAYS(3 digits) (DAY-Drill)	Input the number of days required to drill the hole. Round the number up. One day is the minimum time.
	example Given: 3.5 Input: 4	days drilling
*C17	DRILLER NAME(21 char) (DRILLER)	Input last name of driller.
	example Given: John Input: SMIT	
*C18	<pre>INSPECTOR(15 char) (INSP)</pre>	Input last name of inspector. Similar to C17.
C19	LOC-BORLOG (10 char)	Input the office symbol followed by the file number. Use the office symbols below. (This is for final boring logs.)
		Symbol Office GM Geotechnical and Materials Branch
		GS Soils Section GG Geology Section GD Site Development Section
		GB Survey Section RH Record Holding

example Given: Soils Section, File 27a(1)
Input: GS27A1

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or	Data Convention
C20	LOC-DRILLOG (10 char)		ribed in C19 above
C21	LOC-STOR-SAMP (20 char)	Free format ele location of sto abbreviation wh	ored samples,
*C22	DATA-STATUS (DATA-STAT) (10 char)	Symbol C	Definition Complete. Boring log has all data and is ready for transmittal to S2K main storage system.
		W	Wait. Boring log is not complete. Additional information is required before transmission to S2K.
*C23	HOLE-STATUS (10 char) (HOLE-STAT)		ol representing the of the boring hole
		Symbol IC GH MI BF	Status Inclinometer Grout Hole Misc. Instr Backfilled
	(Wells)		
		PZL	Piezometer Live
		PZD MWL	Piezometer Dead Monitoring Well Live
		MWD	Monitoring Well Dead
		DW	Dewatering Well
		WW	Water Well
		WI	Injection Well
	(Pump Test Only)		
	\	PW	Pump Test Well
		OW	Observation Well
		PWP	Pump Test Well Connected to PZ
		OWP	Observation Well Connected to PZ

ESSA PRINCES EXCLUSIO DESCRISS EXCLUSIO ROSCOR ESCRISS ESCRISS RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADO RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RESERVADA RES

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation o	r Data Convention
*C24	PURPOSE(20 char)	Input symbol as shown belo	of purpose of boring w.
		Symbol PE	<u>Definition</u> Preliminary
	Exploration	FE	(General Site) Foundation
	Exploration		(Site Specified)
		DR GW	Dredging Groundwater Study
		PT	Pumping Test
		GR	Grouting
*C25	TOP-HOLE-ELEVATION (TOP-HOLE)(6 digit decimal)	Input top of	hole elevation.
	NOTES: 1. The top the system.	of hole elevati	on <u>must be</u> input into
C26	ELEV-ACCURACY (EL-ACCUR)(1 digit)	Input relativ using one of classificatio	
		Class	Description
		1	Surveyed MSL
		2 3	Surveyed MLW Estimated from map
		.	MSL MSL
		4	Estimated from map MLW
*C27	DEPTH HOLE (6 digit (DEPTH) decimal)		f boring. This is from top of hole to e.
*C28	NO. OF DAYS		
	NOTES: 1. Element	C28 is input af	ter Element C16.
*C29	SID (5 digits)	boring log by is unique and to retrieve busing only the	s assigned to the the computer. It makes it possible oring information e SID number. The input this number.

AND CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF THE CO 0.

Feature Repeating Group

- 3. The following instructions apply to the feature repeating $\ensuremath{\mathsf{group}}$.
 - a. This repeating group is used to input any or all soil and rock classifications. The computer will prompt the user for the feature name and its characteristics, then prompt for the next feature name.
 - <u>b.</u> An input run for <u>one</u> feature constitutes answering questions C41 thru C46.
 - c. The user may use elevations or depths to input data, but must be consistent for a particular repeating group (i.e., use all elevations or all depths). If depths are used, the computer will automatically convert them to elevations.
 - d. If the user is uncertain about input symbols, contact DB Manager or Project Engineer (Geologist) responsible for the data.

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or Data Convention
C40	(FEATURE)	Title of the repeating group. This element can be used with the PRINT command only. This element alone prints all information in this repeating group within the limits described.
*C41	TYPE-FEATURE (FEAT-NAME)(10 char)	Input feature symbol(s) below.

	Symbol	Description
(General)	wr	Water Table
	ВН	Bottom of Hole
(Soil)	GW	Well Graded Gravel
•	GP	Poorly Graded
		Gravel
	GM	Silty Gravel
	GC	Clayey Gravel
	SW	Well Graded Sand
	SP	Poorly Graded Sand
	SM	Silty Sand
	SC	Clayey Sand
	ML	Low Plasticity
		Silt, Silty or
		Clayey Sand
	CL	Low Plasticity
	-	Clays, Silty Clays

Element	Variable		
Number	Name	Explanation or	Data Convention
		Symbol	Description
		OL	Organic Silts and
			Clays with Low
			Plasticity
		MH	Highly Plastic
			Silts or Micaceous
			Soils
		СН	Highly Plastic
			Clays
		ОН	Organic Silt and
			Clay with High
			Plasticity
		PT	Peat, Fibrous,
			Organic Material
	(Rock)	COG	Conglomerate
	(ROCK)	SAN	Sandstone
		GRA	Graywacke
		ARK	Arkose
		SIL	Siltstone
		CLA	Claystone
		SHA	Shale
		COA	Coal
		LIM	Limestone
		DOL	Dolomite
		GNE	Gneiss
		SCH	Schist
		QUA	Quartzite
		MAR	Marble
		SOA	Soapstone &
		551.	Serpentine
		SLA	Slate
		GRN	Granite
		GAB	Gabbro
		DIO	Diorite
		RHY	Rhyolite
		РНҮ	Phyllite
		AND	Andesite
		BAS	Basalt
		DIA	Diabase
		DAC	Dacite
		PEG	Pegmatite
		COQ	Coquina
		BRE	Breccia
		MRL	Marl
		CON	Concrete
		ASP	Asphalt

NOTES: 1. Only when WT is input will the computer prompt for a date - Element C45.

NOTES: 1. For the water table, input during drilling and 24-hour readings as follows:

example Given: During drilling Input: DD

Given: 24-hour

Given: 24-hour Input: 24HOUR

Repeating Group for Boring Segments

- 4. The following instructions apply to the boring segment repeating group:
 - <u>a</u>. This repeating group is used to input the type of boring tool and/or procedure used for this particular boring.
 - \underline{b} . An input run for one boring segment constitutes answering questions C51 thru C55.
 - <u>c.</u> The user may use elevations or depths to input data, but must be consistent for a particular repeating group (i.e., use all elevations or all depths). If depths are used, the computer will automatically convert them to elevations.
 - d. If the user is uncertain about input symbols, contact DB Manager or Project Engineer (Geologist) responsible for the data.

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or Data Convention	
C50	(BORINFO)	Title of the repeating group, This element can be used with the PRINT command only. This element alone prints all information in this repeating group within the limits described.	
*C51	TYPE OF HOLE (BOR-TOOL)(10 char)	- -	re and/or tool symbol segment:
		Symbol AH AS AB SS FT RB CB ST JT VC PT BH	Description hand Auger Spiral Auger Square Auger (Box Auger) Splitspoon Fishtail Rockbit Core Barrel Shelby Tube Jetting Vibracore Penetrometer Backhoe, Gradeall or similar
		PB	Probe

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or Data Convention
*C53	SIZE OF HOLE (BOR-SIZE) (5 digit decimal)	Input size in inches. If 1-3/8-inch splitspoon is used, input STD.
	for non-samp1	dimension shall be the hole size ing tools or procedures and er for sampling tools or
*C55	ELEVATION (BOR-ELEV) (6 digit decimal)	Input the elevation or depth of the top of the particular boring segment.

Repeating Group for Lab/Field Test

- 5. The following instructions apply to the lab/field test group:
 - <u>a.</u> This repeating group is used to input the type of tests and the quantity of those test that were performed on the particular boring. This group is set up for use in statistical and managerial reports.
 - $\underline{\mathbf{b}}$. An input run for one type of test constitutes answering questions C61 thru C65.
 - c. The user may use elevations or depths to input data, but must be consistent for a particular repeating group (i.e., use all elevations or all depths). If depths are used, the computer will automatically convert them to elevations.
 - d. If the user is uncertain about input symbols, contact DB Manager or Project Engineer (Geologist) responsible for the data.

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or Data Convention
C60	(TYPTESTS)	Title of the repeating group. This element can be used with the PRINT command only. This element alone prints all information in this repeating group within the limits described.
*C61	TYPE OF TESTS (TYP-NAME) (10 char)	Input the laboratory test number for the particular test performed. For all SAD tests not listed herein, consult Appendix C (omitted). For all tests not performed at SAD Lab consult DB Manager.

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or 1	Data Convention
diader	Halue	Explanation of	Data Convention
		SAD Lab No.	Test
	(Soils)	SI 101	Limits, 1 pt.
		SI 102	Limits, 3-5 pts.
		SI 201	MA & Hydrometer
		SI 206	MA & 6-Sieve
		SI 304	Water Content
		SI 105	% Water/Unit Wt.
		SI 401	Specific Gravity
•		SE 300	4" Std. Compaction
		SE 303	CE-55 Compaction
		SE 600	Consolidation w/
			Curves
		SE 601	Consolidation w/o
		52 5 01	Curves
		SE 800	Direct Shear
		SE 900	S Triaxial
		SE 901	R Test
		SE 902	R Test Saturated
		SE 903	Q Test
		SE 905	•
		SE 903	Q Test Saturated
			Pore Pressure
		SE 500	CBR
		WB 004	LOI
		WY 006	pH Determination
	(Rock)	RH	Rockwell Hardness
			(psi)
		US	Unconfined
			Compressive
			Strength (psi)
		SS	Shear Strength
			(psi)
		RS	Residual Shear
			Strength (psi)
		TS	Tensile Strength
			(psi)
		AS	Axial Strain (µin.
		LS	Laterial Strain
			(µin.)
		FL	Failure Load (1b)
		MR	Modulus of Rupture
			(psi)
		YM	Young's Modulus
			(psi)
		PR	Poisson's Ratio
		IF	Internal Friction
		11	Angle (phi degrees
		CO	Cobesion
		LU	LODESION

CO

HC

Cohesion

Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity (gpd/sf)

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or	Data Convention
		VC	Vertical Hydraulic Conductivity (gpd/sf)
		TR	Transmissivity (gpd/sf)
		SC	Storage Coefficient
		PO	Porosity (%)
		WT	Water Take (gal)
		SG	Specific Gravity
		UW	Unit Weight (pcf)
		WC	Water Content (%)
		DS	Degree of
			Saturation (%)
		VR	Void Ratio
		AB	Absorption (%)
	(General)	TV	Torvane (tsf)
		PP	Pocket penetrometer (tsf)
*C63	NUMBER-TESTS (TYP-NUM) (3 digit)	Input the tota particular typon this boring	e of test performed
C65	LOCATION OF TEST RESULTS (FILE NO.) (TYP-LOC) (10 char)	Input office s the file number symbols below:	ymbol followed by r. Use office
		Symbol GM	Office Geotechnical and
		GS	Materials Branch Soils Section
		GS GG	Geology Section
		GD	Site Development
		30	Section
		GB	Survey Section

Repeating Group for Test Results

- 6. The following instructions apply to the test result repeating group:
 - \underline{a} . This repeating group is used to input the actual test result.
 - b. An input run for entering the results for one particular test consists of answering questions C71 thru C85.
 - c. The user may use elevations or depths to input data, but must be consistent for a particular repeating group (i.e., use all elevations or all depths). If depths are used, the computer will automatically convert them to elevations.

d. If the user is uncertain about input symbols, contact DB Manager or Project Engineer (Geologist) responsible for the data.

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or Data Convention
C70	(TEST-RESULT)	Title of the repeating group. This element can be used with the PRINT command only. This element alone prints all information in this repeating group within the limits described.
*C71	•	Input the laboratory test number as described in Element C61.
		of more than four test results are element C71 thru C85 must be
*C73	DATE PERFORMED (TEST-DATE) (10 char)	Input date using numeric format. MM/DD/YYYY
	example Given: 31 J Input: 07/3	uly 1983 1/1983
*C75	TYPE OF MATERIAL (TEST-MAT)(10 char)	Input material on which test was performed. See Element C41 for symbols.
*C77	ELEV OF TEST (TEST-ELEV)(6 digit decimal)	Input the elevation or depth at which the test material was taken.
*C79	TEST RESULT 1 (15 char)	Input the actual test result by using the symbol and the value.
		Symbol PH Phi (0) C Cohesion GD Dry Unit Wt. GM Moist Unit Wt. GS Saturated Unit Wt. W Water Content (%) NP Non-Plastic 1/ #10 Sieve 4/ #40 Sieve 6/ #60 Sieve C/ #100 Sieve T/ #200 Sieve

Element Number	Variable Name Explanation or Data Convention
	example Given: Ø = 28.5 Input: PH28.5
	Given: dry unit wt. = 110.3 pcf Input: GD110.3
	NOTES: 1. The units for the test results will be the same as that shown on the actual test form.
	Sieve Analysis results are input using % passing.
	example Given: 10% passing 100 sieve Input: C/10.0
*C81	TEST RESULT 2 Refer to Element C79. (TEST-RESULT 2) (10 char)
*C83	TEST RESULT 3 Refer to Element C79. TEST-RESULT 3) (10 char)
*C85	TEST RESULT 4 Refer to Element C79. (TEST-RESULT 4) (10 char)

Repeating Group for Blow Counts

- 7. The following instructions apply to the blow count repeating group:
 - This repeating group is used to input the results from the Standard Penetration Test (i.e., blow counts from splitspoon borings).
 - b. An input run consists of entering the results for one test. (one blow count) The first blow count must be input with the corresponding elevation for that blow count. This elevation should be the top of hole elevation minus 1.5 ft. The computer will calculate the elevations for the remainder of the values to be input.
 - c. The user must input the elevation of the first blow count.
 - d. If the user is uncertain about input, contact DB Manager or Project Engineer (Geologist) responsible for the data.

Element Number	Variable Name	Explanation or Data Convention
C90	(BLOW-TEST)	Title of the repeating group. This element can be used with the PRINT command only. This element alone prints all information in this repeating group within the limits described.
*C91	ELEV OF 1ST BLOW CT (BLOW-ELEV) (5 digit decimal)	Input the elevation of the first blow count only.
	elevations a The user sho	uter will calculate the remaining nd display it at the terminal. uld use this to assure the blow eing input at the correct elevations.
*C93	NUMBER OF BLOWS (Blow-CTS)(4 digit)	Input the blow count for the particular elevation.
*C95	REMARKS(20 char) (BLOW-REMARKS)	Input any explanations that may help to clarify unusual values.

Table Al
Selected Abbreviations

Colors

<u>Item</u>	Abbreviation	<u>Item</u>	Abbreviation
Black	ВК	Purple	PUR
Blue	BL	Red	R
Brown	BR	Rust	RUS
Cream	CRE	Tan	T
Dark	D	White	WH
Gray	GR	Yellow	Y
Green	GN	Light Gray	LGR
Light	L	Dark Gray	DGR
Mottled	MOT	Brownish-Gray	BRGR
Orange	OGN	Grayish-Brown	GRBR
Pink	PIN	Blue-Green	BLGN

Note: Combinations can be made to fit the job. New colors should be brought to the attention of the DB Manager.

Descriptions

<u>Item</u>	Abbreviation	<u>Item</u>	Abbreviation
Alternating	ALT	Crumbly	CRM
Angular	ANG	Dense	DEN
Argillaceous	ARG	Dump	DMP
Bed, Bedded	BDD	Dolomitic	DOL
Bedrock	BDR	Extremely	EXT
Blocky	ВКҮ	Fine, Finely	FIN
Boulder	BLD	Iron	FE
Breccia	BRE	Filled	FLD
Coarse	CSE	Firm	FRM
Calcareous	CALC	Fossil(iferous)	FOS
Carbonaceous	CARB	Fractures(ed)	FRAC
Cavity	CAV	Fragments(ed)	FRAG
Cobble	CBL	Friable	FRI
Chert	CHT	Fissile	FSL
Circulation	CIRC	Grain(ed)	GRN
Clay, Clayey	CL, CLY	Gradation	GRA
Cemented	CMTD	Gravel(ly)	GRV
Columar	COL	Gypsum	GYP
Concretions	CONC	Hard	H

(Continued)

Table A1 (Concluded)

Descriptions

Item	Abbreviation	<u>Item</u>	Abbreviation
High	Н	Roots	RTS
High Angle	HA	Round (ed)	RND
Horizontal	HOR	Rotten	ROT
Interbedded	INBD	Sand(y)	SD(Y)
Inclusions	INCL	Saturated	SAT
Interlaminated	INLAM	Scattered	SCAT
Irregular	IRR	Seam	SEM
Joint(s)	JT(S)	Shells	SHL
Laminated(ae)	LAM	Siliceous	SLCS
Layer(s)	LAY(S)	Silt(y)	SI(Y)
Leached	LEA	Slickensides	SLKS
Lean	LFN	Slightly	SL
Lignite	LIG	Soft	SFT
Loose	LSE	Solution	SOL
Lost Core	LC	Stained(ing)	ST
Lost Drillwater	LDW	Sticky	STKY
Low Angle	LA	Stiff	STF
Massive	MSS	Styolitic	STY
Material	MTL	Vertical	VERT
Matrix	MTX	Vug(gy)	VG(Y)
Medium	MED	Water	WTR
Micaceous	MIC	Weathered	WEA
Moderate(1y)	MOD	With	W/
Moist	MST	Wood	WD
Mottled	MOT		
Nodules	NOD		
Numerous	NUM		
Occasional(1y)	OCC		
0pen	CPN		
Organic	ORG		
Parting(s)	PTG(S)		
Pitted	PIT		
Plane	PLN	Cross-bedded	X-BDD
Plastic	PLS	Crystalline	XLN
Platy	PLA	Decomposed	DEC
Pockets	POC	0xidized	OX
Poorly Graded	PRG	Trace	TR
Quartz	QTZ	Shell Fragments	SLF
•	-	-	

APPENDIX B

USE OF TEXT EDITORS ON CDC AND HARRIS COMPUTER SYSTEMS

Editing Files on CDC

- 1. Instructions for use of the Corps of Engineers editor or the NOS XEDIT utilities on CDC are described below.
 - a. The version of COEDIT on CDC is available during a field test period until installation of the final version on or about 1 January 1985. Information on use of COEDIT is obtained with the following commands.

GET, COEDIT/UN=LIBRARY COEDIT, DUMMY

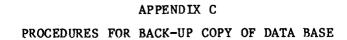
b. An alternative is to use the NOS system XEDIT (see Cybernet Services, NOS XEDIT, Extended Text Editor, Reference Card, Publication No. 84000 680). Instructions can be obtained by entering the following command.

EXPLAIN, XEDIT

Editing Files on the Harris Computer

2. On the Harris computer, enter the following command to obtain instructions for the Corps of Engineers editor (COED).

DI, *COEDW



1. Two procedures are available to back up or copy the data base for reloading in case the data base is damaged. The first procedure creates a permanent report file of the data in the data base and the second automatically creates a binary file when data is loaded to the data base under "UPDBORB" (batch load command file). The two procedures are described below.

بالأبراق والمحلية المراجعة والمراسعة ويتراجع ويتراجع ويتراجع والمحارجة والمراجع ويراجع والمراجع والمراجع والموريق

Report File Back Up

2. Enter the data base mode on CDC by typing in -GETDB. After entry to the data base mode, type the following commands:

USER, XXX; DEN IS BORDB; (XXX is the user password)

REPORT FILE IS BORDBSV; (or other file name)

UNLOAD BY CO, CO WH C1 EXISTS OR C1 FAILS;

(to ensure all data with or without C1 values are unloaded)

EXIT:

After exiting the data base mode, save the report file.

SAVE, BORDBSV

If the data base is damaged later, the data can be reloaded from the permanent file BORDBSV. However, any data loaded after saving BORDBSV would be lost. To reload the data base, the user's data base administrator should be contacted. The advantage of this procedure is that the report file can be saved on a reclaim tape to reduce storage costs.

Binary Back Up

3. The automatic back up on a binary file uses procedures in the UPDBORB file to create a TAPE999 local file that is saved to a permanent file called BORTAPE. A copy of the file UPDBORB is listed below:

.PROC,UPDBORB,DATBOR.
SUBMIT, JOBFIL, N.
\$REVERT.
.DATA, JOBFIL.
/JOB
JOB,CM200000,T2000,P5.
/USER.
/CHARGE.
MAP,OFF.
GET,SUMFLE.

GET, S2KGET/UN=CECE2K. GET. DRVBOR/UN=CEROK2. GET. DATBOR. GET, BRMUCK/UN=CEROK2. BRMUCK. REPLACE, SUMFLE. ATTACH, S2K/UN=CECE2K. S2K, C=INPUT, M=DUMMY, TP. RENAME, BORTAPE=TAPE999. REPLACE, BORTAPE. RETURN, TAPE999. REPLACE, OUTPUT=BORDAY. REPLACE, DUMMY. RETURN, A, S2K. EXIT. DAYFILE, ERRLIST. SAVE, ERRLIST. /EOR USER, DLW; DBN IS BORDB; CONTROL: ECHO ON; REWIND TAPE999; SAVE DATA BASE ON TAPE999; EXIT; /EOF

An alternative is to save the data base while in the data base with the following commands:

CONTROL;
SAVE DATA BASE ON TAPE999;
EXIT;

After exiting the data base, save the local file TAPE999 to the desired file name, as follows:

SAVE, TAPE999
RENAME, BORTAPE=TAPE999

To reload a damaged data base, the data base administrator should be contacted. The saved data file cannot be stored on a reclaim tape. However, less disk storage space is required than for the report file back up and on-line storage costs less.

END

FILMED

1-85

DTIC